

The Many Faces of the Heterotic Vortex

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FTPI & U of M

CROSSING THE BOUNDARIES --- May 14, 2009

Plan of the Talk

- ✱ Intro on non-Abelian Vortex
- ✱ $w=2$ & $w=1$ in $3+1$
- ✱ Results of [arxiv/0903.3422](https://arxiv.org/abs/0903.3422)
- ✱ Work in progress with M.S.
& M.S. & M.V. [arxiv/0905.1664](https://arxiv.org/abs/0905.1664)

What is the non-Abelian vortex

BASIC INGREDIENTS

✧ $U(n) = \frac{SU(n) \times U(1)}{\mathbb{Z}_n}$

✧ $n_f \geq n_c$ quarks

✧ CF phase:

$$\langle q \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & & & 0 & \dots \\ & \dots & & & \\ & & \dots & & \\ & & & \sqrt{3} & \\ & & & & \dots \end{pmatrix}$$

What is the non-Abelian vortex

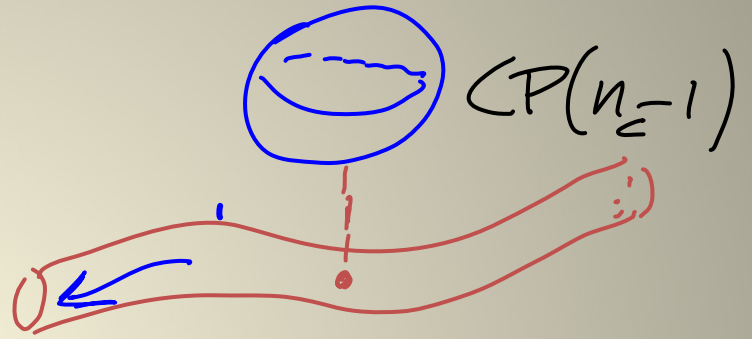
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Generalization
of ordinary ANO

■ $SU(n)$ mag flux

■ Moduli Space

Why bother about it ...

- ✗ Is there ...
- ✗ Confines non-Abelian monopoles
- ✗ Squeezing $3+1 \longrightarrow 1+1$
- ✗ QCD dual superconductor

...

The theory: N=2 Super-QCD

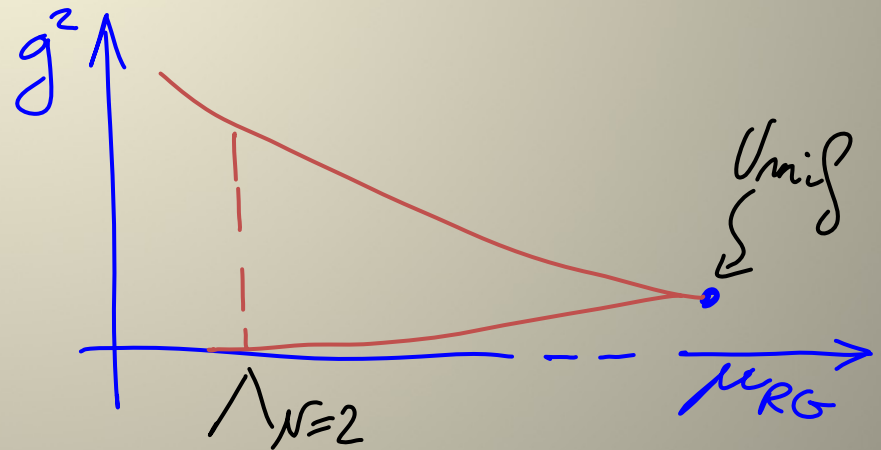
$U(n_c)$ gauge

$$\tau = \frac{4\pi i}{g^2} + \frac{\theta}{2\pi}$$

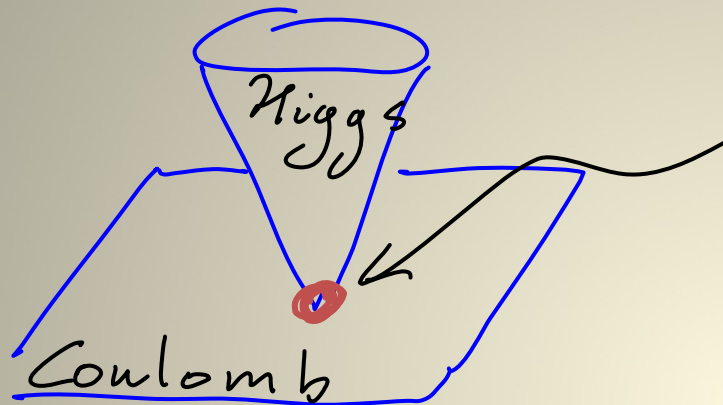
λ $A\mu$ ϕ

$+m_f$ q $4q$ $4q^+$

$$\Lambda_{N=2}^{2n_c - n_f} = \mu_{RG}^{2n_c - n_f} e^{-2\pi i \tau(\mu_{RG})}$$



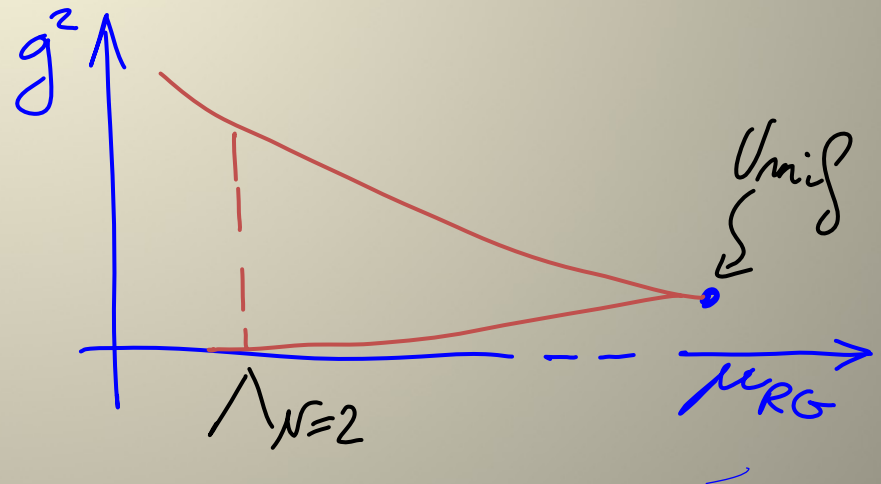
The theory: N=2 Super-QCD



root
of b.l.

Moduli
Space

$$\Lambda_{N=2}^{2n_c - n_f} = \mu_{RG}^{2n_c - n_f} e^{-2\pi i \tau(\mu_{RG})}$$



Add FI term, what happens ...

for $U(1)$ $-2\zeta \int d^3\theta d^3\bar{\theta} t_2 V$

$W=2$ UNBROKEN! but $SU(2)_R \rightarrow U(1)_J$

Add FI term, what happens ...

for $U(1)$ $-2\zeta \int d^3\theta d^2\bar{\theta} t_2 V$

$W=2$ UNBROKEN! but $SU(2)_R \rightarrow U(1)_J$

$$\langle q \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2\zeta} & & & 0 \\ & \dots & & \\ & & \sqrt{2\zeta} & \\ & & & \dots \end{pmatrix} \quad \langle \tilde{q} \rangle = 0$$

Color-Flavor locking phase

$$SU(n_c) \times SU(n_f) \rightarrow SU(n_c)_{c+f} + \dots$$

Non-Abelian vortex here ...

WEAK COUPLING $\sqrt{3} \gg \Lambda_{N=2}$ $M_C = M_f = \mu$

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} (F\bar{F}) + (D\sigma)^\dagger D\sigma - \frac{g^2}{4} \text{tr} (g\sigma^\dagger - 2\mathbb{3}\frac{1}{4})^2$$

Non-Abelian vortex here ...

WEAK COUPLING $\sqrt{3} \gg \Lambda_{N=2}$ $n_c = n_f = n$

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2g^2} \text{tr} (FF) + (D\sigma)^\dagger D\sigma - \frac{g^2}{4} \text{tr} (\sigma\sigma^\dagger - \sqrt{3}\frac{1}{2})^2$$

TOPOLOGY $\pi_1(U(1)) = \mathbb{Z} = n$ times $\pi_1\left(\frac{SU(n) \times U(1)}{\mathbb{Z}_n}\right)$

$$q = \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\theta} q_1(r) \sqrt{23} & & & 0 & \dots \\ & \ddots & & & \\ & & & & \sqrt{23} \end{pmatrix} \quad A_k = \begin{pmatrix} -\epsilon_{k\ell} \frac{\hat{r}_\ell}{r} f(r) & & & & \\ & 0 & & & \\ & & \ddots & & \\ & & & & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

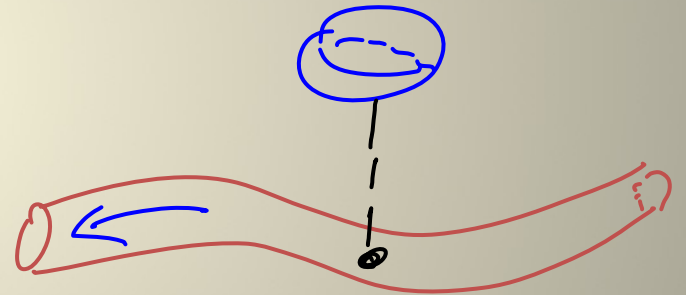
Moduli space & Effective action

$$SU(n)_{c+f} \longrightarrow SU(n-1) \times U(1)$$

* INTERNAL MODULI

* \overline{B} flux $SU(n)$

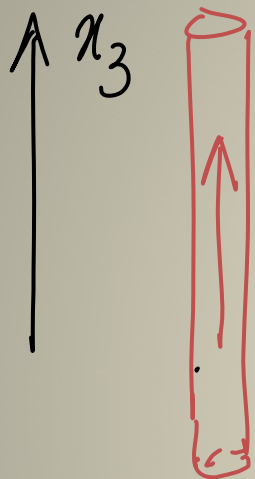
$$\text{Coset} = CP(n-1)$$



$$\beta = \frac{2\pi}{g^2} = \frac{4}{4\pi} \log \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\Lambda_{3+1}}$$

$$\Lambda_{CP} = \Lambda_{3+1}$$

SUSY N=(2,2) in 1+1



$$Q^1 = (Q_L^1, Q_R^1)$$

$$Q^2 = (Q_L^2, Q_R^2)$$

*BROKEN
BY THE VORTEX*

$$\mathcal{N} = (2, 2) = (Q_L^2, Q_R^1)$$

z

φ^l

\mathcal{Z}_L

\mathcal{Z}_R

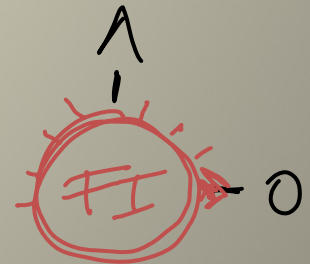
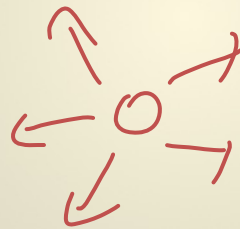
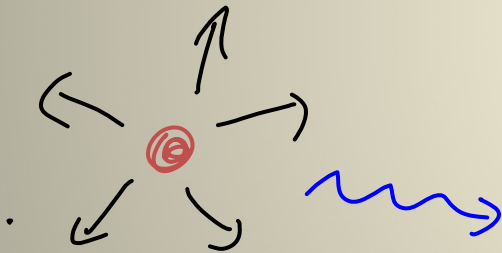
\mathcal{Z}_L^l

\mathcal{Z}_R^l

An experiment ...

$\bar{z} = 0$
Coulomb Phase

$$M_{\text{BPS}} = |Z|$$



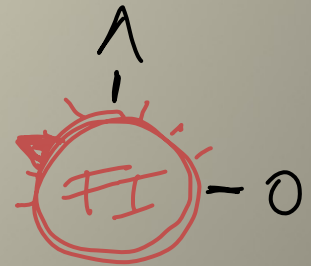
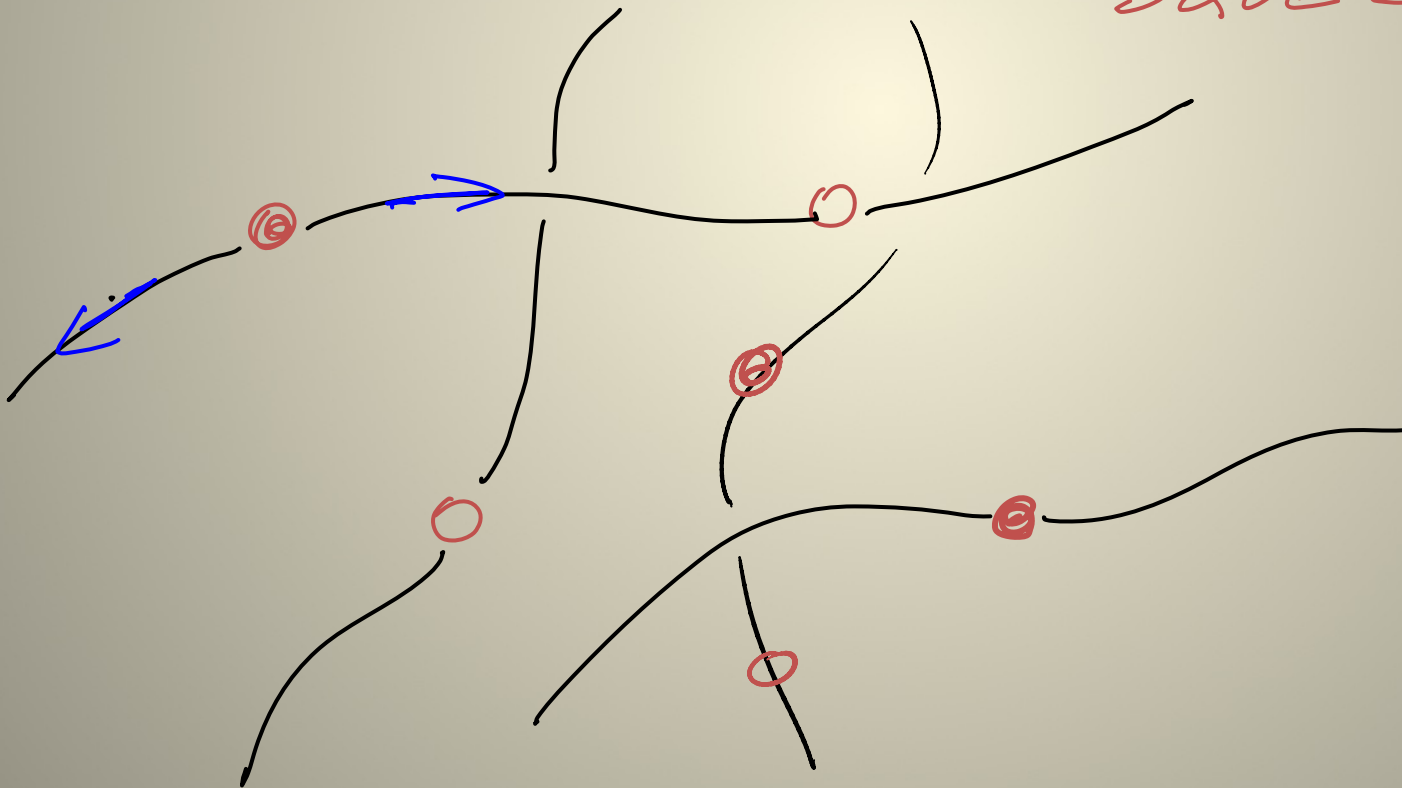
An experiment ...

$3 \gg 1$

Higgs Phase

$$M_{\text{BPS}}^{3+1} = M_{\text{BPS}}^{4+1}$$

SQUEEZING!



N=1 mass deformation

$$\int d^4\theta \underbrace{\sqrt{2} \mu t_2 \bar{\Phi}^2}_{W(\Phi)} + \text{h.c.}$$

COINCIDENCE

$$W'(m) = 0$$

$$\Lambda_{N=1}^{3n_c - n_f} = \mu^{n_c} \Lambda_{N=2}^{2n_c - n_f}$$

N=1 mass deformation

$$\int d^4\theta \underbrace{\sqrt{2} \mu t_2 \bar{\Phi}^2}_{W(\Phi)} + \text{h.c.}$$

COINCIDENCE

$$W'(m) = 0$$

SPECTRUM @ Weak coupling

$$m_{A_\mu} = g \sqrt{23}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} m_h = g\mu & & m_\ell = \frac{3}{\mu} \\ \nearrow & \underbrace{\hspace{10em}} & \nwarrow \\ \Phi & \text{large } \mu & ? \end{array}$$

The Coincidence ...

WITHOUT FI

$$W = t_2 W(\phi) + \tilde{Q}(\phi - m) Q$$

$$W'(a) = 0$$

• Higgs $\tilde{q} q = W'(m) \quad \phi = m$

• Coulomb $q = \hat{q} = 0 \quad \phi = a$

COULOMB

$$M \rightarrow a$$

+ Q, \tilde{Q} messengers

The Coincidence ...

WITHOUT FI

$$W = \frac{1}{2} W(\phi) + \tilde{Q}(\phi - m) Q$$

$$W'(a) = 0$$

• Higgs $\tilde{q} = W'(m) \quad \phi = m$

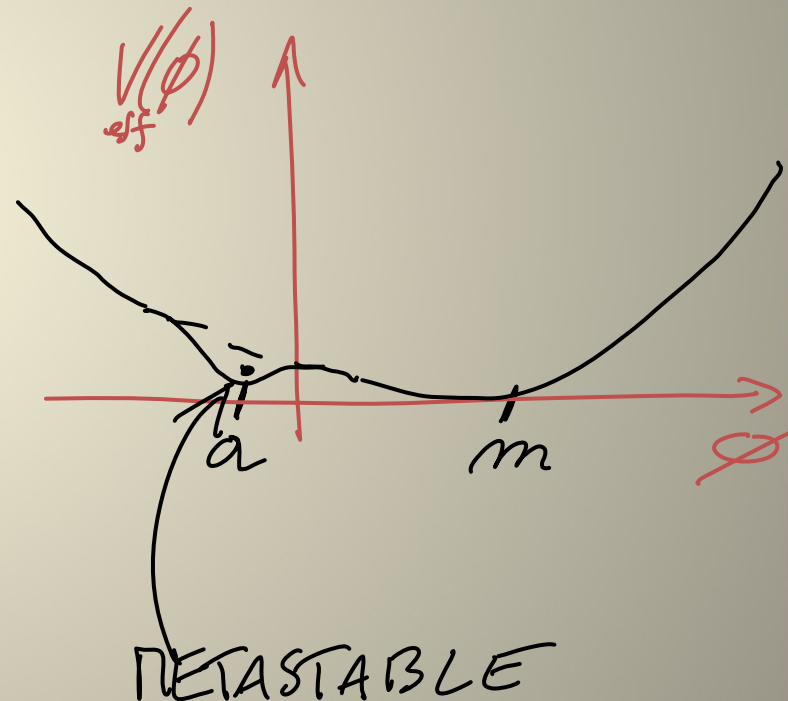
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COULOMB

$$M \rightarrow a$$

+ Q, \tilde{Q} messengers

WITH FI

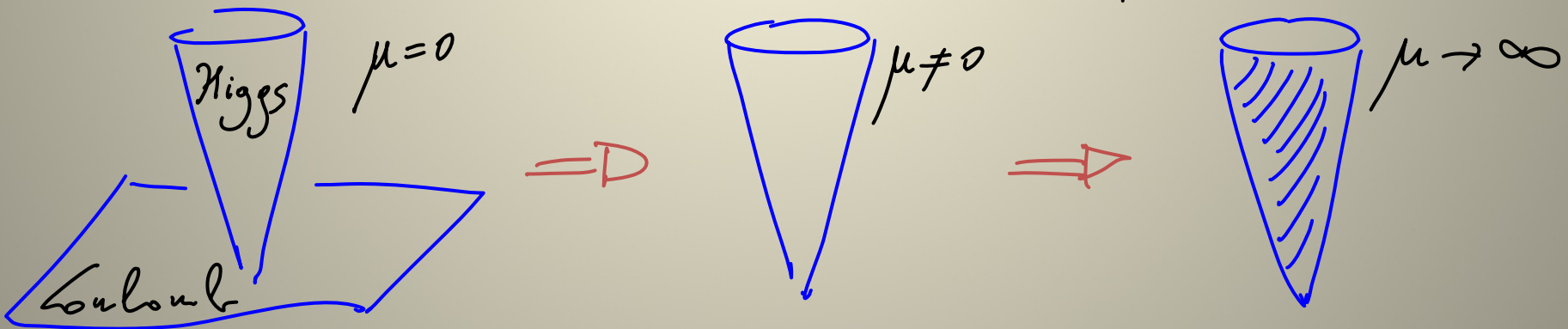


Moduli space enhancement

$$\mu \rightarrow \infty \quad m_{\ell} = \frac{\Lambda^3}{\mu} \rightarrow 0$$

$$W_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{\mu} \text{tr} \, Q \tilde{Q} Q \tilde{Q}$$

"Pure" $N=1$ SQCD has no F_{ϕ} term



Heterotic $N=(0,2)$ deformation

* String remain BPS if $\boxed{W'/\mu = 0}$

S.Y.

* FIRT Hyp. enhancement of susy
no $N=(0,2)$ of CP^{n-1}

* H.T. def

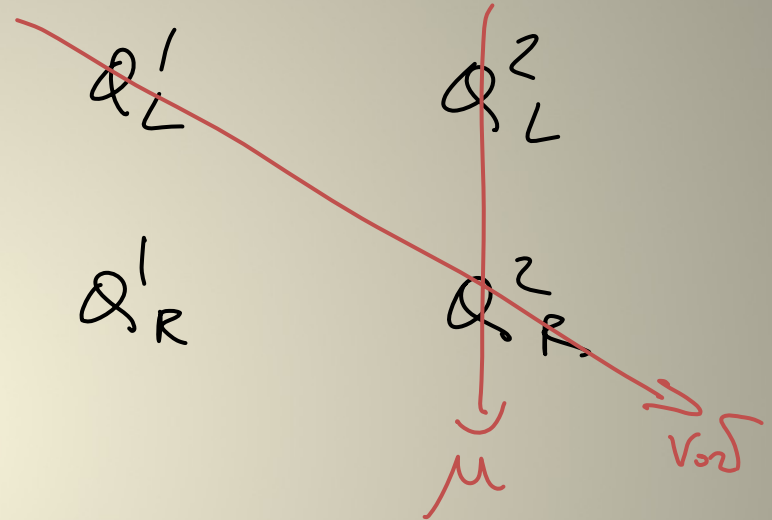
$$\int d^2x d^2\theta_R \square W'_{1+1}(\Sigma_1) + h.c.$$

$$W'_{1+1} \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} W'_{3+1}$$

Fermionic zero modes (1)

x_3

SUPERCHARGES



Fermionic zero modes (1)

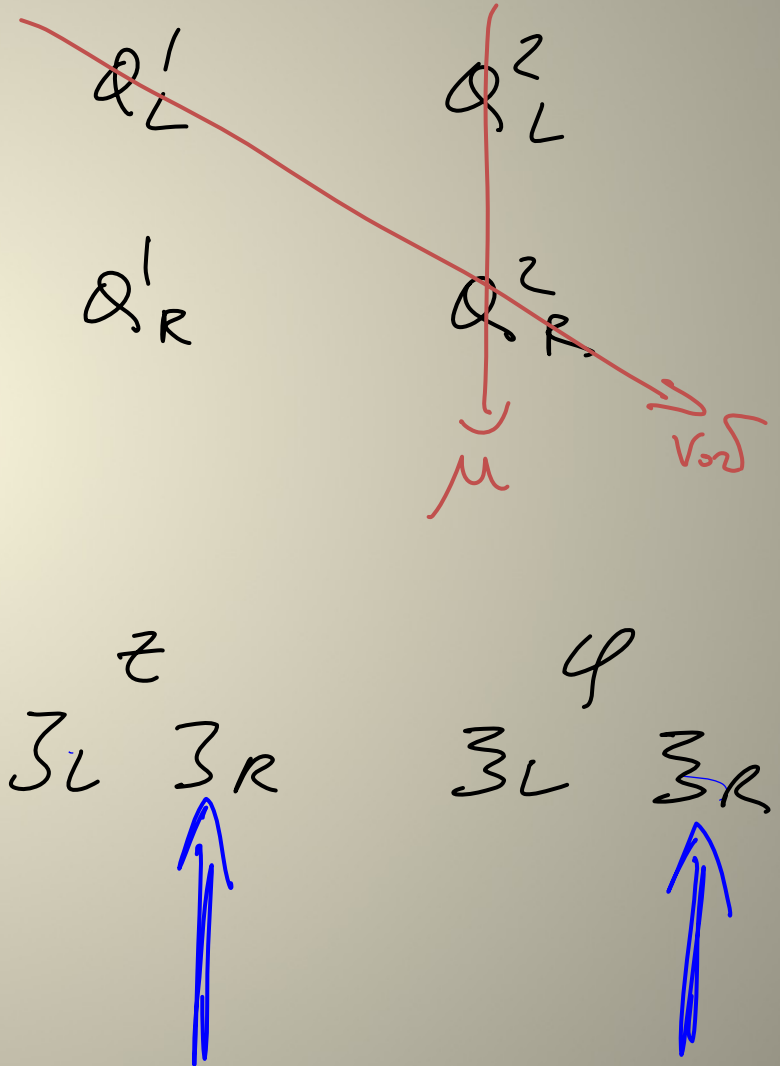
x_3

SUPER CHARGES

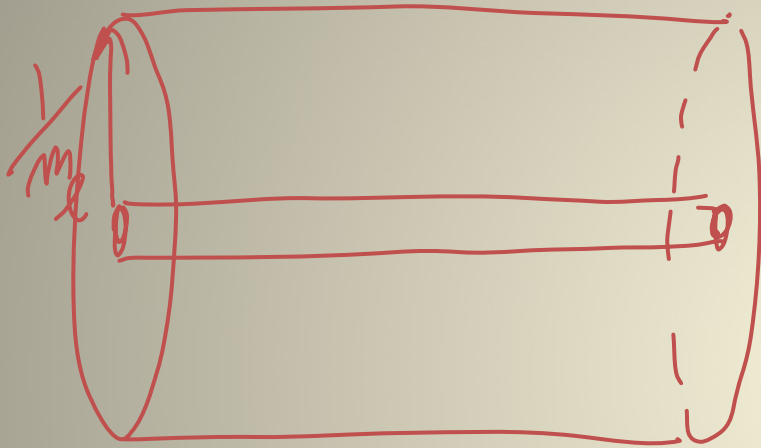
$$N = (2, 2) \equiv (Q_L^2, Q_R^1)$$

\Downarrow

$$N = (0, 2) \equiv (0, Q_R^1)$$



Fermionic zero modes (2)



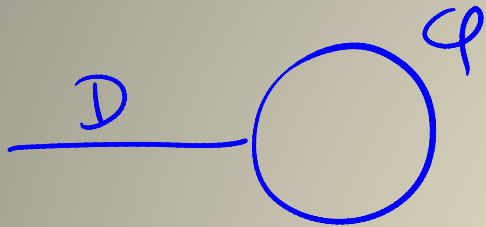
ζ
 ζ_L ζ_R ψ
 ζ_L ζ_R
 Do NOT DISAPPEAR!

S.Y.

$$\psi_L \propto \frac{e^{-m_l r}}{r}$$

$\mu \rightarrow \infty$
 THEY BECOME
 NON NORMALIZABLE!

Large n solution & DSB

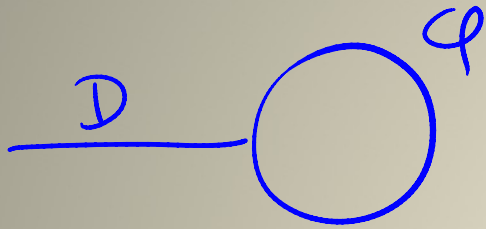


$$i\beta + n \int \frac{d^2k}{4\pi^2} \frac{1}{k^2 + D - 2|k|^2} = 0$$

RG summing

$$2|k|^2 - D = \Lambda^2$$

Large n solution & DSB



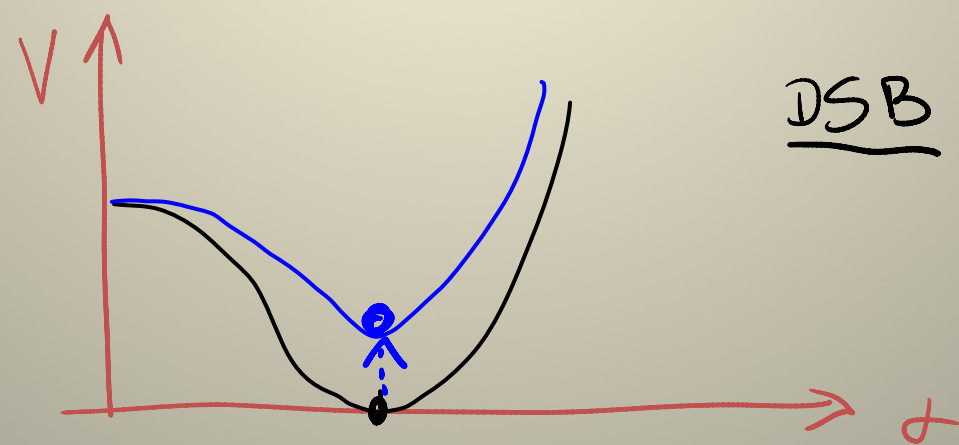
$$i\beta + n \int \frac{d^2k}{4\pi^2} \frac{1}{k^2 + D - 2|\sigma|^2} = 0$$

RG summing

$$2|\sigma|^2 - D = \Lambda^2$$

$$V_{\text{eff}}(\sigma) = \frac{n}{8\pi} \left\{ \Lambda^2 + 2|\sigma|^2 \left(\log \frac{2|\sigma|^2}{\Lambda^2} - 1 \right) + 8|\sigma|^2 \alpha \right\}$$

(337)



Shifman
- Yung

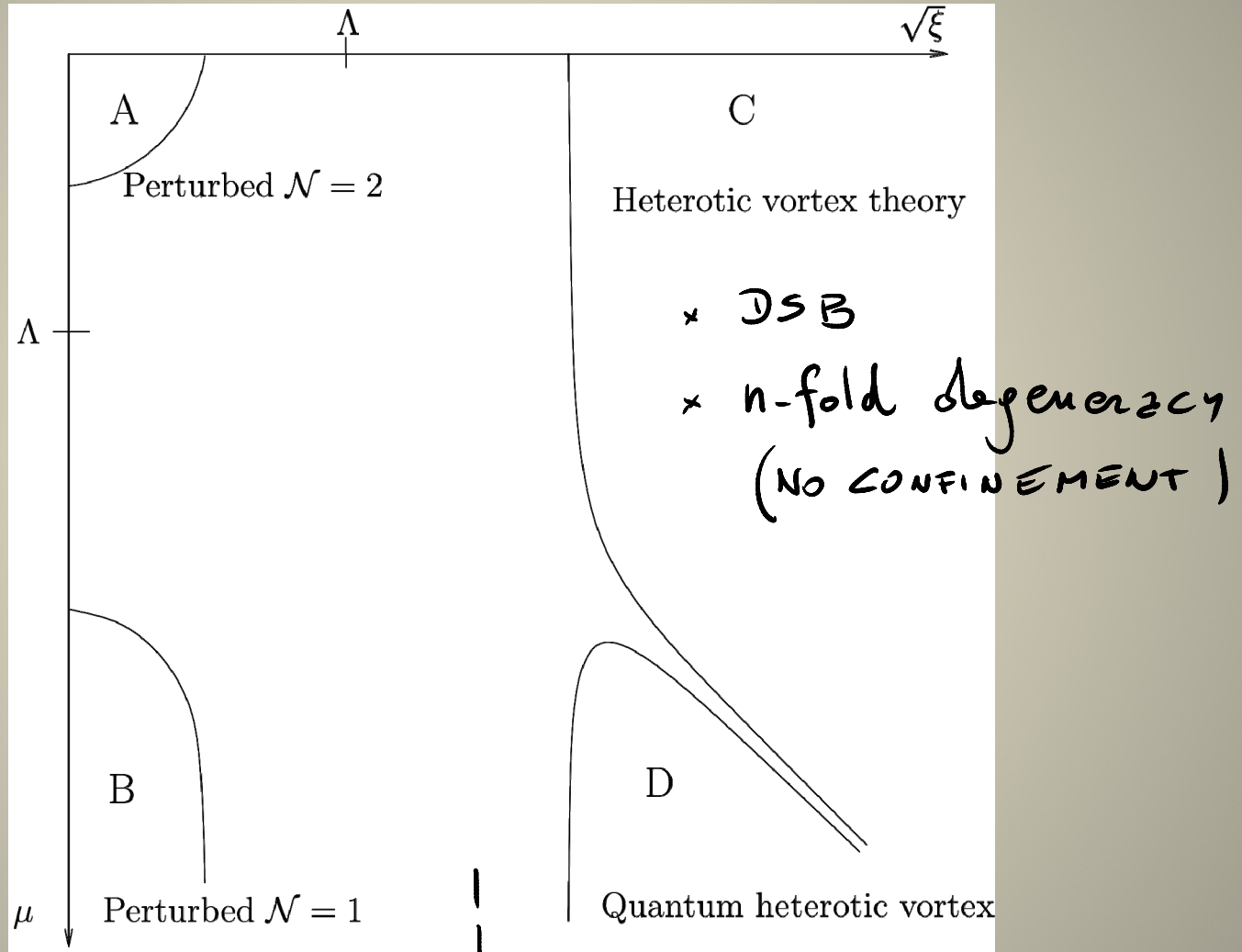
New stuff ...

✗ Explor Parameter Space
 $(\mu, \sqrt{3})$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{DSB} \dots \\ \text{degeneracy} \dots \end{array} \right.$

✗ $\mu \text{tr} \left(\frac{\Phi^2}{2} - \alpha \Phi \right)$ LINEAR TERM

✗ Conjectured NEW CFT
As $\sqrt{3} \gg 1, \mu \rightarrow \infty$

Exploring the parameter space



STRONG

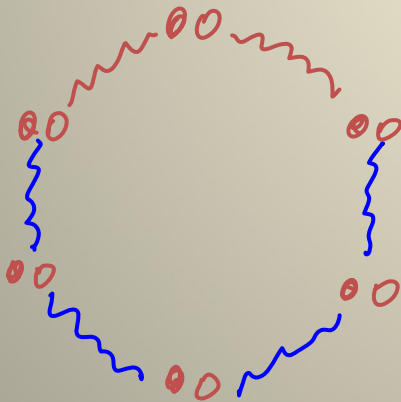
WEAK (3+1)

(A): SW solution

SW curve

$$y^2 = \frac{1}{4} \det (z-\phi)^2 - \Lambda^n z^m$$
$$= \frac{1}{4} (z^n - \Lambda^n)^2$$

Roots



	$O(1)_1$	---	---	$O(1)_n$
E_1	1			0
⋮		1		
⋮			1	
E_n		0		1

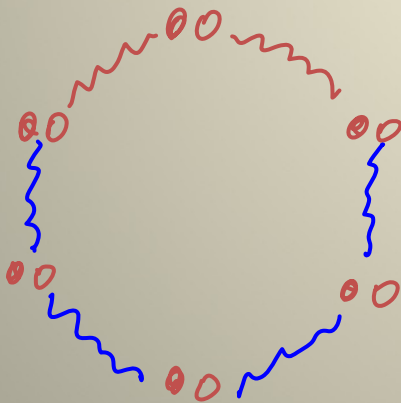
(A): SW solution

SW curve

$$y^2 = \frac{1}{4} \det (z-\phi)^2 - \Lambda^n z^n$$

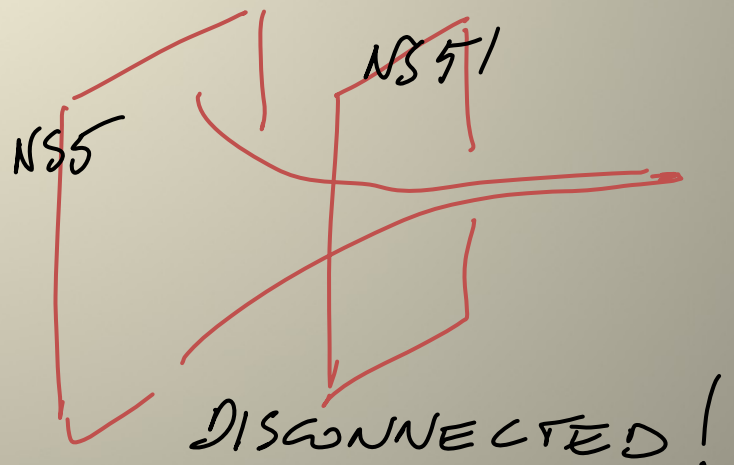
$$= \frac{1}{4} (z^n - \Lambda^n)^2$$

Roots



	$O(1)_1$	---	$O(1)_n$
E_1	1		0
\vdots			
E_n	0		1

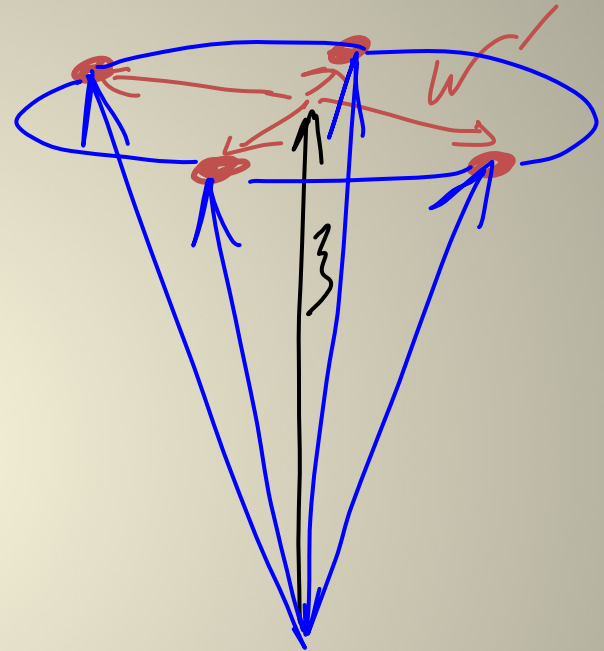
M2CD Curve



(A): Vortices here

$$T_j \propto \sqrt{|W'(z_{0\text{st},j})|^2 + \zeta^2}$$

$$\approx \zeta + \sim \frac{\mu^2 \Lambda^2}{\zeta} + \dots$$



$\text{Re}W', \text{Im}W', \zeta$
TRIPLET of $SU(2)_R$

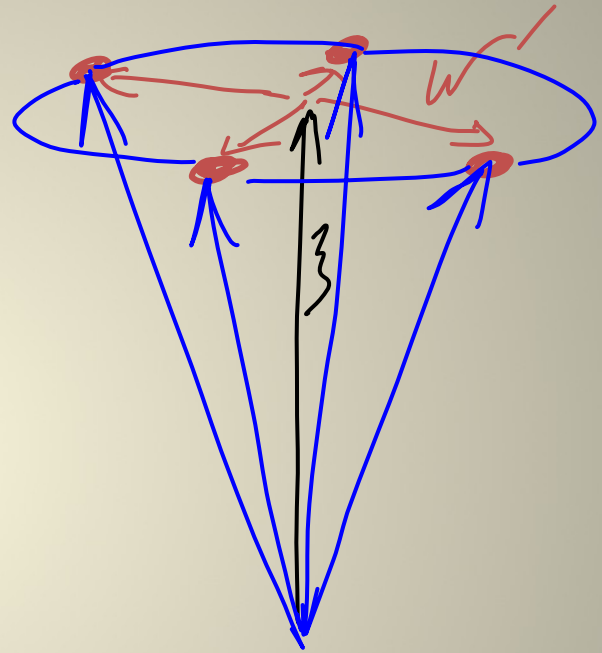
(A): Vortices here

$$T_j \propto \sqrt{|W'(z_{00t_j})|^2 + \zeta^2}$$

$$\simeq \zeta + \sim \frac{\mu^2 \Lambda^2}{\zeta} + \dots$$

Explain:

- DSB & degeneracy ($a=0$)
- No degeneracy $a \neq 0$
- SUSY RESTORATION $a = \Lambda e^{\frac{i2\pi k}{n}}$!



$\underbrace{\text{Re}W', \text{Im}W', \zeta}_{\text{TRIPLET of } SU(2)_R}$

(B) Perturbed N=1

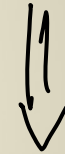
FIRST $\mathcal{N}=1$ SQCD

$$M = \tilde{Q}Q$$

$$B = \epsilon q \cdots q$$

$$\tilde{B} = \epsilon \tilde{q} \cdots q$$

$$\det M - B\tilde{B} = 0$$



$$\det M - B\tilde{B} = \Lambda^{2m}$$

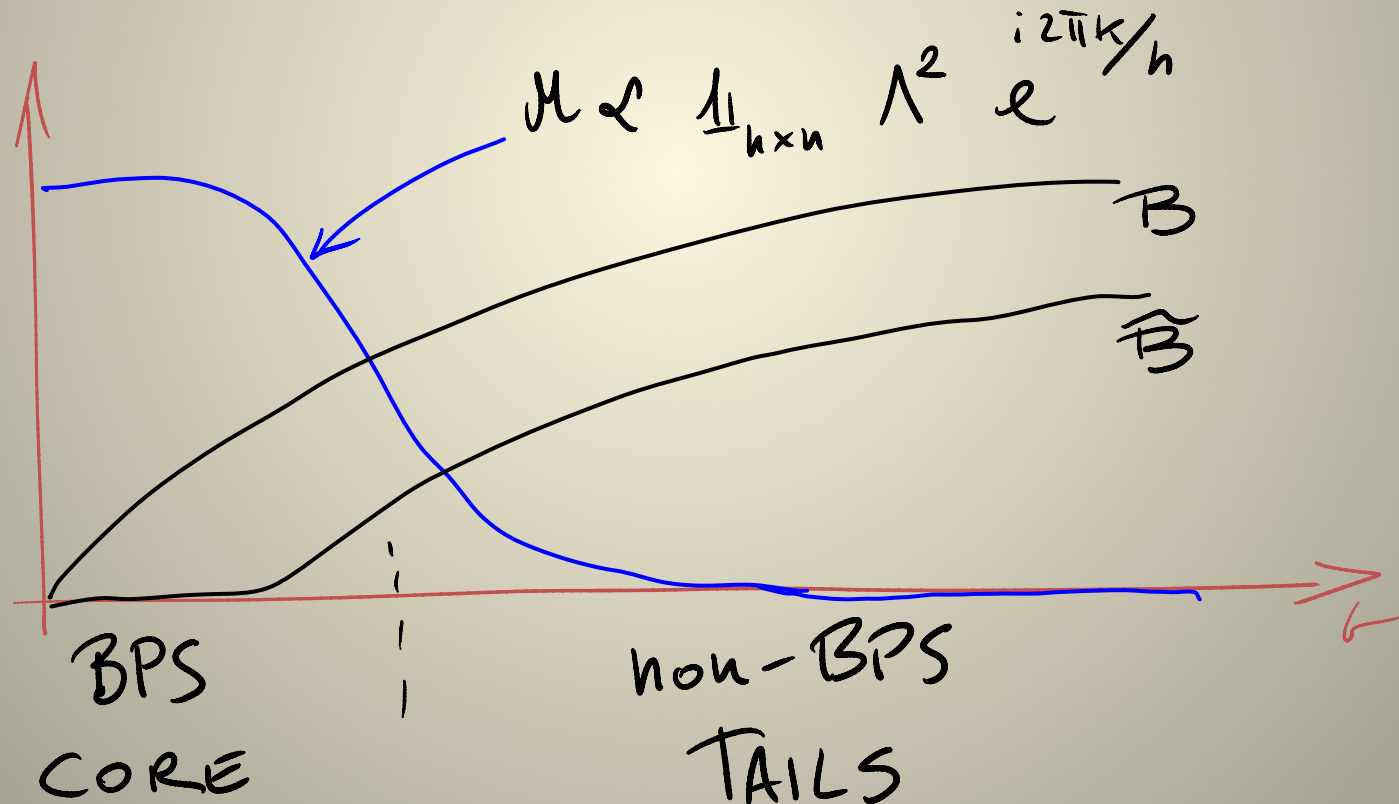
m "BASES"

Where $\tilde{B} = 0$

$$M = \prod_{m \times m} \Lambda^2 e^{\frac{2\pi i k}{h}}$$

(B): Effective superpotential

$$W = -\frac{1}{\mu} \left[t_2 q \tilde{q} \bar{q} \bar{a} - a \mu t_2 q \bar{a} \right]$$



(C): Heterotic vortex theory

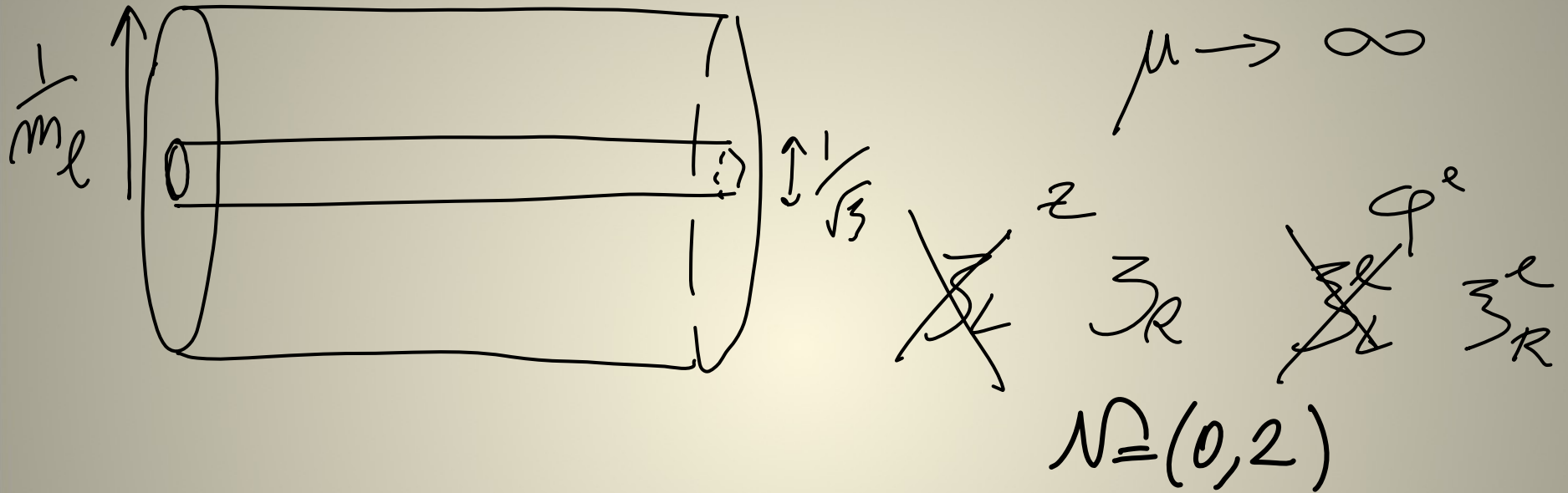
$$V_{\text{eff}}(\sigma) = \frac{M}{8\pi} \left\{ \Lambda^2 + \sigma^2 \left(\log \frac{\sigma^2}{\Lambda^2} - 1 \right) + 8|\sigma - a|^2 u \right\}$$

• $a = \frac{\Lambda}{\sqrt{2}}$ SUSY IS NOT
BROKEN

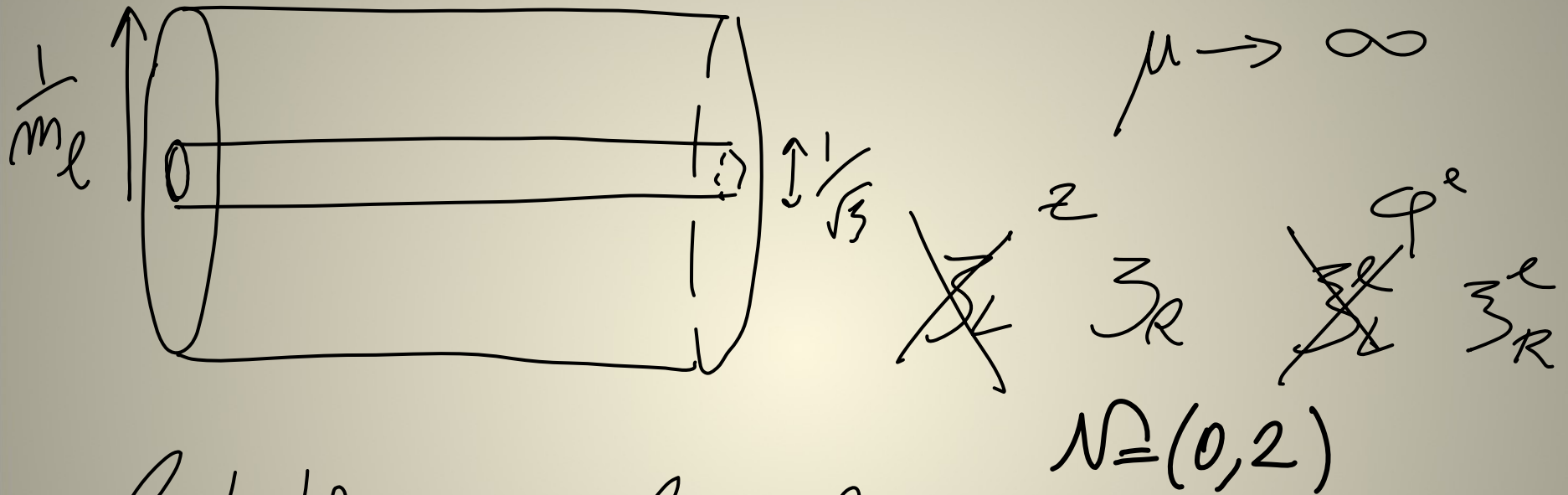
• SUSY IS ACTUALLY ENHANCED

$\mathcal{N} = (2, 2)$ SPECTRUM !
0

(D): Quantum Heterotic Vortex



(D): Quantum Heterotic Vortex



But there are 2 problems

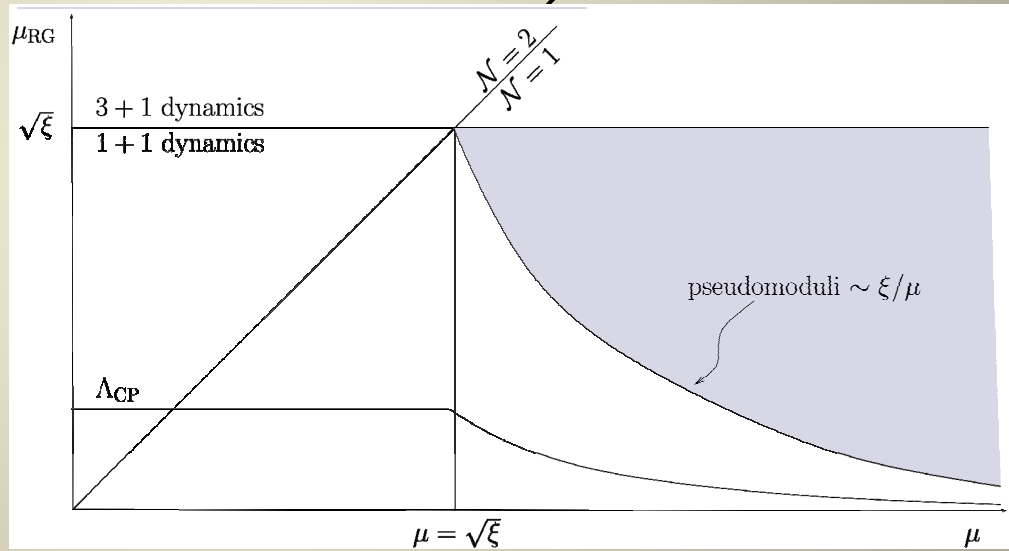
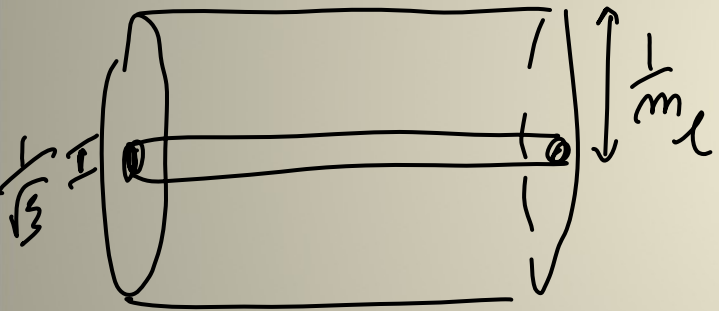
✗ ANOMALY ?

✗ α DEPENDENCE ?

(D): Peculiarities

Everything would be solved if

$$\Lambda_{CP} \longrightarrow 0 \text{ as } \mu \longrightarrow \infty!$$



THERE IS ENTANGLEMENT BETWEEN 3+1 & 1+1

$$S_{tot} = S_{3+1} + S_{1+1} + S_{int}$$

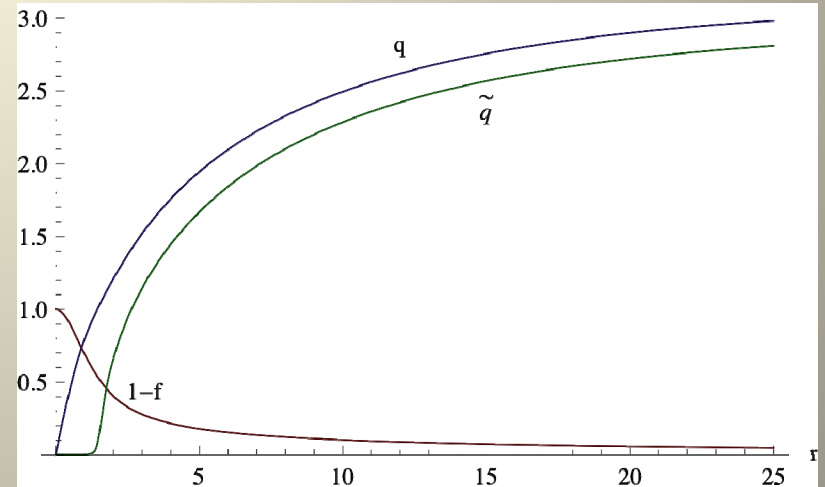
(D): Entanglement: 3+1 with 1+1

Effective Action :

$$\begin{cases} q(r) = q^{(0)}(r) + \delta q(r) \\ \tilde{q}(r) = \tilde{q}^{(0)}(r) + \delta \tilde{q}(r) \\ A_k(r) = A_k^{(0)}(r) + \delta A_k(r) \end{cases}$$

$$S_{\text{int}} \sim \underbrace{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\lambda_{\perp}}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{\beta}}_{\frac{1}{\beta_0}} \int d^2x |\varphi \cdot \delta \tilde{q}|^2$$

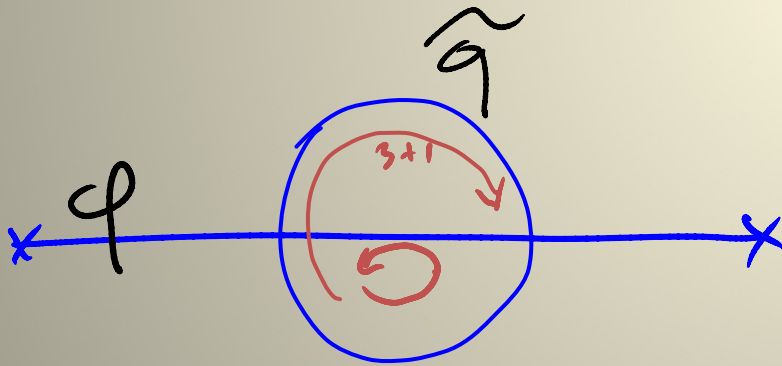
IF $\lambda_{\perp} \approx \mu_{RG}$!



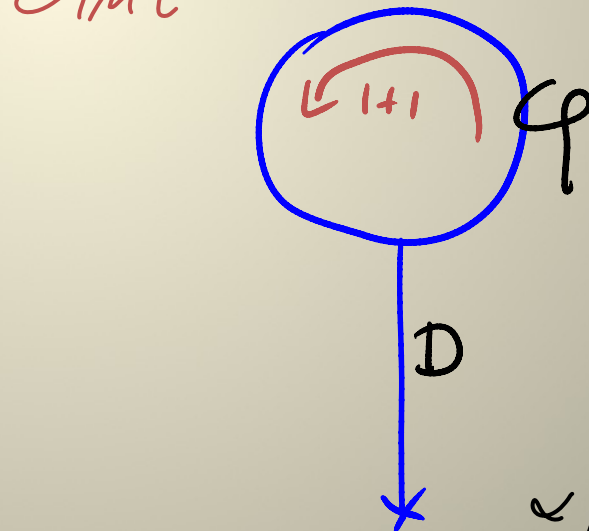
(D): New CFT mechanism

$$S = \int d^4x |\partial_\mu \tilde{q}|^2 + \int d^2x \left\{ |\nabla\varphi|^2 + D(|\varphi|^2 - \beta) + \frac{1}{\beta} |\varphi \cdot \tilde{q}|^2 \right\}$$

Sint →



$$\propto \int d^6k \frac{1}{k^6} \sim \log \mu_{RG}$$



$$\propto \int d^2k \frac{1}{k^2} \sim \log \mu_{RG}$$

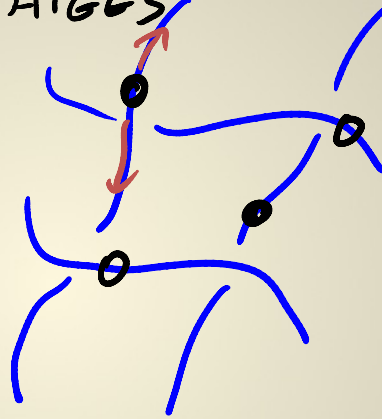
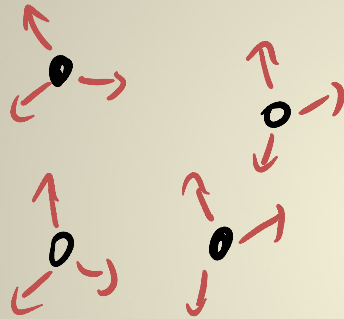
Work in progress ...

$$\bar{z} = 0$$

$$\bar{z} \gg 1$$

COULOMB

HIGGS



CONFINED

 MESON



BARYON

$$\mu = 0$$

$$\mu \neq 0$$

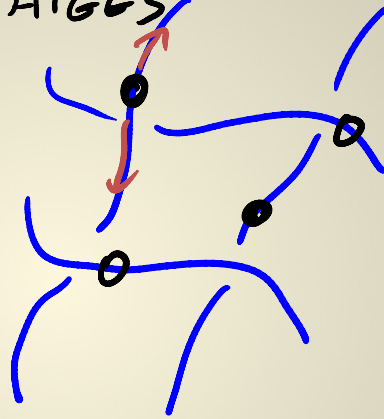
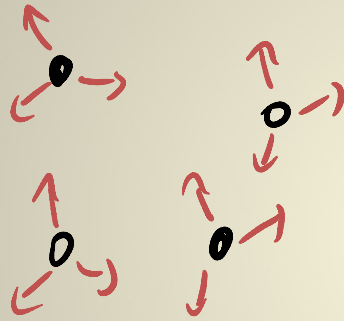
Work in progress ...

$$\bar{z} = 0$$

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COULOMB

HIGGS



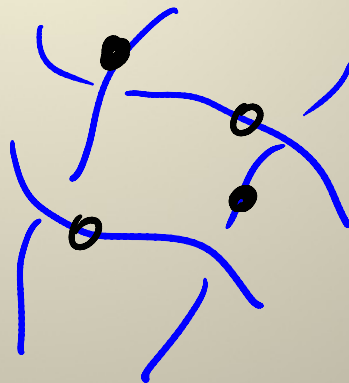
CONFINED

?

MESON



BARYON



$$a = 0$$



ALWAYS
n-fold
degeneracy

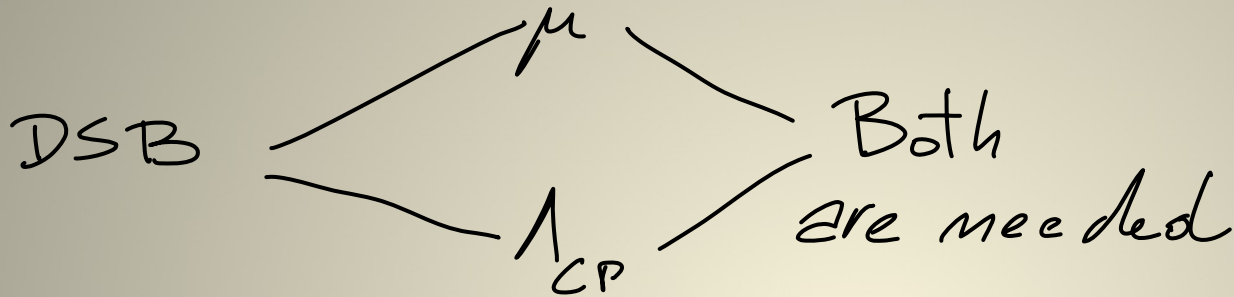


KINKS NOT
CONFINED

$$\mu = 0$$

$$\mu \neq 0$$

The Idea



$$\int \mathcal{L} \frac{\mu^2 \lambda^2}{3}$$

The Idea



$$\int \mathcal{L} \frac{\mu^2 \Lambda^2}{3}$$

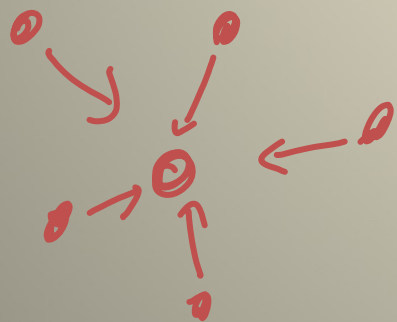
ABELIAN VORTEX

Global $U(1)$

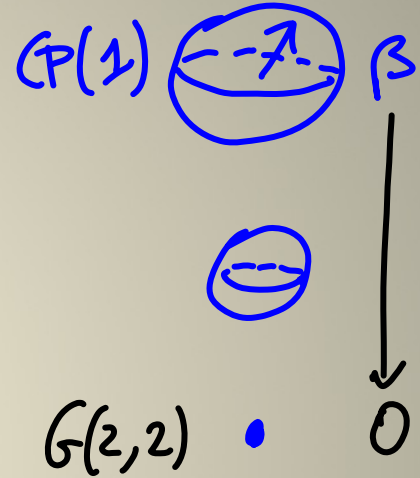
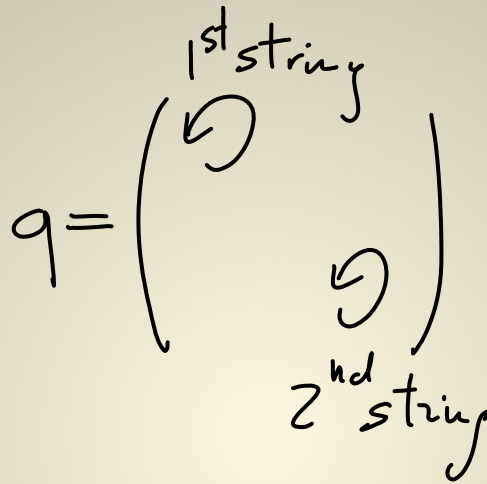
$$g = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{G} \\ \mathcal{G} \end{pmatrix} \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{G} \\ \mathcal{G} \end{pmatrix}$$

NO INTERNAL M. S.

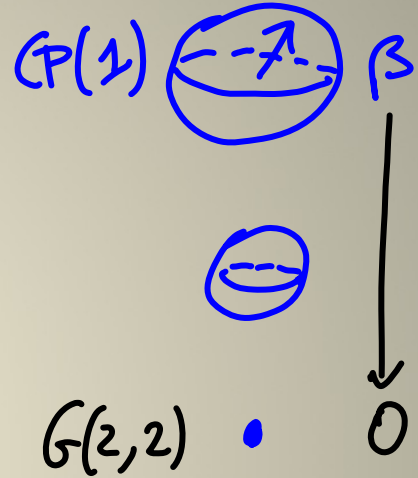
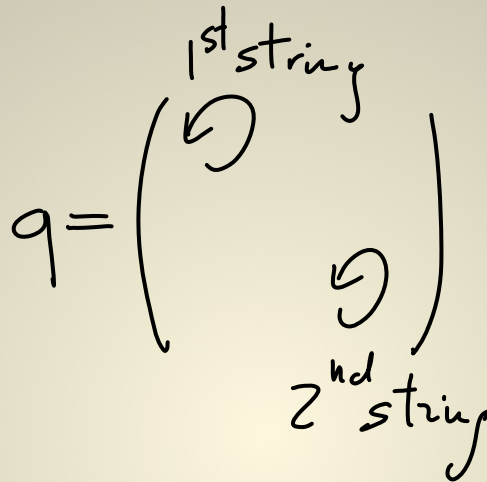
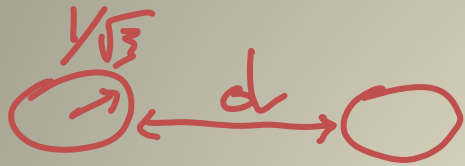
\Rightarrow NO DSB!



Potential

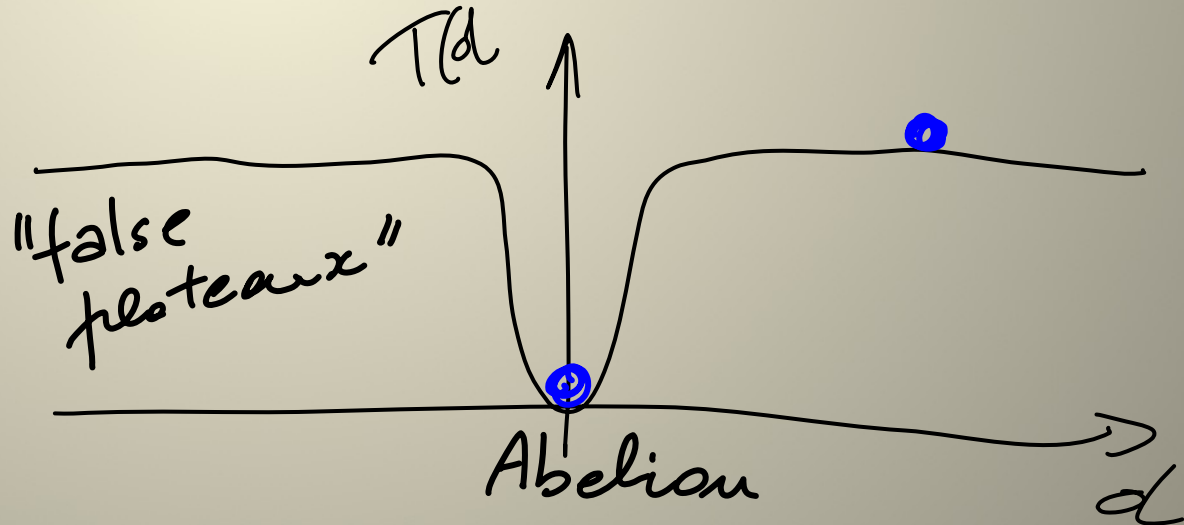


Potential

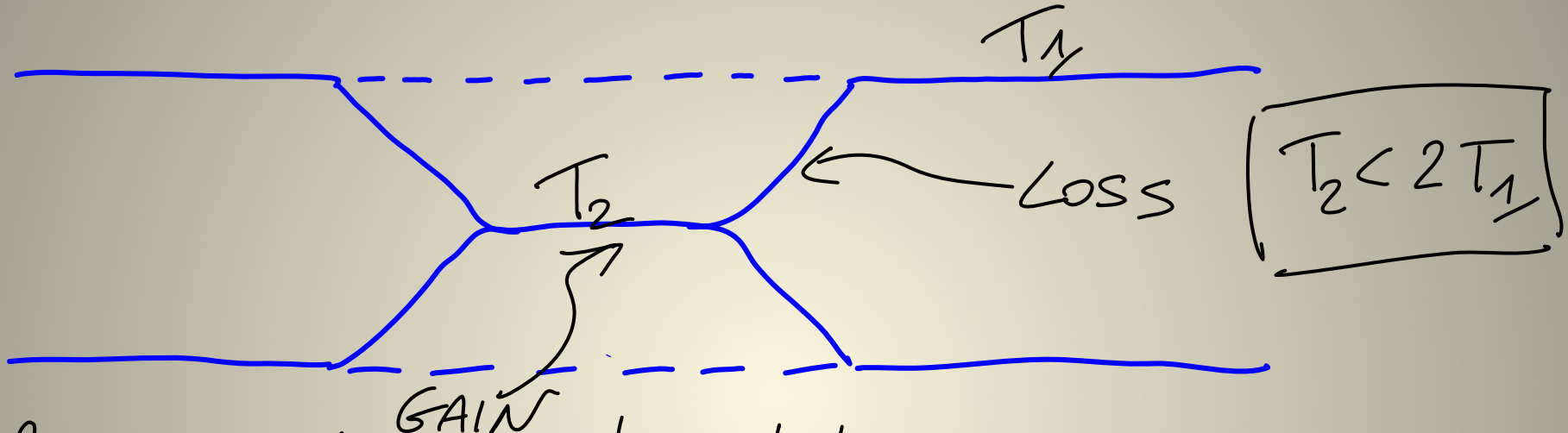


$$T_1 = |z| + \delta$$

$$T_2 = 2|z|$$

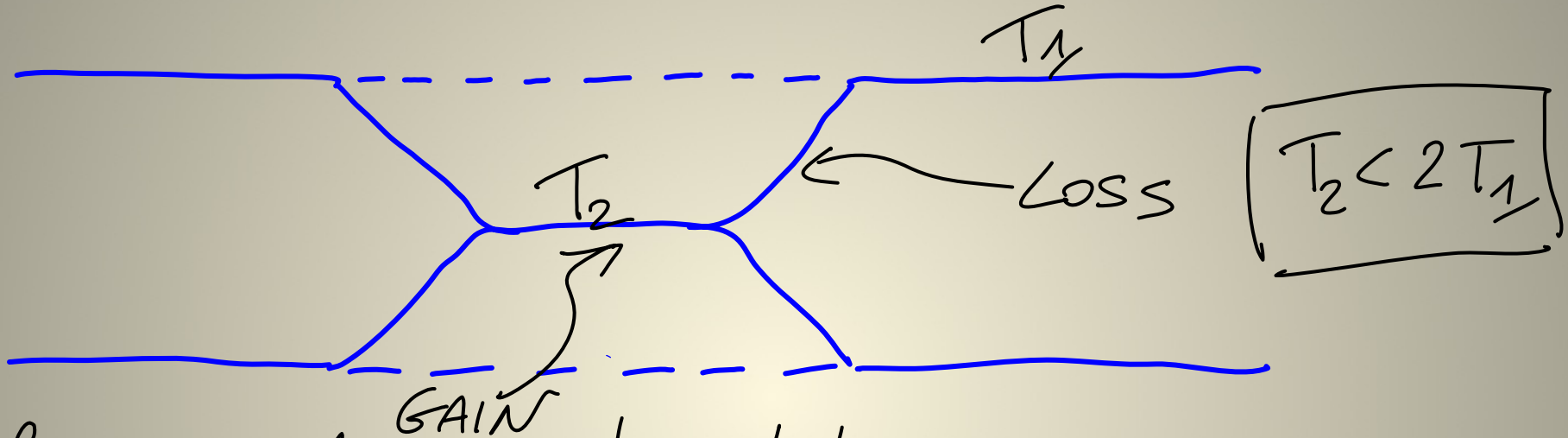


Tunneling



Barrier due to kinetic energy

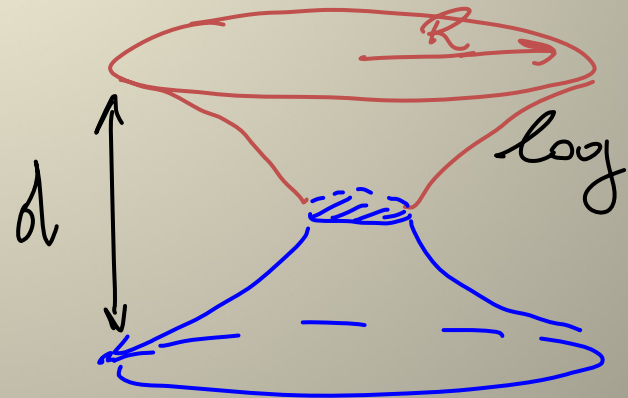
Tunneling



Barrier due to kinetic energy

BOUNCE SOLUTION

$$S_B = \pi T_1 \frac{d^2}{2 \log(R\delta/d^2)} + \dots$$



Index

	Q^1	Q^2	Φ	Q	Q	μ	ξ	$\Lambda^{2n_c - n_f}$
$U(1)_R$	1	1	2	0	0	-2	0	$2(2n_c - n_f)$
$U(1)_J$	1	-1	0	1	1	2	0	0
$U(1)_{J'}$	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	$2(2n_c - n_f)$

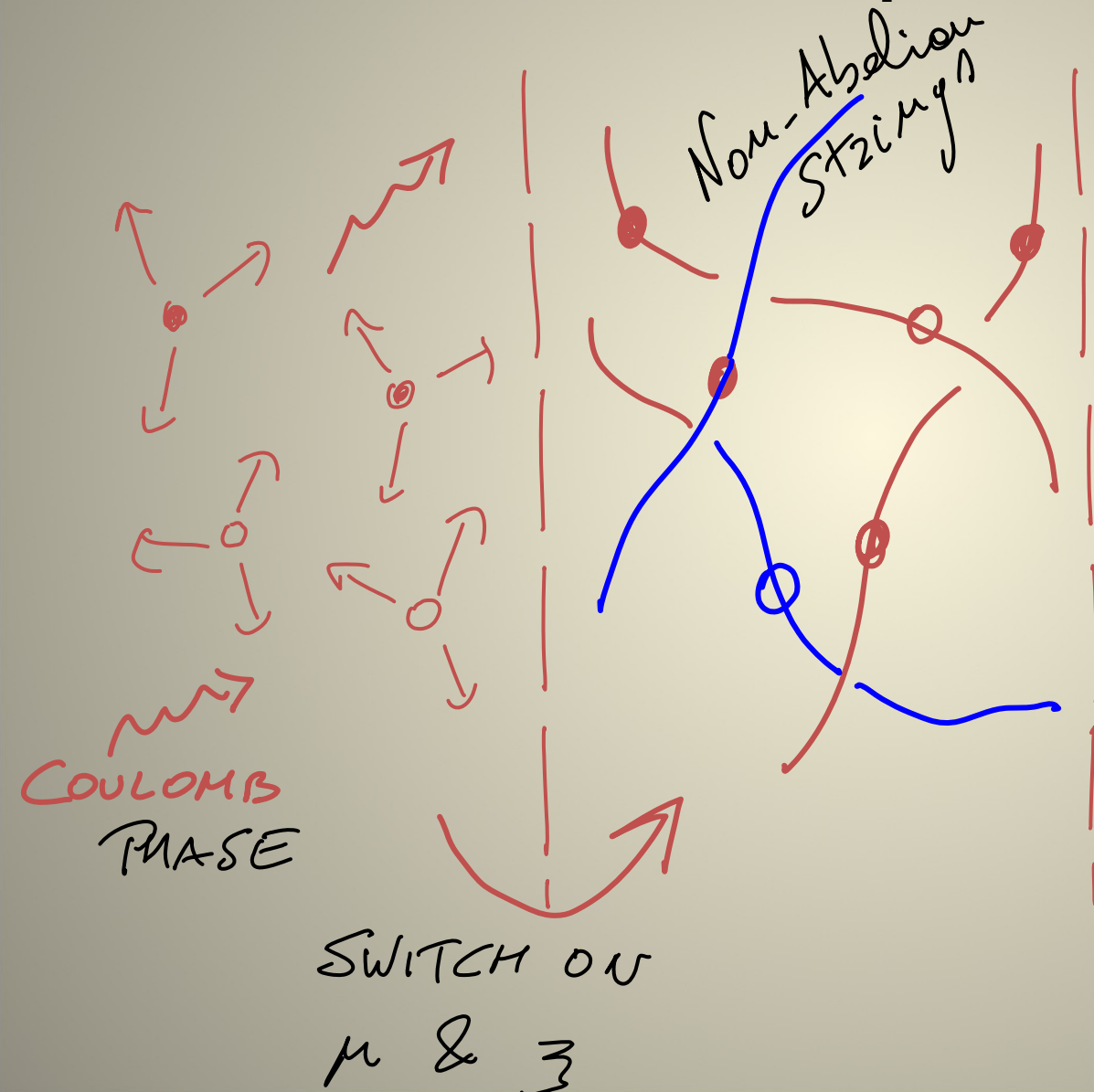


• x x •
 $|v\rangle$ $Q^1|v\rangle$ $Q^2|v\rangle$ $Q^1 Q^2|v\rangle$

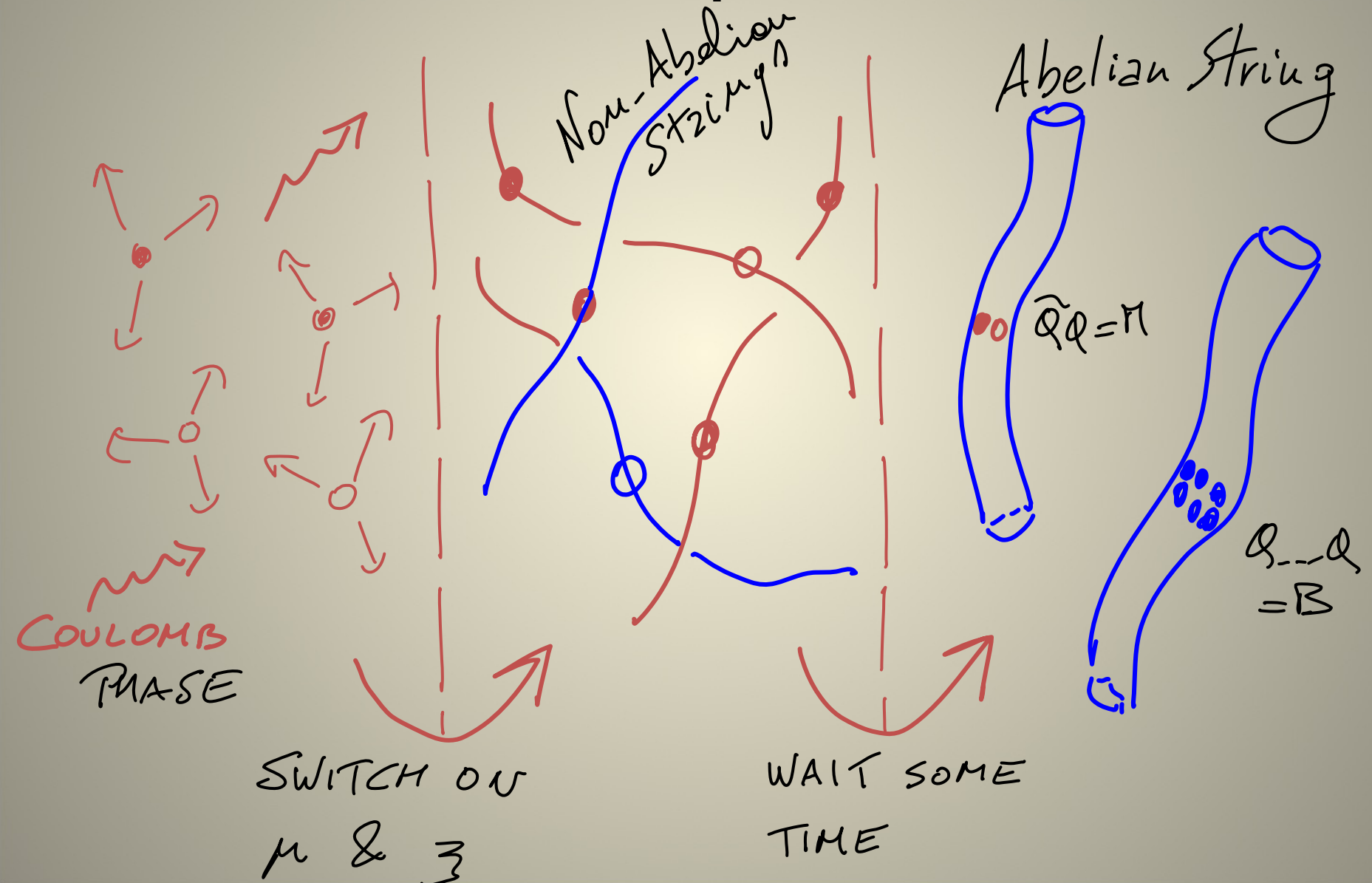
4 STATES
 Short in $N=2$
 But Long in $N=1$



The final experiment ...



The final experiment ...



Conclusion

- Studied Non-Abelian Vortex

$$w=1, \text{ FI}, \quad w'(m)=0$$

- Explored (μ, \mathbb{Z}) parameter space

DSB, n -fold deg. // New CFT Q.N.V.

- Abelian bound state

remains BPS \implies Phase
of SQCD + FI