What is STI?

STI, or sexually transmitted infection, is an infection you can get by having sex with another person already infected. Infection usually occurs during vaginal intercourse. However, infections can also be transmitted by anal or oral sex or skin-to-skin contact.
Common Signs/Symptoms of STIs

- Itching around the vagina and/or discharge from the vagina for women
- Discharge from the penis for men
- Pain during sex or when urinating
- Pain in the pelvic area
- Sore throats in people who have oral sex
- Pain in or around the anus for people who have anal sex
- Chancre sores (painless red sores) on the genital area, anus, tongue and/or throat
- A scaly rash on the palms of your hands and the soles of your feet
- Small blisters that turn into scabs on the genital area
- Swollen glands, fever and body aches
- Unusual infections, unexplained fatigue, night sweats and weight loss
- Soft, flesh-colored warts around the genital area
- NO SYMPTOMS

How to Protect Yourself

Abstinence is the only way to prevent infection. You can reduce your chance of infection by having sex only with one partner who is not having sex with anyone else. Use a condom every time, even with anal or oral sex.

Getting Tested

Call your doctor if you have any questions or concerns about STIs. You may show no symptoms with some infections. If you are having sex, get regular check-ups. Testing is simple and may be done from urine, vaginal or penile secretions or a blood test.

- Chlamydia
- Gonorrhea
- Herpes
- Genital Warts
- Syphilis
- Crabs
- Genital Warts/HPV