

Facts

University Presidents

William Watts Folwell, 1869–1884
Cyrus Northrop, 1884–1911
George E. Vincent, 1911–1917
Marion L. Burton, 1917–1920
Lotus D. Coffman, 1920–1938
Guy Stanton Ford, 1938–1941
Walter C. Coffey, 1941–1945
James Lewis Morrill, 1945–1960
O. Meredith Wilson, 1960–1967
Malcolm Moos, 1967–1974
C. Peter Magrath, 1974–1984
Kenneth H. Keller, 1985–1988
Nils Hasselmo, 1989–present

President's Home

Eastcliff, official home for the University president, was given to the University by the Edward Brooks family in 1958. Brooks, a prominent Northwest lumberman, built the 21-room, colonial revival-style house in 1922. The home is located at 176 North Mississippi River Boulevard in St. Paul.

Athletics

The Gophers on the Twin Cities campus field 11 men's intercollegiate teams and 9 women's teams in the Big Ten Conference. At Duluth the Bulldogs compete in 10 men's and 8 women's varsity sports as members of the Northern Intercollegiate Conference, the Northern Sun Conference, the Western Collegiate Hockey Association, and the National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics. The Morris Cougars have 7 men's and 6 women's teams in the National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics. At Crookston the Trojans field 4 men's and 3 women's teams in the National Junior College Athletic Association and Minnesota Community College Conference.

School Colors

Maroon and gold

School Songs

"Hail! Minnesota" and "Minnesota Rouser"

Alumni

The University of Minnesota has about 340,000 living alumni. Each campus has an alumni organization. The University of Minnesota Alumni Association, representing the Twin Cities campus, has about 31,000 members, 21 chapters nationwide, and 23 constituent societies.

Regents' Seal

The antique lamp on the regents' seal represents the meta-physical sciences; the telescope, the physical sciences; the plow, the industrial arts; and the palette with brushes, the fine arts. The Latin motto means "a common bond for all the arts."



Information

Twin Cities (612) 625-5000
Duluth (218) 726-8000
Morris (612) 589-2211
Crookston (218) 281-6510

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6/93—5,000

The University of Minnesota was founded as a preparatory school in 1851, seven years before the territory of Minnesota became a state. Financial problems forced the school to close during the Civil War, but it reopened in 1867. It survived partly because of the help of Minneapolis businessman John Sargent Pillsbury, a University regent, state senator, and governor, who is known today as the "Father of the University." The Morrill Act or Land-Grant Act, signed into law by President Lincoln in 1862, also played a big part in the school's survival. The act gave each state a grant of land within its borders; the income from the land was to be used to provide education for people of the state.

In 1869 the school reorganized and became an institution of higher education. William Watts Folwell was inaugurated as the first president of the University on December 22, 1869. There were only nine faculty members and 18 students that year. Four years later at the first commencement, two students received bachelor of arts degrees. The first doctor of philosophy degree was awarded in 1888. In that same year, the Department of Agriculture opened on the University Farm in St. Paul.

The Duluth campus joined the University in 1947; the Morris campus opened in 1960, the Crookston campus in 1966. The Waseca campus, which opened in 1971, was closed in 1992.

Overview

The University, with its four campuses, is one of the most comprehensive in the country and ranks among the top 20 universities in the United States. It is both the state land-grant university, with a strong tradition of education and public service, and a major research institution, with scholars of national and international reputation. The University has set a goal of becoming one of the top public institutions in the country.

The Twin Cities campus in Minneapolis and St. Paul is the largest; made up of 20 colleges, it offers a full range of academic and professional degrees.

The Duluth campus offers its undergraduates 10 bachelor's degrees in 80 majors, as well as graduate programs in 16 fields. Its School of Medicine offers a two-year basic science program, leading to M.D. completion through the Twin Cities campus Medical School. In 1990 *U.S. News & World Report* recognized UMD as the ninth best regional university in the Midwest. *Money* magazine rates UMD a good value.

The Morris campus offers bachelor of arts degrees in 28 majors and course work in 21 preprofessional programs. It is consistently rated one of the country's top public liberal arts campuses, cited by such publications as *Changing Times* and *Peterson's Competitive Colleges*.

Crookston offers associate degrees in the arts, science, and applied science, with courses in agriculture, business, human ecology, hotel/restaurant management, and natural resources. UMC will begin offering four-year degrees in fall 1993.

The University of Minnesota Hospital and Clinic is on the Twin Cities campus in Minneapolis. Other important parts of the University are the Supercomputer Institute in Minneapolis, Hormel Institute in Austin, Lake Itasca Forestry and Biological Station in Itasca State Park, Gray Freshwater Biological Institute at Navarre, O'Brien Observatory in Marine-on-St. Croix, Natural Resources Research Institute in Duluth, Cloquet Forestry Center, Cedar Creek Natural History Area near Bethel, Rosemount Research Center, Horticultural Research Center at Excelsior, Minnesota Landscape Arboretum near Chanhassen, Sand Plain Experimental Field at Becker, and agricultural experiment stations at Rosemount, Crookston, Grand Rapids, Lamberton, Morris, and Waseca. Through the Minnesota Extension Service, the University is present in each of Minnesota's 87 counties.

Admissions Policy

Increased preparation requirements went into effect for freshmen entering baccalaureate programs in September 1991 and will be in effect for transfer students with 39 or more quarter credits in fall 1993. The change has resulted in better prepared students. Data show that the percentages of students meeting requirements in all areas have risen from 17 percent to 75 percent over the last seven years. Individual colleges continue to specify grade and test-score requirements for admission.

Academic Program Ranking

By any measure, the University of Minnesota is a first-rate institution of graduate and undergraduate education and scholarly research. Top-ranked programs are in such diverse areas as agricultural and applied economics, architecture, business management, chemical engineering and materials science, economics, geography, mechanical engineering, political science, and psychology.

The University tied for 6th place among public institutions in the United States and 16th among all public and private institutions according to a 1983 ranking of graduate education in the arts, sciences, and engineering by the American Council on Education and National Academy of Sciences. (The ranking does not include professional schools or agricultural-related fields.)

Degrees Granted

Students may earn undergraduate and graduate degrees in more than 250 fields of study. About 69 percent of all graduates stay in Minnesota for their first jobs.

Total degrees awarded through June 1992—462,042
(including 20,122 Ph.D.'s)

Degrees awarded in 1991-92—10,920 (including 635 Ph.D.'s)

Administrative Officers

President and Chancellor, Nils Hasselmo
 Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost for
 Twin Cities Campus, Ettore F. Infante
 Senior Vice President for Finance and Operations,
 Robert O. Erickson
 Vice President for Agriculture, Forestry, and Home
 Economics, C. Eugene Allen
 Vice President for Arts, Sciences, and Engineering,
 Anne H. Hopkins
 Vice President for Health Sciences, Robert E. Anderson
 Vice President for Research, Anne C. Petersen
 Vice President for Student Affairs, Marvalene Hughes
 Chancellor, University of Minnesota, Duluth,
 Lawrence A. Ianni
 Chancellor, University of Minnesota, Morris,
 David C. Johnson
 Chancellor, University of Minnesota, Crookston,
 Donald G. Sargeant
 General Counsel, Mark Rotenberg

Board of Regents

The 12-member Board of Regents governs the University. The legislature chooses one regent from each of Minnesota's eight congressional districts and four from the state at large. One at-large regent must be a University student at the time of election. Regents serve without pay for six-year terms. The president of the University is ex officio president of the Board of Regents.

Here are current regents and the years their terms expire.

Wendell R. Anderson, 1997	Lawrence Perlman, 1995
Julie A. Bleyhl, 1999	William R. Peterson, 1999
William E. Hogan, 1999	Thomas R. Reagan, 1999
Jean Keffeler, 1995	Darrin M. Rosha, 1995
H. Bryan Neel, 1997	Stanley D. Sahlstrom, 1997
Mary J. Page, 1995	Ann J. Wynia, 1997

Faculty and Staff (November 1992)

Employees
 5,302 full-time academic
 892 part-time academic
 10,751 full-time civil service
 2,598 part-time civil service

Student Employees
 1,917 full-time academic
 5,688 part-time academic
 151 full-time civil service
 6,403 part-time civil service

Enrollment (fall quarter 1992)

Twin Cities	Men	Women	Total
Agriculture	499	402	901
Architecture & Landscape			
Architecture	153	84	237
Biological Sciences	212	206	418
Dental Hygiene	1	66	67
Dentistry	193	119	312
Education	403	872	1,275
General College	869	914	1,783
Graduate School	4,757	3,748	8,505
Human Ecology	118	681	799
Law (fall semester)	459	329	788
Liberal Arts	6,118	7,368	13,486
Management	472	364	836
Medical School	1,218	781	1,999
Medical Technology	19	45	64
Mortuary Science	46	24	70
Natural Resources	393	182	575
Nursing	37	178	215
Occupational Therapy	11	61	72
Pharmacy	104	234	338
Physical Therapy	16	43	59
Public Health	66	167	233
Technology	3,631	883	4,514
University College	79	100	179
Veterinary Medicine	98	196	294
Total Twin Cities	19,972	18,047	38,019
Duluth			
Business and Economics	819	538	1,357
Education & Human			
Service Professions	477	833	1,310
Fine Arts	143	227	370
Graduate School	158	179	337
Liberal Arts	1,068	1,157	2,225
Medicine	62	45	107
Science & Engineering	1,334	609	1,943
Total Duluth	4,061	3,588	7,649
Crookston	647	705	1,352
Morris	841	1,082	1,923
Waseca*	5	46	51
Total Collegiate	25,526	23,468	48,994
Extension Classes			21,864
Grand Total			70,858

* Students completing degrees after the closing of UMW.

Minority Enrollment (fall quarter 1992)

All campuses, 4,380
 Asian or Pacific Islander, 2,266
 African American, 1,075
 Hispanic, 640
 American Indian or Alaskan, 399

International Students (fall quarter 1992)

Systemwide, 2,974 international students represent about 125 different countries.

Tuition (per quarter, 1992-93)

A typical lower division College of Liberal Arts student on the Twin Cities or Duluth campus taking 14 to 18 credits would pay tuition of \$924 per quarter plus the student services fee. Some basic per-credit tuition rates follow.

	Resident	Nonresident
Lower Division		
Twin Cities, Duluth	\$ 66.00	\$ 194.70
Morris	\$ 70.00	\$ 206.50
Crookston	\$ 59.00	\$ 174.50
Upper Division		
Liberal arts	\$ 68.00	\$ 200.60
Technology	\$ 76.00	\$ 224.20
Professional		
Veterinary medicine	\$ 188.75	\$ 283.13

Student Services Fees (per quarter, 1992-93)

Twin Cities, \$128.70
 Duluth, \$90.60
 Morris, \$102.00
 Crookston, \$66.70

Private Support and Research Funds

In 1990-91, the University ranked 3rd among public institutions and 11th among all American colleges and universities in voluntary contributions, with \$109 million from alumni and friends, corporations and foundations. The University of Minnesota Foundation has helped to secure more than \$1.3 billion in private voluntary support since its establishment in 1962. From 1985 to 1988, the University emphasized the need for faculty support. Today, more than 230 endowed chairs and professorships exist, compared to 17 before 1985. Private fund-raising efforts now emphasize student scholarships. Several capital improvements—including a new art museum, a concert hall, and new and improved athletic facilities—are all made possible by private gifts.

The University received \$249 million in nonstate contract and grant awards in fiscal year 1991-92, creating thousands of jobs for Minnesotans. A National Science Foundation ranking placed the University 7th among public institutions and 14th overall in federal money received for 1990.

Research Achievements

Research conducted by University faculty, staff, and students has improved the lives—sometimes even saved the lives—of people throughout the world.

Among their achievements are the continuing success of the world's leading kidney transplant center, release of more than 80 new crop varieties that have greatly increased yields in Minnesota and throughout the world, development of the taconite process, invention of the flight recorder ("black box") for aircraft, eradication of many poultry and livestock diseases, invention of the heart-lung machine and its use in the world's first successful open-heart surgery, isolation of uranium U-235 in a prototype mass spectrometer, invention of the first heart pacemaker, development of the widely used Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory (MMPI), and discovery of two potential AIDS drugs.

University Libraries

With more than 35,000 subscriptions to periodicals and journals and 4.9 million volumes on the Twin Cities campus alone, the University Libraries system is the 17th largest in North America, lending more books and journal articles to other libraries than any other in the nation. The libraries' on-line catalog provides computerized access to more than 3 million bibliographic records.

Financial Information

1991-92 Income by Source

State Appropriations	\$ 447,641,000
Federal Appropriations	15,664,000
Student Tuition & Fees	165,995,000
Department Earnings	77,127,000
Gifts, Grants, Contracts	373,698,000
Auxiliary Services Earnings	112,174,000
Hospital Earnings	291,031,000
Endowments & Investment Income	47,387,000
Total Income	\$1,530,717,000

1991-92 Expenditures by Function

Education & General Expense	\$ 1,058,954,000
Auxiliary Enterprises & University Hospital	410,319,000
Student Aid	48,197,000
Total Expenditures	\$1,517,470,000

Estimated Revenue Sources for 1992-93

State Appropriations	\$ 437,000,000
Federal Appropriations	15,000,000
Student Tuition & Fees	172,000,000
Department Earnings	82,000,000
Gifts, Grants, Contracts	390,000,000
Auxiliary Services Earnings	120,000,000
Hospital Earnings	300,000,000
Endowments & Investment Income	45,000,000
Total Revenue	\$1,561,000,000