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B. F. Kehr, Truman, has a New Year's resolution to develop better rotations with corn following a legume. He harvested 56 bushels of corn per acre on land that had been in sod. Corn on land which had been in corn or grain several years yielded 39.5 bushels. More humus and better moisture holding capacity kept corn on Kehr's rotation land from firing so much during the August dry spell, observed Frank D. Martin, SCS district conservationist at Owatonna.

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Expanded use of wood products offers dollar and labor profits to farmers with idle, non-agricultural acres. Parker Anderson, University Farm Extension forester, says farm woodlands can be put to work producing a seasonal or periodic timber harvest. To get idle acres producing, first determine the tree species best suited to your soil. Then order seedlings. Get enough to fill out the open spaces in existing woodlots. Order now for spring delivery.

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Q. What are the responsibilities of the soil conservation district board of supervisors?

A. Their more important duties include: Developing a general soil and water conservation program for land in the district; getting assistance from agencies which can help farmers; receiving and approving or disapproving applications for help from farmers and landowners.

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Livestock feeders can increase the feeding value of their alfalfa hay as well as the yield through a good fertilizer program. University Farm experiments with phosphate or phosphate-potash fertilizer increased the phosphate content in alfalf by over 20 per cent and the yield by a ton an acre. The fertilizer was broadcast and worked into the soil at the time of seeding.