Composite Suitability Classes from "An Ecological Study for the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area"

Туре	Dominant Land Use	Subsidiary Land Uses
1	U I*	
2	UII	
3	U II*	
4	UIII	
5	U IV	Rec IV
6	υv	Ag IV, Fi, Esp
7	Ag I*	
8	Ag I	U III
9	Ag II	U III, Rec II
10	Rec II	Fh, Esp
11	Rec III	
12	Rec IV and V	Ag IV, Fi
13	Fh	U IV, Ag IV, Rec IV, Rec V, Esp
14	Fh or Fi	U III, Ag, III, Esp
15	Fh or Fi	U III, Ag II, Rec II, Esp
16	Esp, Eg	Ag IV, Rec IV, Fi
17	Eg	Fi
18	Eg	U IV, Ag IV, Fi

Туре	Co-Dominant Land Uses
19	U I*, Ag I*
20	U II, Ag II
21	U II*, Ag II*
22	U III, Ag III
23	U I*, Rec I
24	U II, Rec I
25	U II*, Rec I
26	U I*, Ag I*, Rec I
26A	U II, Ag I, Rec 1
28	Protection

^{*} Restricted land use over aquifer recharge area

Urbanization

Residential Developments

Residential		
Suitability Class	Description	
UΙ	Multiple family Multi-storied Sewered Upper limit depends upon desirable density (possible limit 120 du/acre)	
UII	Multiple family 2-3 storied Sewered Upper limit set by housing type and requirements of site coverage, parking, etc. (possible limit 20 du/acre)	
U III	Single family Detached, Clustered, or Terraced Seweredl Upper limit set by housing type, space requirement, etc. (possible limit 8 du/acre)	
U IV	Single family Detached On-site sewage disposal Upper limit set by percolation rate of individual soils for satisfactory working of septic fields (possible lower limit 1 du/3 acres may even be less in certain areas)	
UV	Essentially non-urban	

Non-Residential Urban Uses

		Suita	ability Cla	ass	
Use	UΙ	UII	U III	UIV	UV
Heavy Industry	Х				
Light Industry	Х	Х			
Major Commercial	Х	Х			
Minor Commercial	Х	Х	Х		
Institutional	Х	Х	Х		

Agriculture

Suitability Class	Description
Ag I	General farming with no restrictions
Ag II	General farming with some restrictions Certain conservation measures are necessary, such as contour ploughing and strip cropping
Ag III	Agriculture is limited. Moderate conservation measures are necessary, such as permanent cover and rotation cropping
Ag IV	Poor for agriculture. Only marginal farming is practicable with extensive conservation measures

Forestry

Suitability Class	Description
Fh	High potential for forestry
Fi	Intermediate potential for forestry

Recreation

Suitability Class	Description
Rec I	Most suitable with no restrictions
Rec II	Suitable with no restrictions
Rec III	Suitable with some restrictions
Rec IV	Moderately suitable, with many localized restrictions

Extraction

Suitability Class	Description
Eg	Extraction can occur generally anywhere over a given extractable material
Esp	Extraction can occur only on specific sites over a given extractable material

Protection

Ecological elements which represent a hazard to life and health and those which are unique, scarce, or vulnerable.

This category includes:

- Wooded swamps
- Marshes
- Wet meadows
- Flood plains
- Major rivers, lakes and ponds
- Streams
- Intermittent streams
- Aquifer recharge zones
- Forests
- Slopes vulnerable to erosion
- Bluffs and escarpments

- Eskers and kames
- Terrace-edges, valleys, and gorges
- Ridges, hills, and promontories,
- Limits of glaciation
- Peat and clay deposits
- Bedrock in river plain
- Galena limestone, decorah shale, and conglomerates
- Parks and wildlife refuges
- Private opens space

For more detailed information about the land use suitability classes used, including criteria for assigning the categories see:

Wallace, McHarg, Roberts, Todd. (1969). *An ecological study of the Twin Cities metropolitan area : Final report*. Philadelphia: [publisher not identified].

(Link to the University of Minnesota Libraries catalog record)