

# Nucleosynthesis in First Supernovae



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# The First Stars ?

- **First Stars (IMF ?)**  **Reionizing Source**  

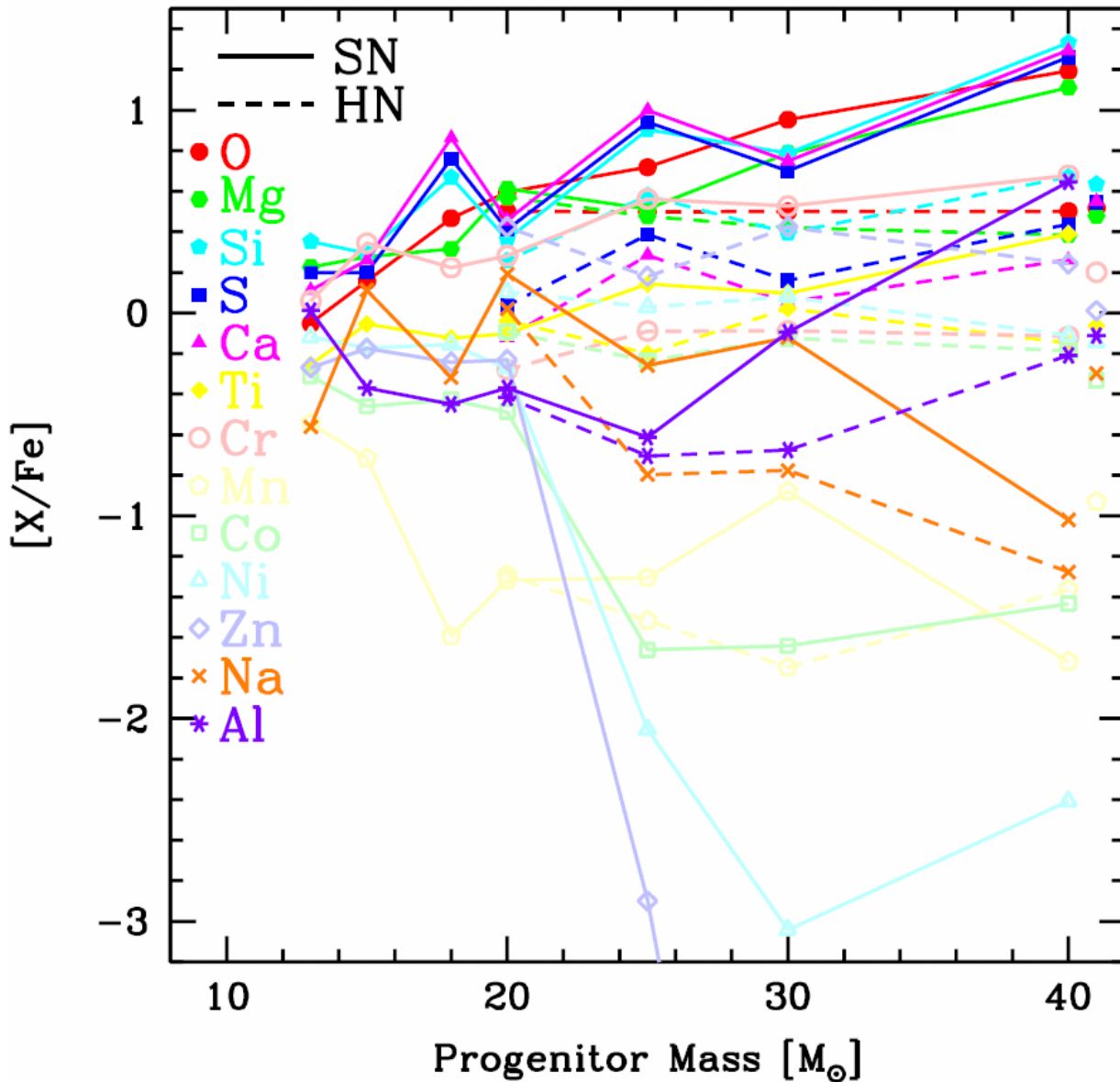
- **First Supernovae** (Type II, Ibc, Hypernovae, Pair)  

- **Metal-Enrichment**  

- **Abundance Ratios @high z, low Z**
  - **EMP** (Extremely Metal-Poor) Stars: Halo, dSph
  - DLA, ICM, ...
  - $\alpha$ -elements: **[(C, N, O, Mg, Si, Ca)/Fe], [Si/O]**
  - **Fe-peak elements: [(Ti, Cr, Mn, Co, Ni, Zn)/Fe]**
  - R-process, s-process elements

# SN II Yields (Pop III)

Z=0



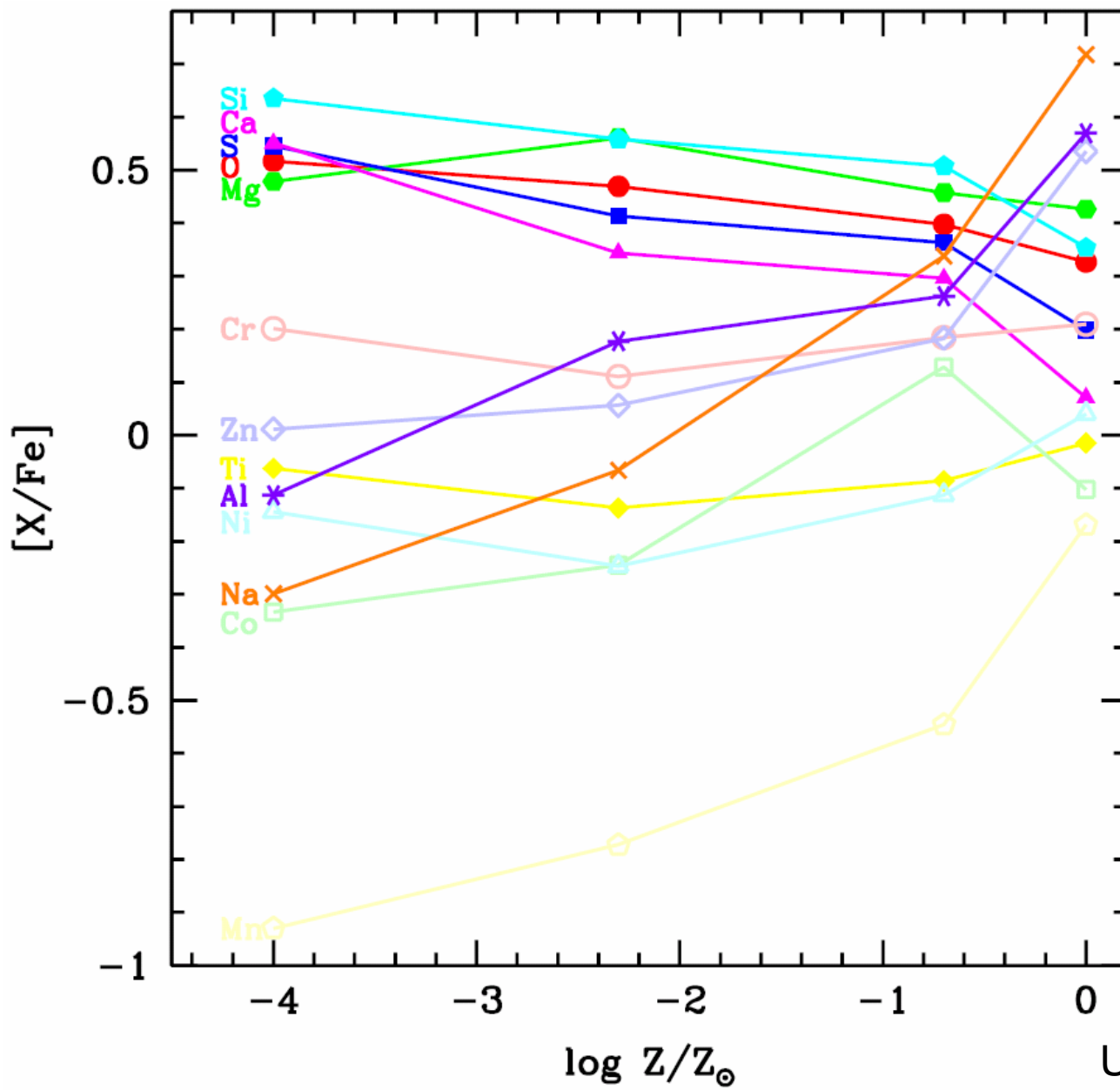
Tominaga et al.(2005)

Woosley Weaver (1995)

Chieffi Limongi (2002)

Umeda Nomoto (2002)

# SN II Yields



# Yields of Core Collapse Supernovae

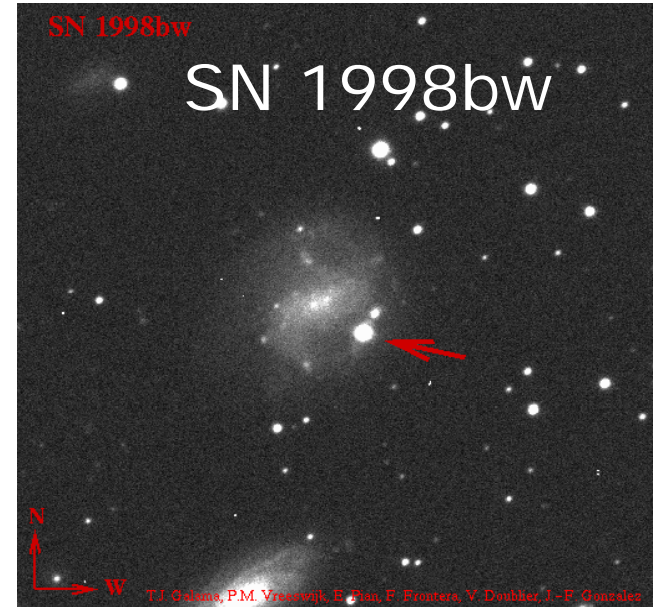
## Parameters in the Explosion Models

- \* Explosion Energy :  $10^{49} - 10^{53}$  erg  
Crab - Hypernovae
- \* Mass Cut
- \*  $Y_e$ : neutrino process (e.g., Frohlich et al. 2005)
- \* Compact Star : NS vs BH  $\rightarrow$  r-process
- \* Mixing & Fallback :
- \* Asphericity : Disk, Jets

# Hypernova Candidates

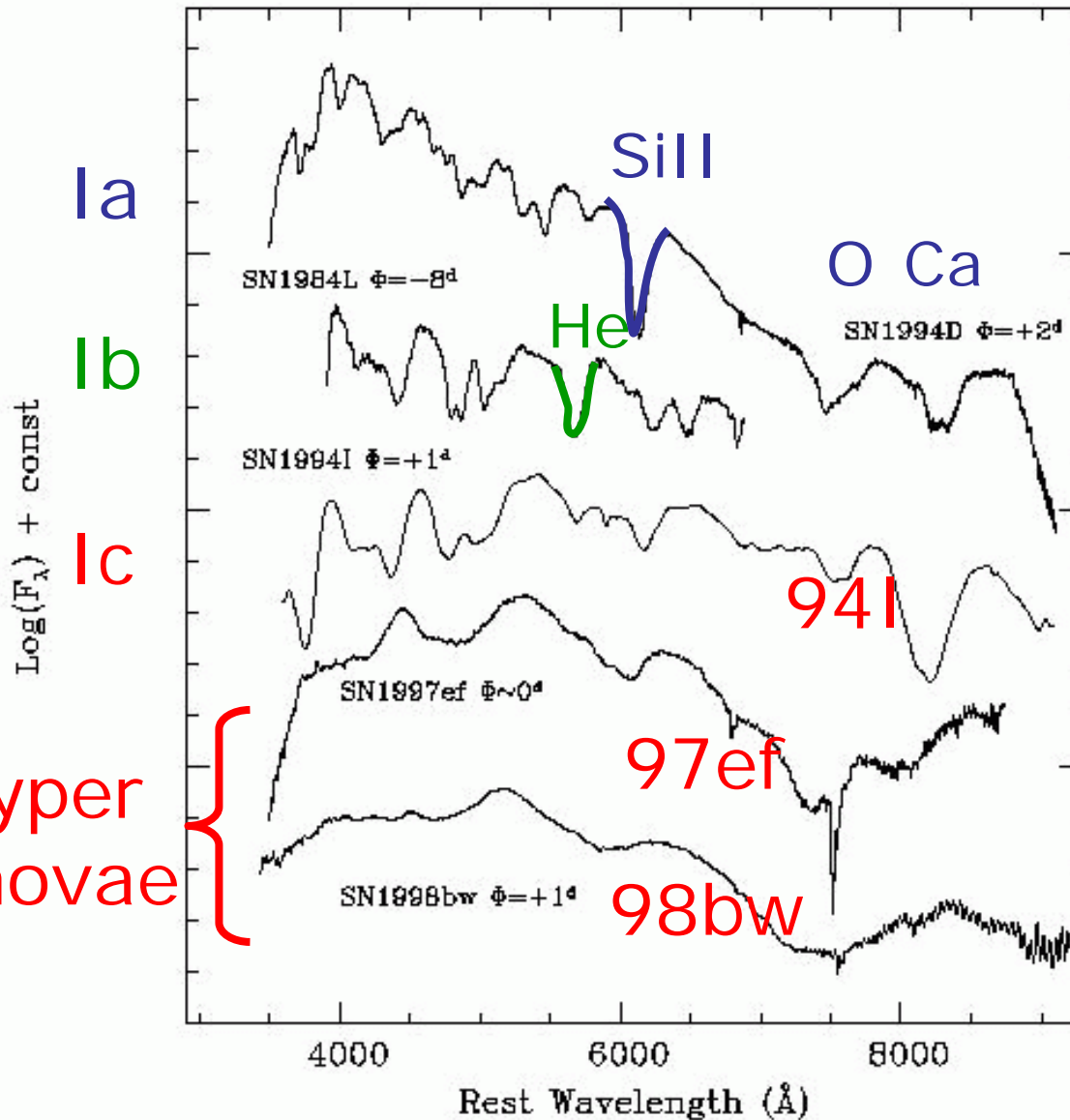
$$E_{\text{kinetic}} > (5-10) \times 10^{51} \text{ ergs}$$

SNe Ic	
SN	GRB
1998bw	980425
1997ef	(971115)
2002ap	
2003dh	030329
2003lw	031203
1997dq	
1998ey	
1992ar	





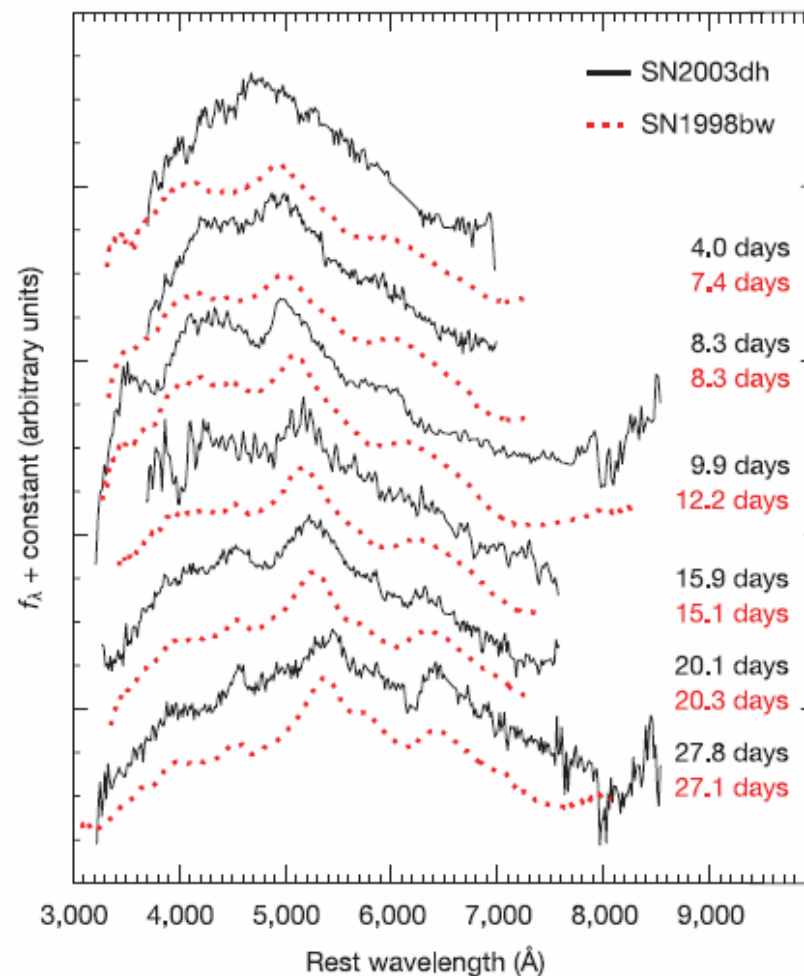
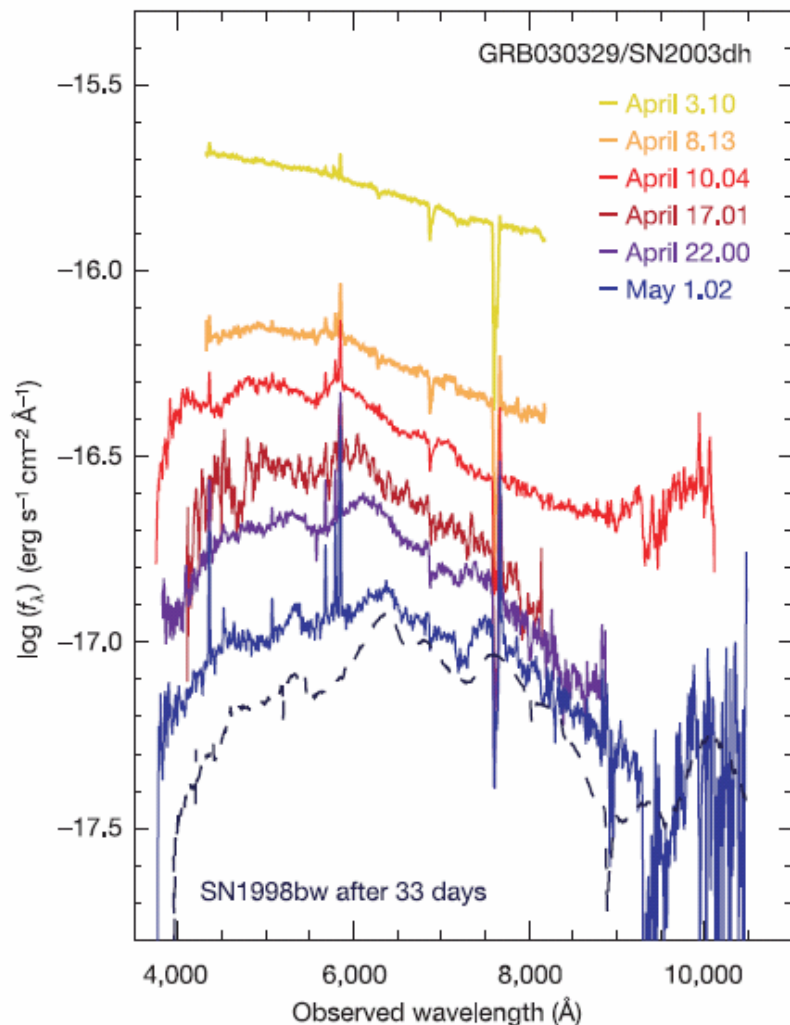
# Spectra of Supernovae & Hypernovae



**Ic:** no H,  
no strong He,  
no strong Si

**Hypernovae:**  
broad features  
↑  
blended lines  
↑  
“Large mass at high velocities”

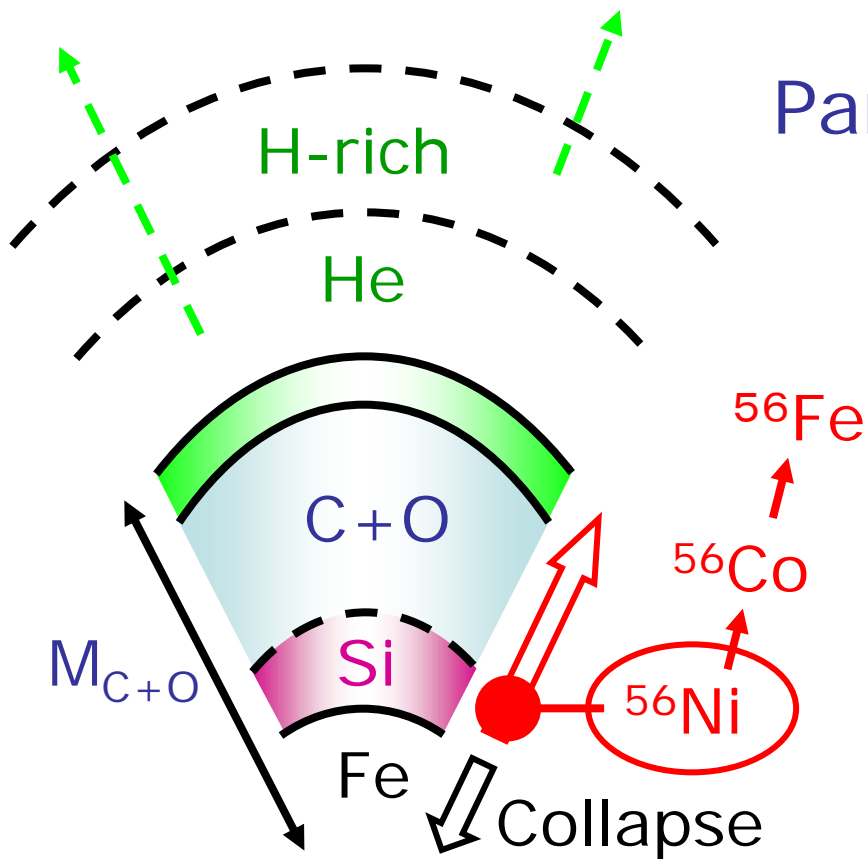
# GRB 030329 / SN 2003dh



*Hjorth et al (2003)*



# CO Star Models for SNeIc



Parameters [ $M_{\text{ej}}$ ,  $E$ ,  $M(^{56}\text{Ni})$ ]

Light Curve

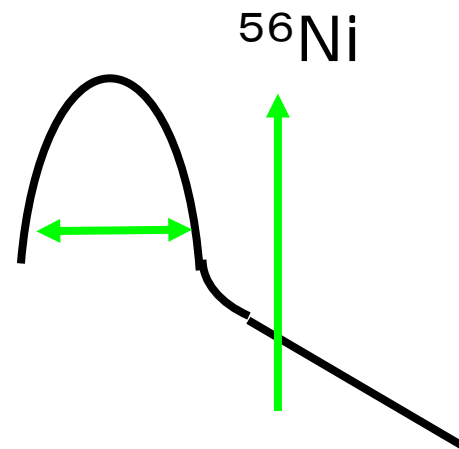
Spectra

$$\tau \sim [\tau_{\text{dyn}} \cdot \tau_{\text{diffusion}}]^{1/2} \quad E \propto M_{\text{ej}}$$

$$\sim \left[ \frac{R}{V} \cdot \frac{\kappa M_{\text{ej}}}{R c} \right]^{1/2}$$

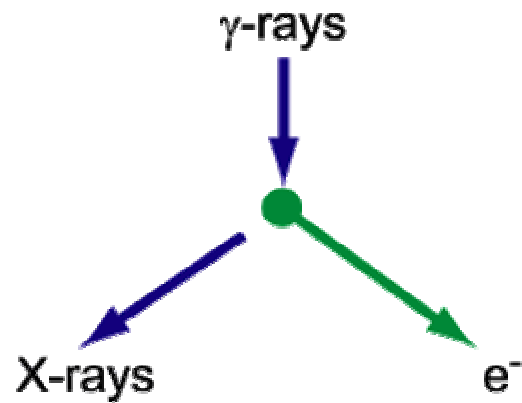
$$\propto \kappa^{1/2} M_{\text{ej}}^{3/4} E^{-1/4}$$

$$E \propto M_{\text{ej}}^3$$



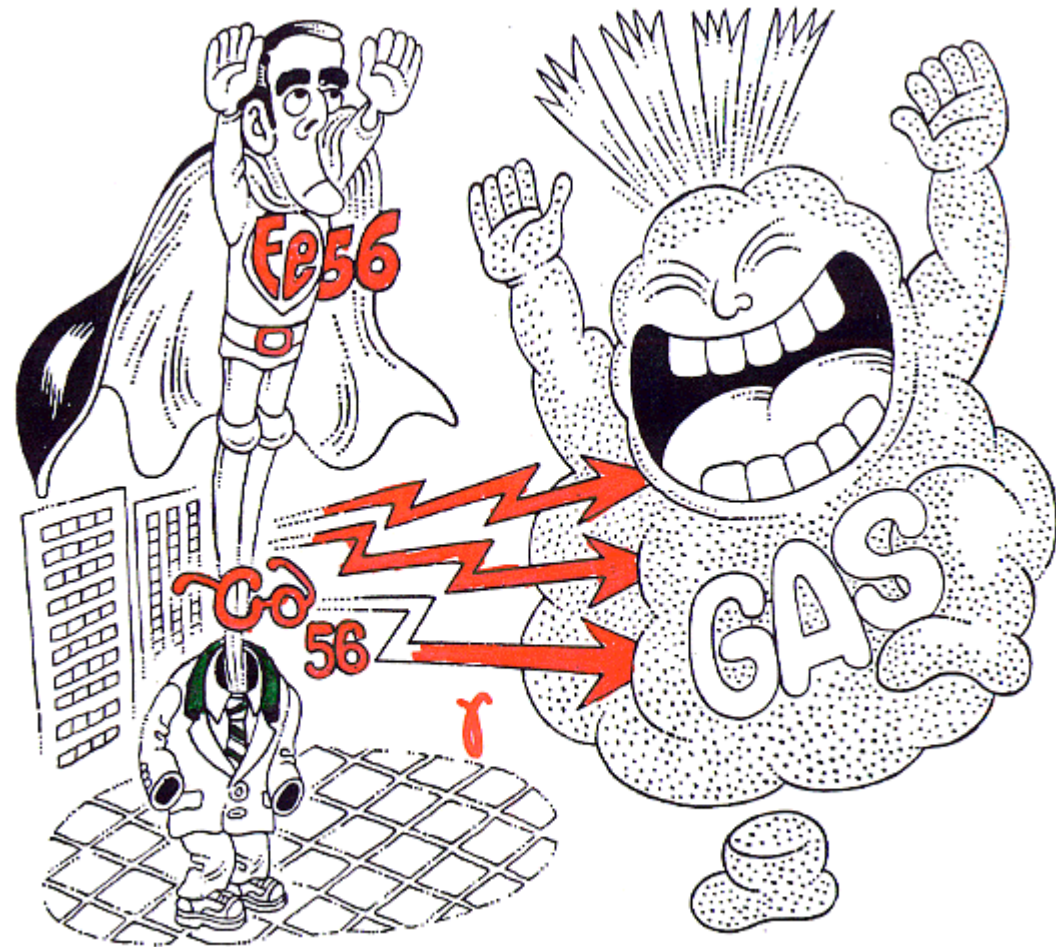
$M_{\text{ms}}/M_{\odot}$	$M_{\text{C+O}}/M_{\odot}$
$\sim 40$	13.8
$\sim 35$	11.0
$\sim 22$	5.0

# $^{56}\text{Co}$ -decay



Photoabsorption    Excitation/Ionization

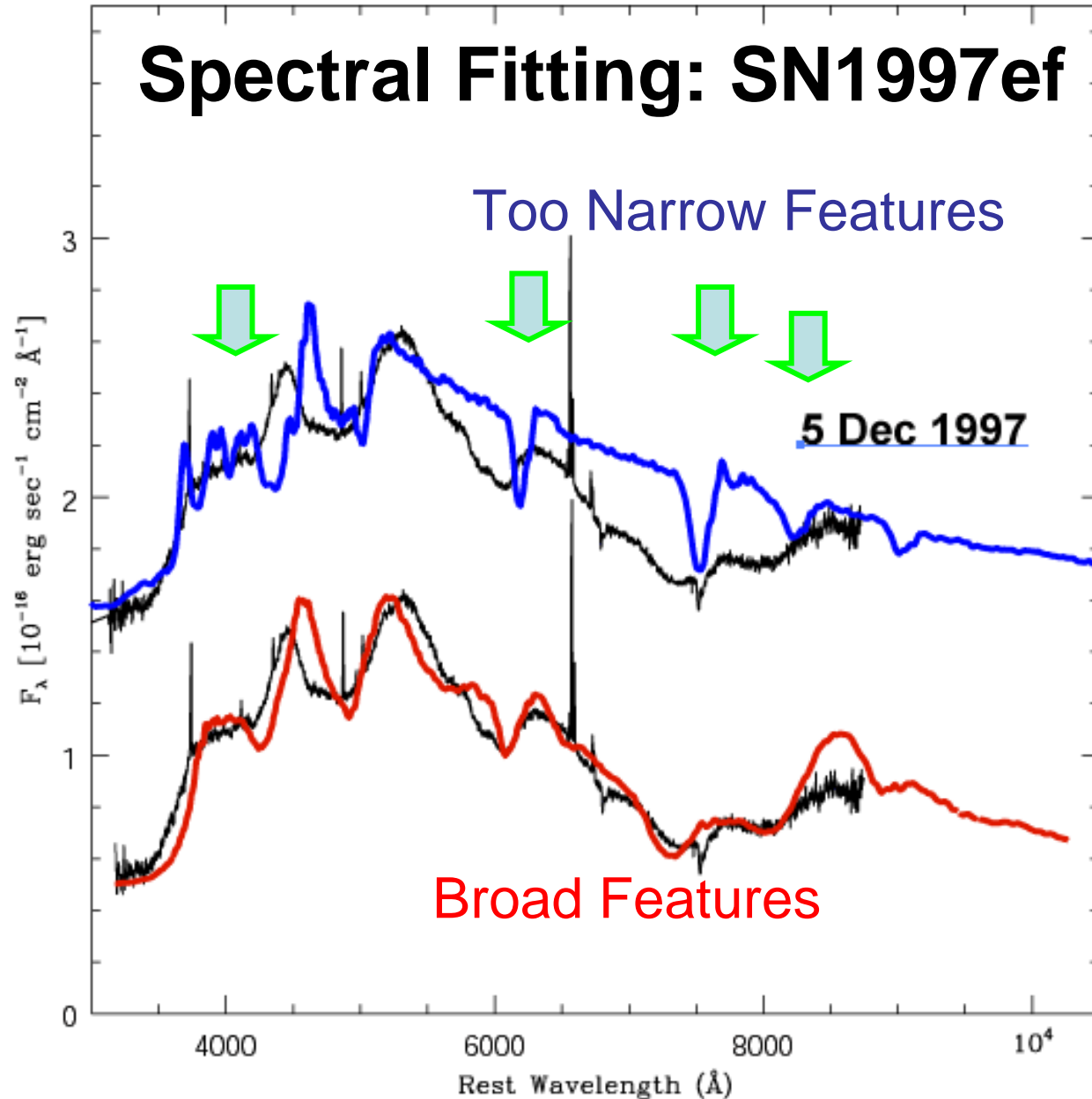
$L \propto M(^{56}\text{Ni})$   
Shape:  $M_{ej}$



© Haruyo Nomoto

# Spectral Fitting: SN1997ef

Iwamoto et al.  
(2000)



$$E_{51} = E / 10^{51} \text{ erg}$$

Normal SN  
( $E_{51} = 1$ )

Small  $M_{ej}$

Hypernova  
( $E_{51} = 20$ )

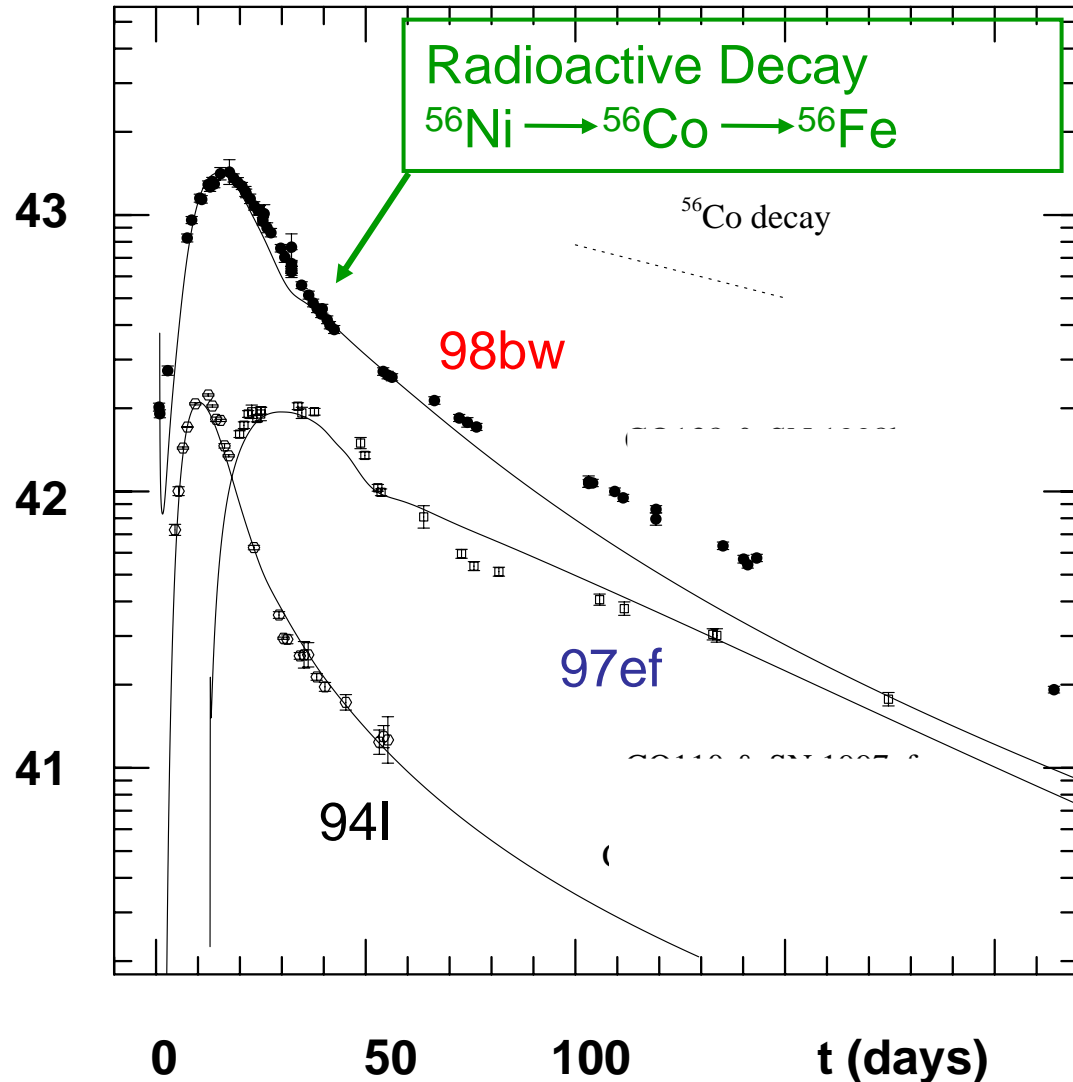
Large  $M_{ej}$   
at High Vel.

# Light curves of Hypernovae & SNeIc

## C+O Star Models

	98bw	97ef	94I
$M_{\text{ms}}$ ( $M_{\odot}$ )	40	35	15
$M_{\text{C+O}}$ ( $M_{\odot}$ )	13.8	10.0	2.1
$E_{\text{K}}$ ( $10^{51}$ erg)	30	20	1
$M(^{56}\text{Ni})$ ( $M_{\odot}$ )	0.5	0.15	0.07

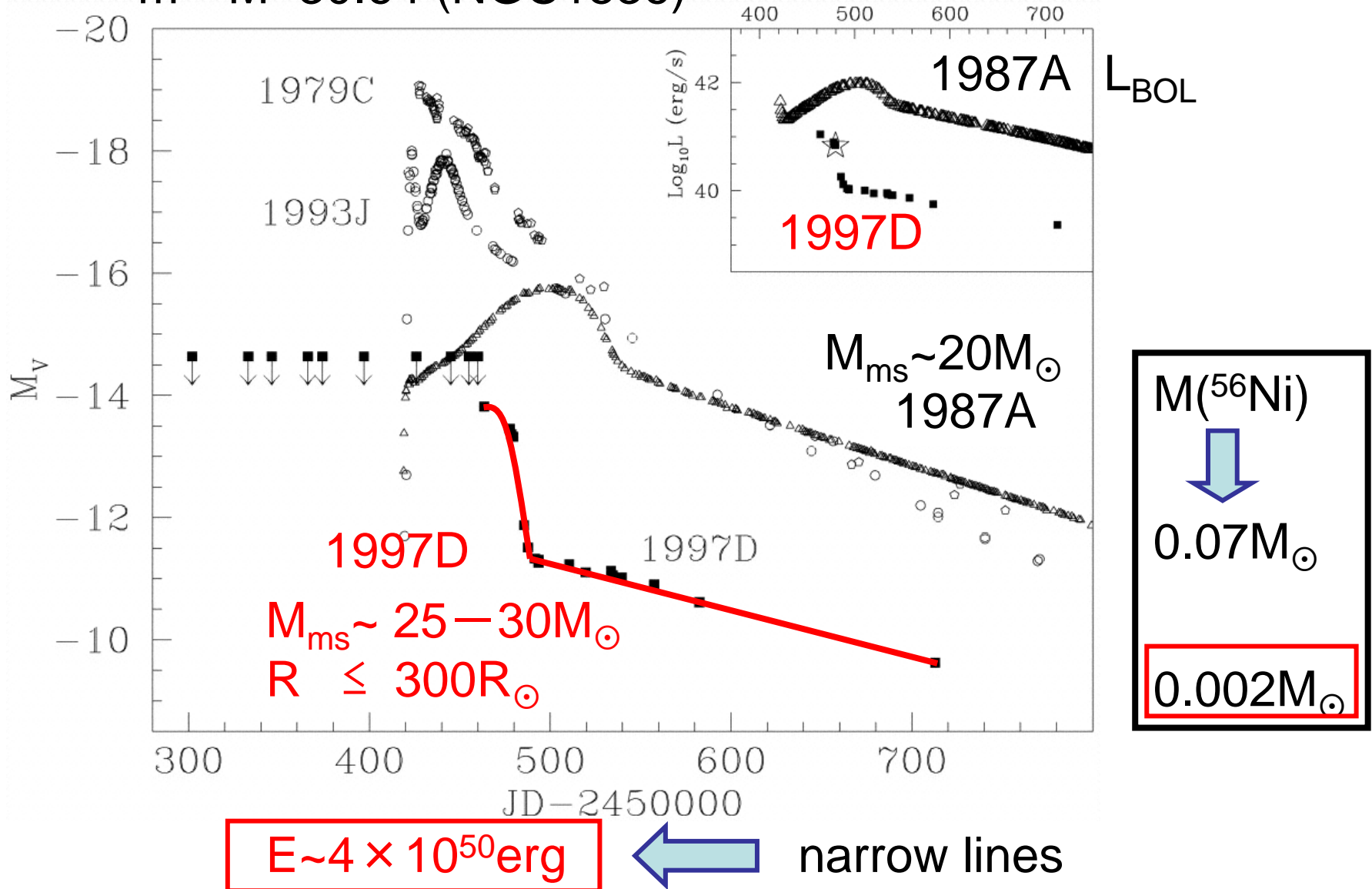
log L  
(erg/s)



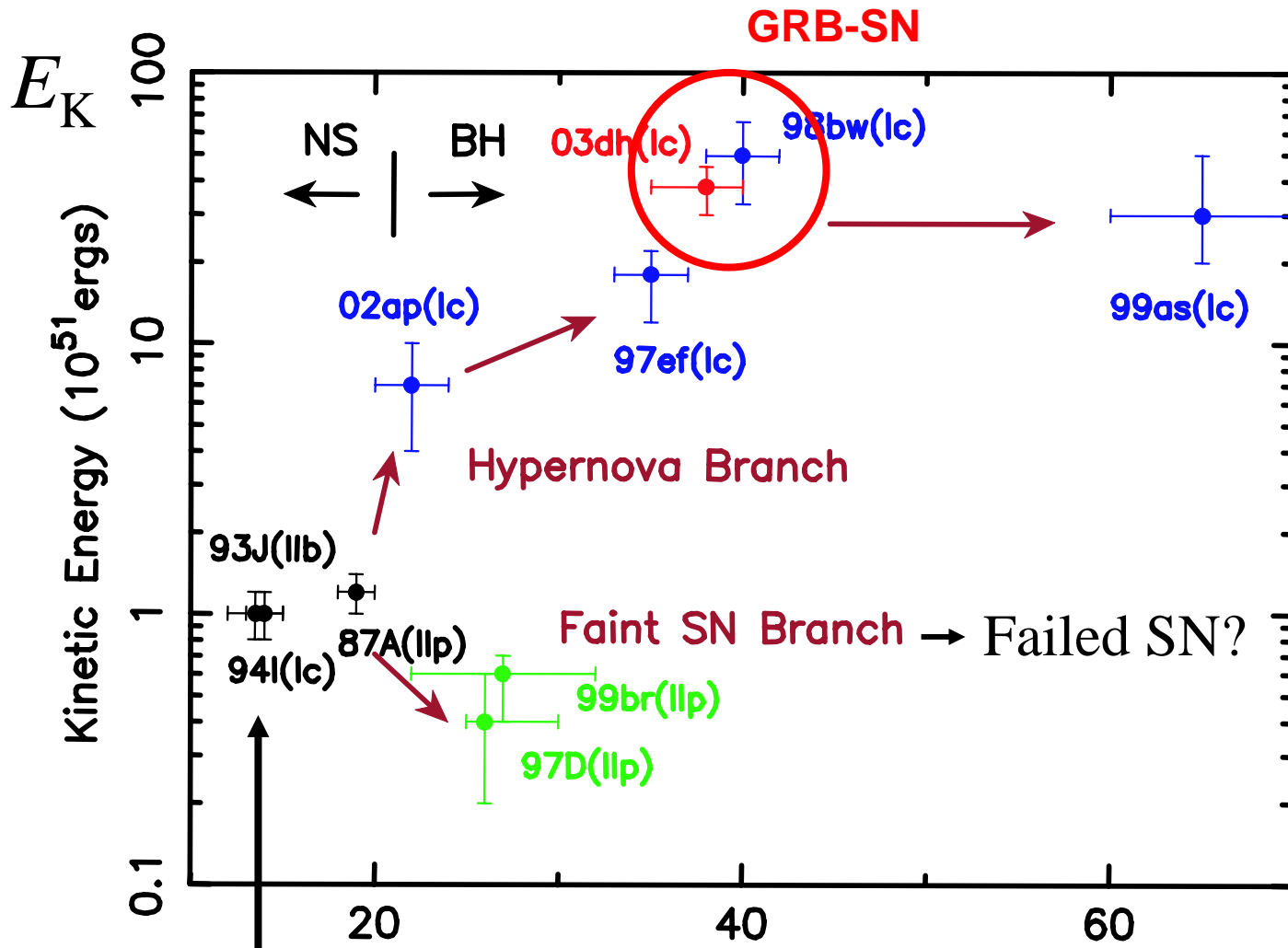
# SN II 1997D: Faint SN

Turatto, Mazzali, Young,  
Nomoto, Iwamoto et al. (1998)

$m - M = 30.64$  (NGC1536)



# Hypernovae/Faint SNe

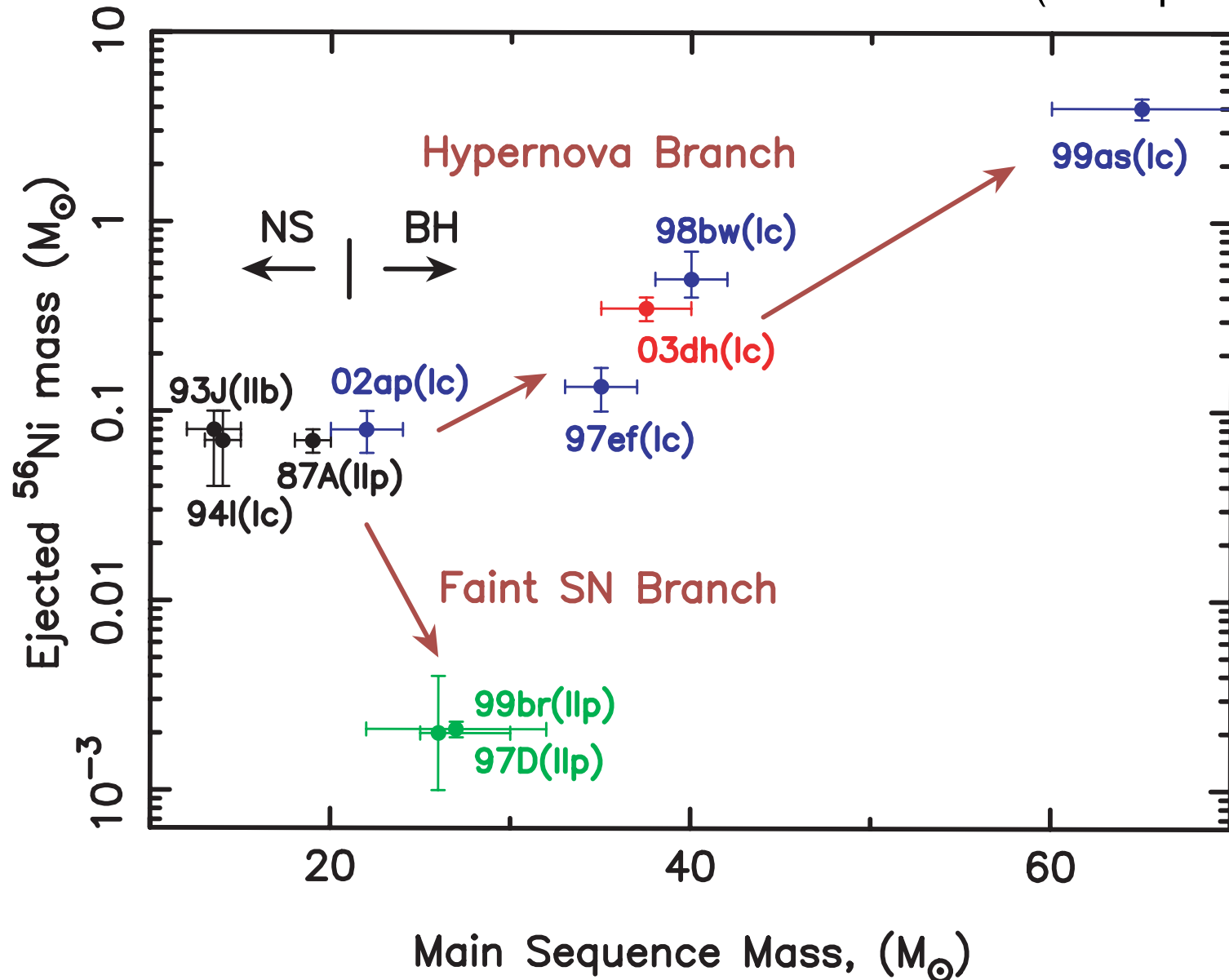


$13M_{\odot} \sim 15M_{\odot}$  Main Sequence Mass, ( $M_{\odot}$ ) Nomoto et al. (2003)

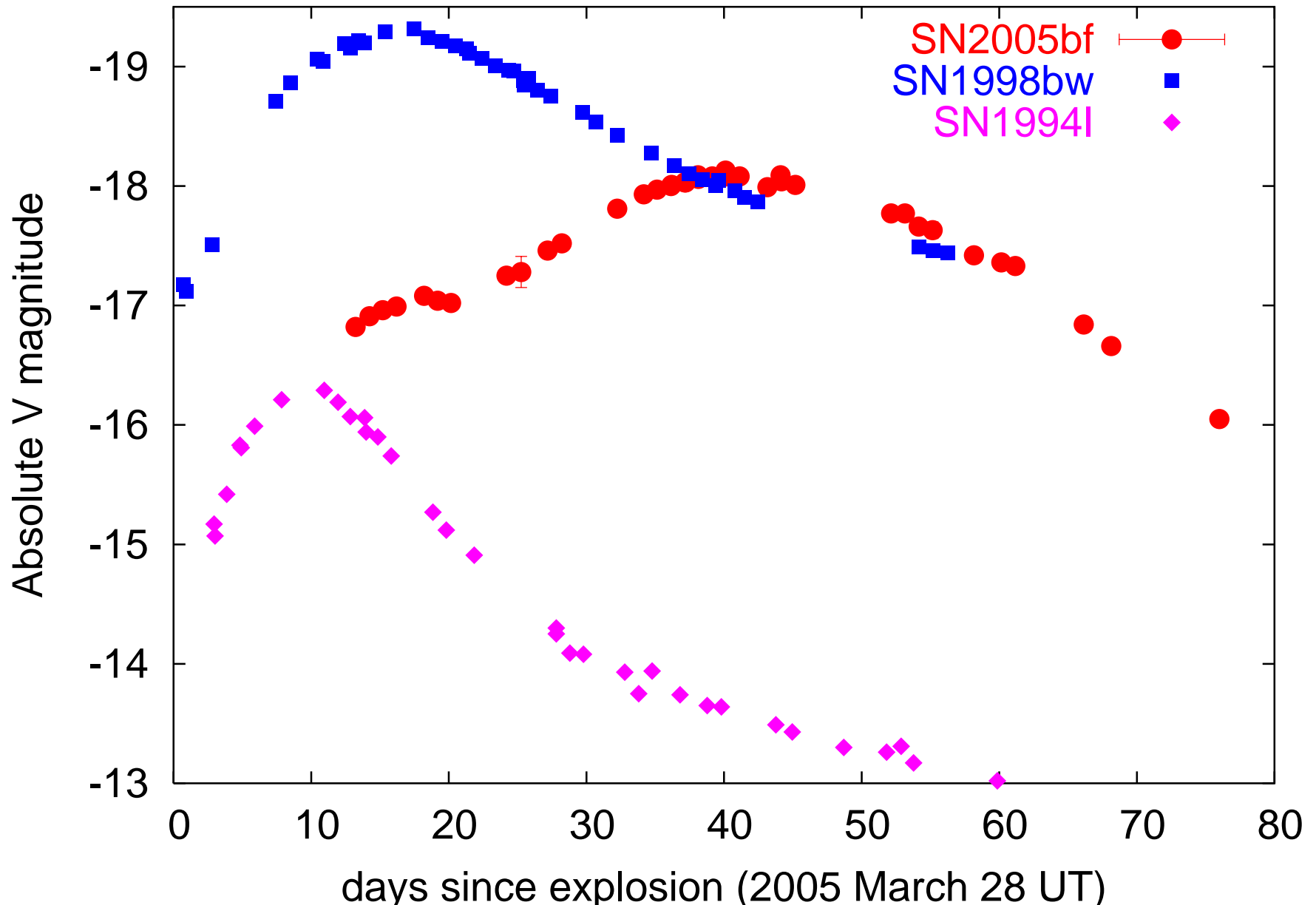


# Hypernova and Faint SN ( $^{56}\text{Ni}$ mass)

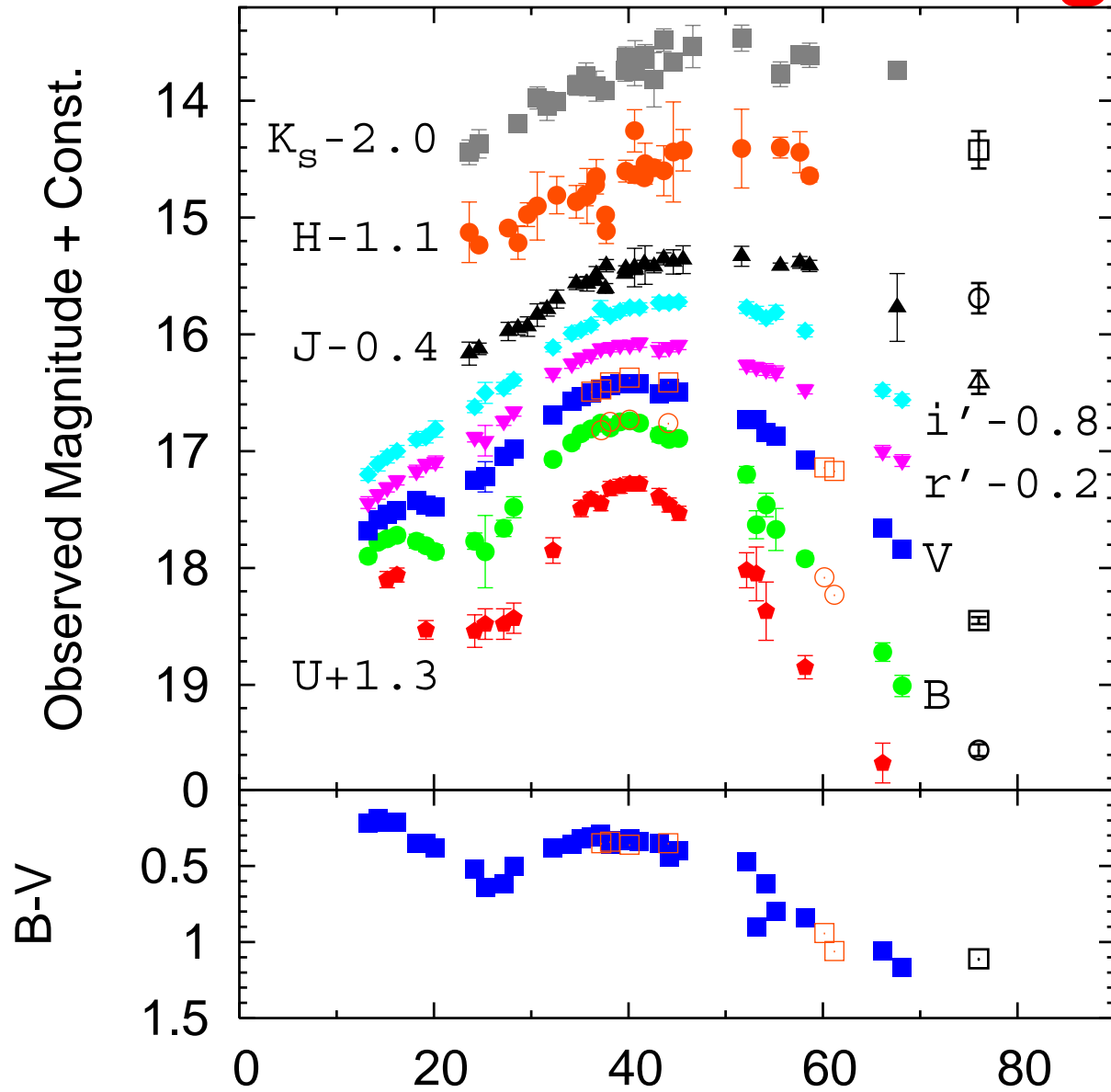
Nomoto et al. (astro-ph/0308136)



# Type Ib SN 2005bf: Light Curve



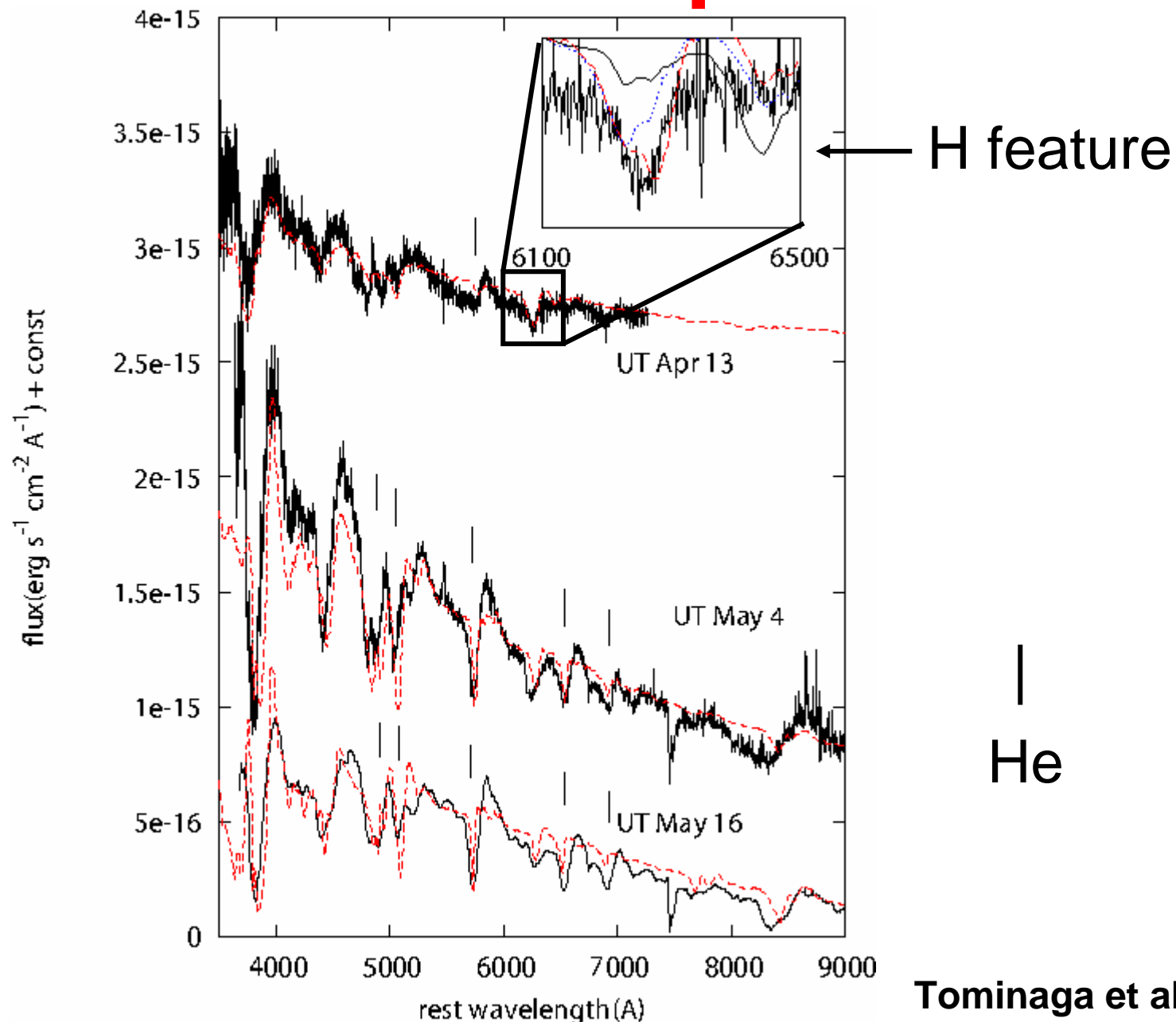
# SN 2005bf: Observed Light Curves



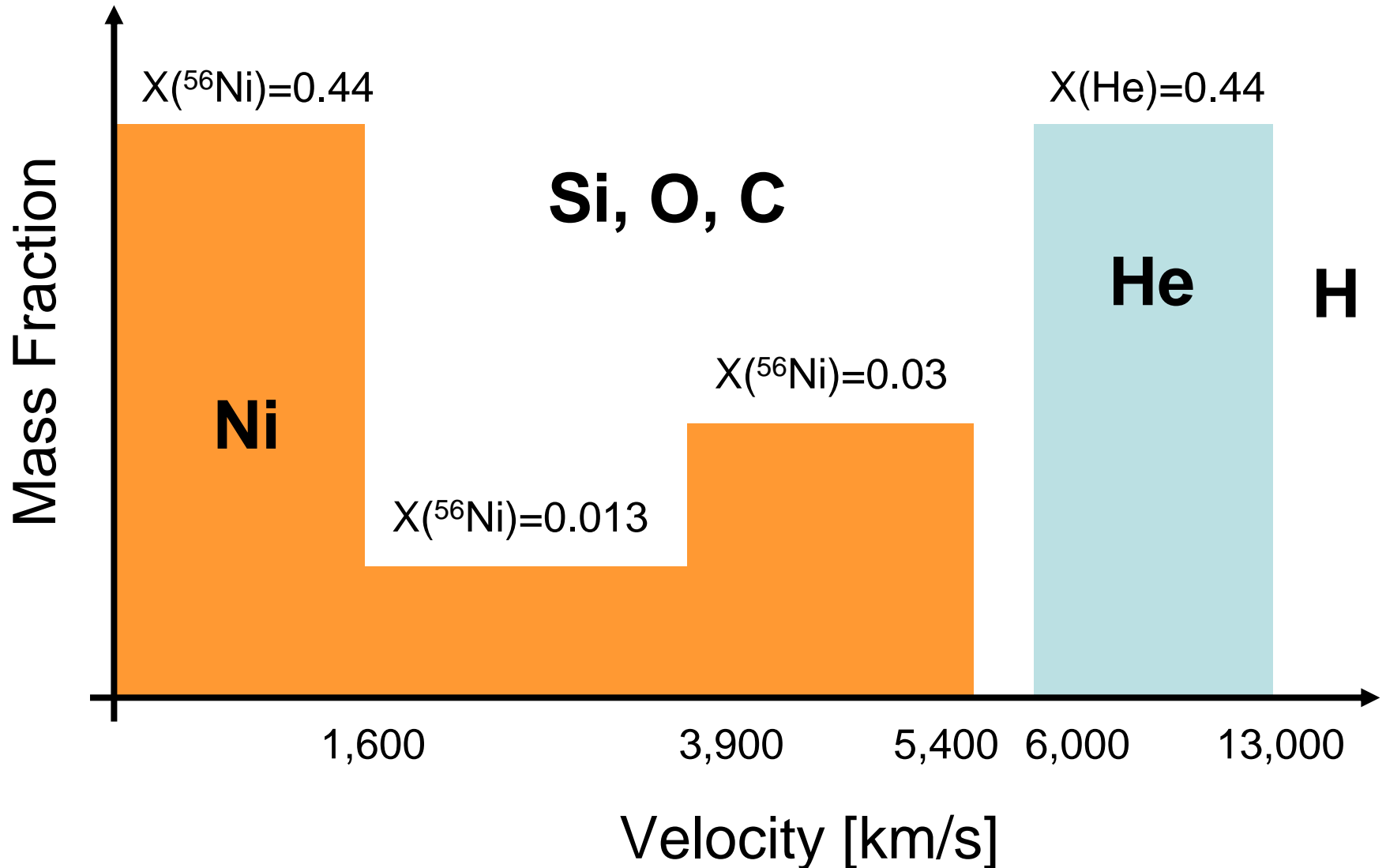
days since explosion (2005 March 28 UT)

Tominaga et al. 2005

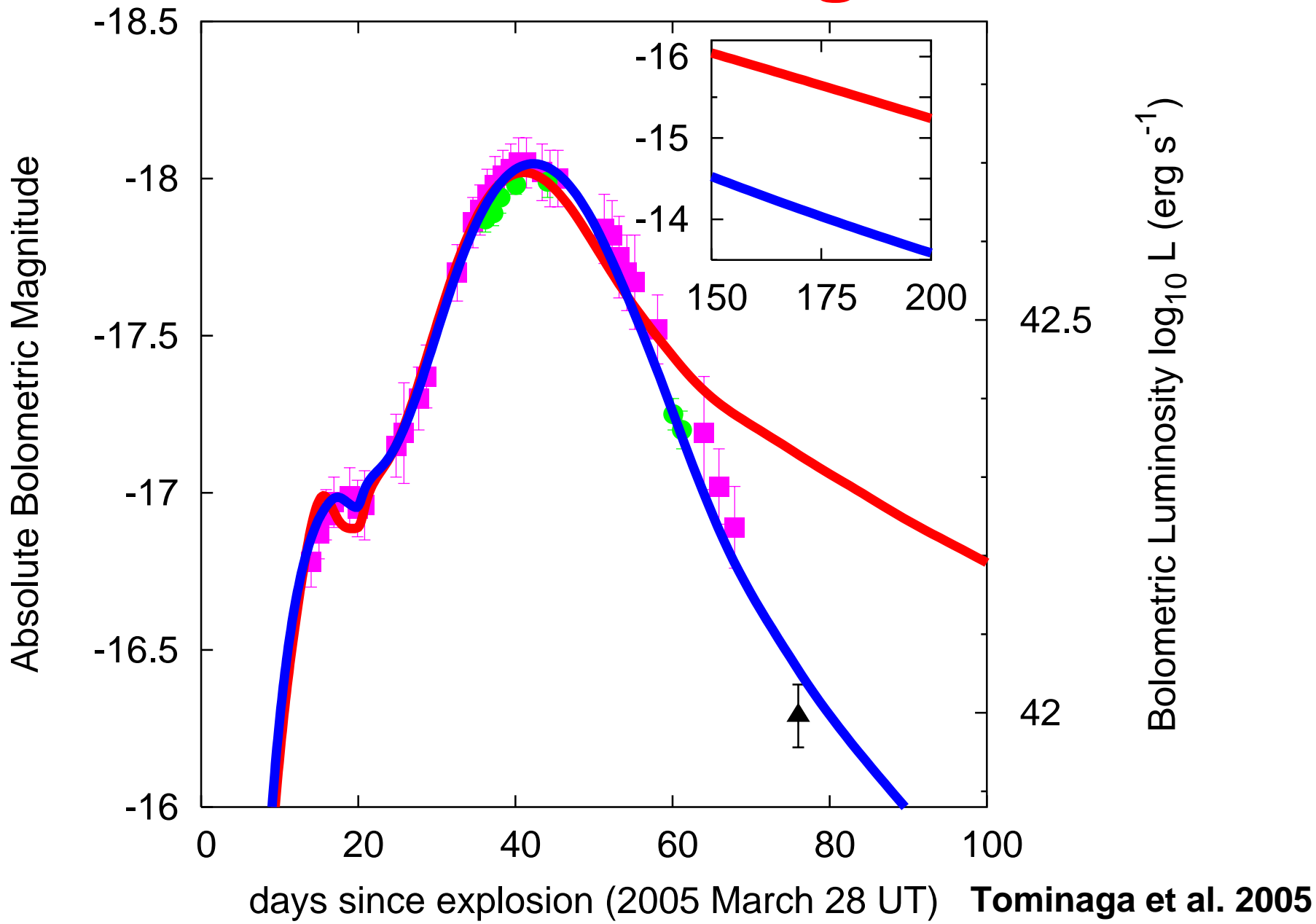
# SN 2005bf: Spectra



# SN 2005bf: Abundance Distribution



# SN 2005bf: Model Light Curves





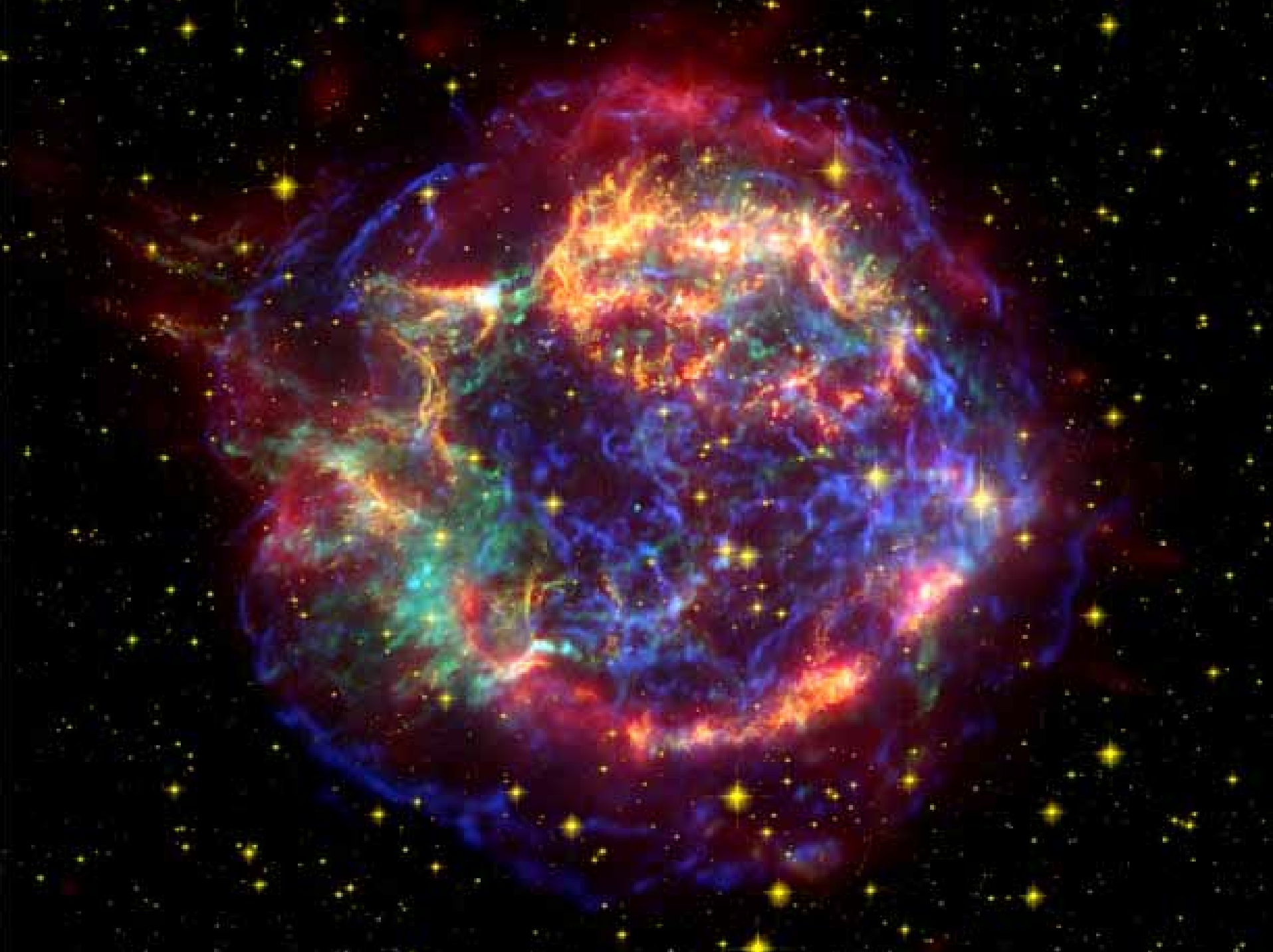
# The Unique Type Ib SN 2005bf

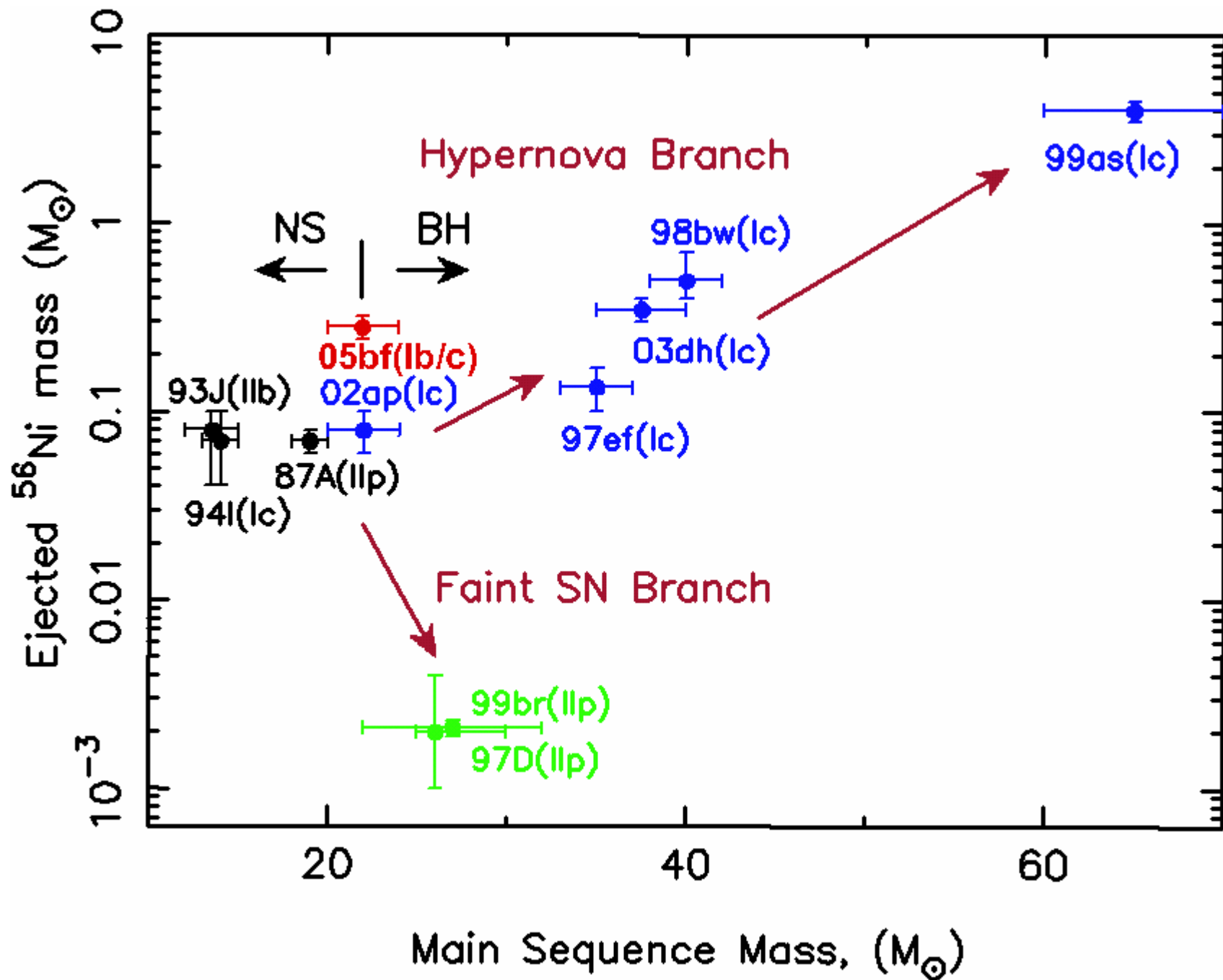
- Peculiar Light Curve

- Double peaks
- Slow rise to the 2nd peak (~40 days)

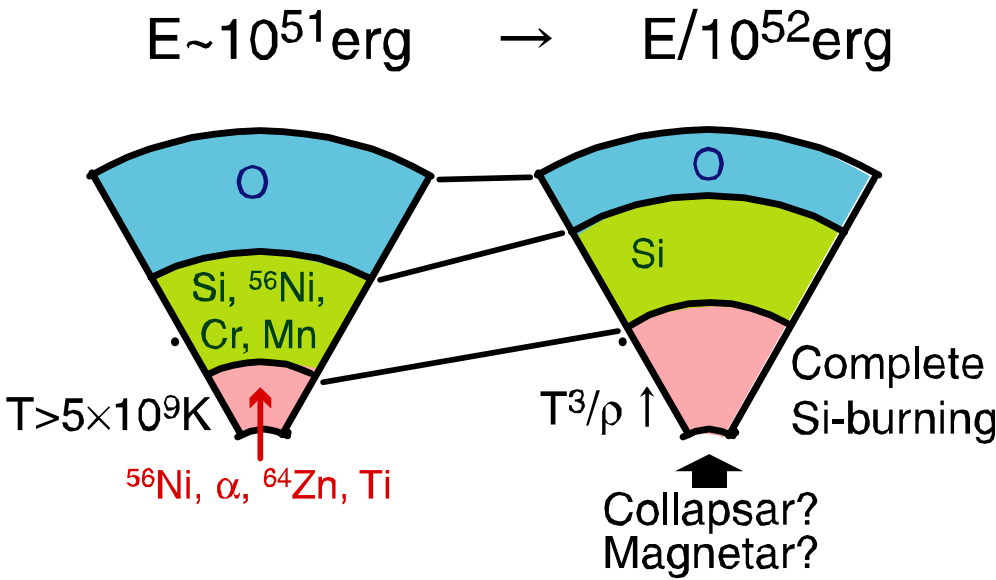


- Double peaked  $^{56}\text{Ni}$  distribution **→ Jets?**
- $M_{\text{ej}} \sim 6 - 7 M_{\odot}$  ( $M_{\text{ms}} \sim 25 - 30 M_{\odot}$ )
- $E \sim 1.3 \times 10^{51}$  erg &  $M(^{56}\text{Ni}) \sim 0.3 M_{\odot}$  **> NS?**
- Explosion of a WN star He, H features
- **Cas A?** Magnetar?





# Hypernova Nucleosynthesis



(1) M(Complete Si-burning) ↗

(Zn, Co)/Fe ↗

(Mn, Cr)/Fe ↘

Fe/(O, Si) ↗

(2) More  $\alpha$ -rich ← entropy ↗

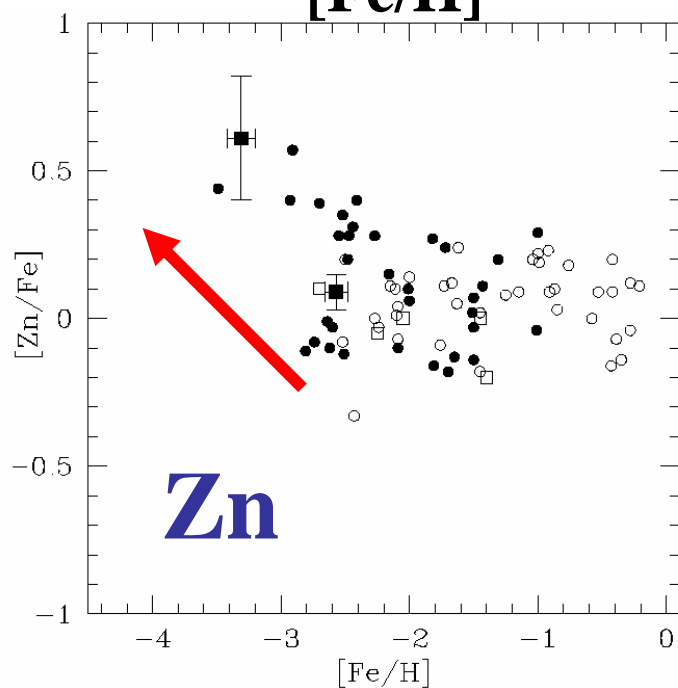
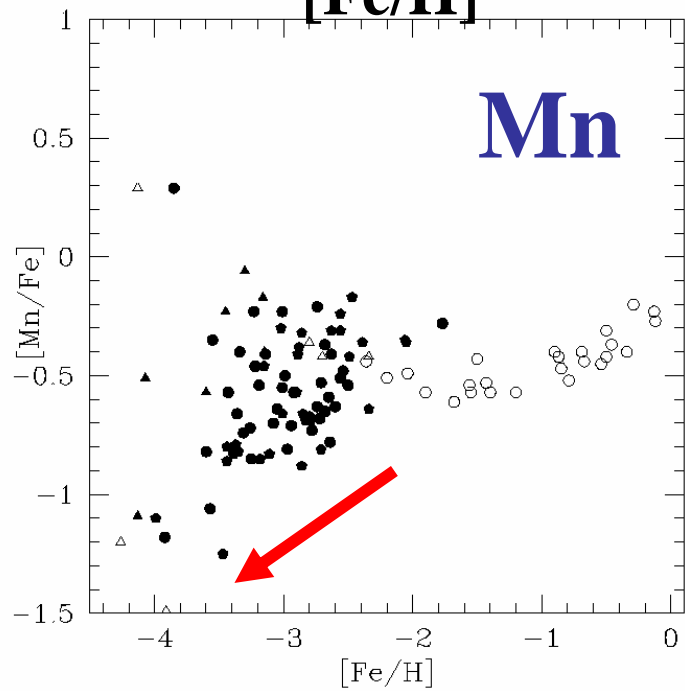
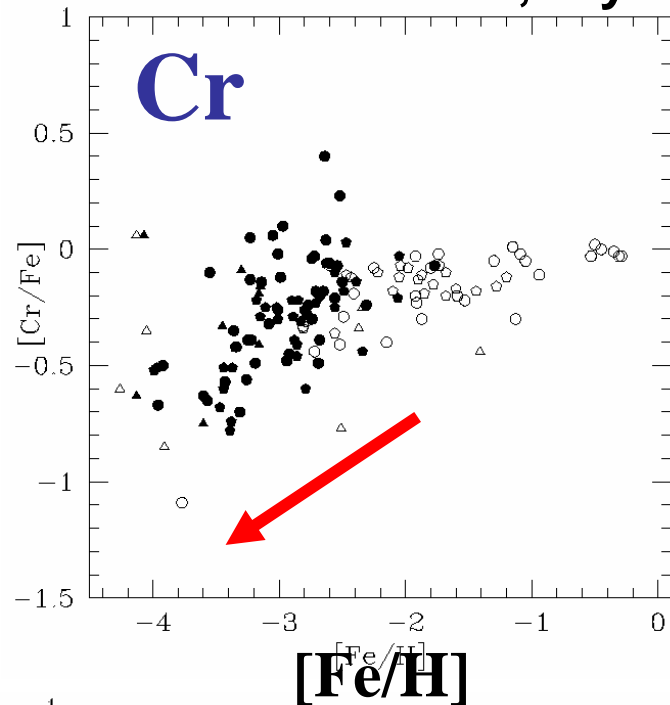
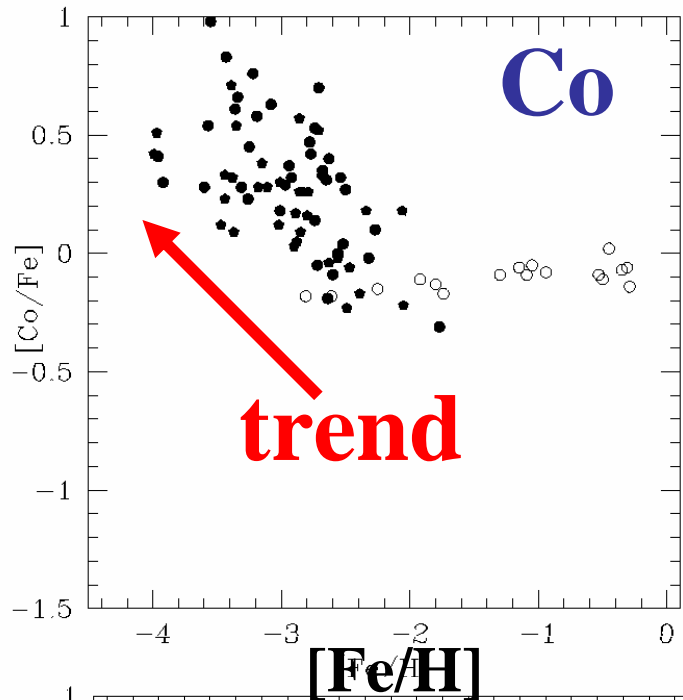
Zn/Fe ↗ ←  $^{64}\text{Ge}$

Ti/Fe ↗

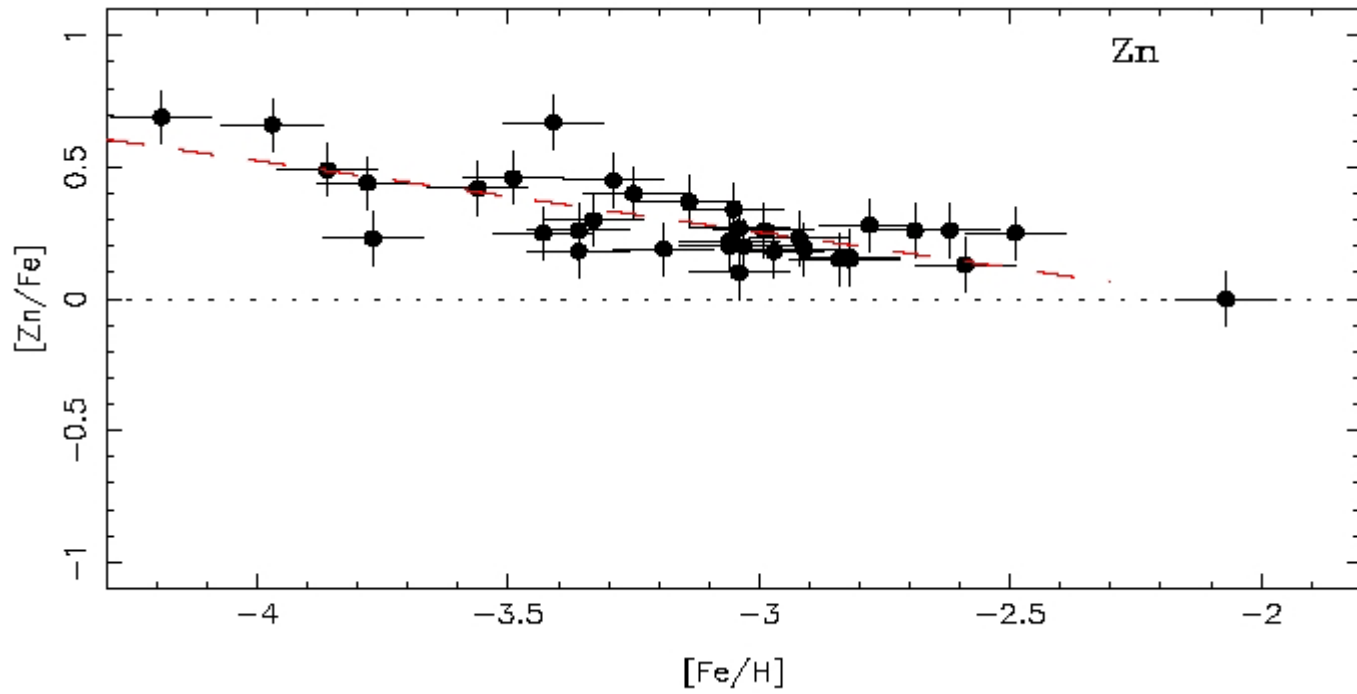
(3) More O burns

(Si, S, Ca)/O ↗

# McWilliam, Ryan

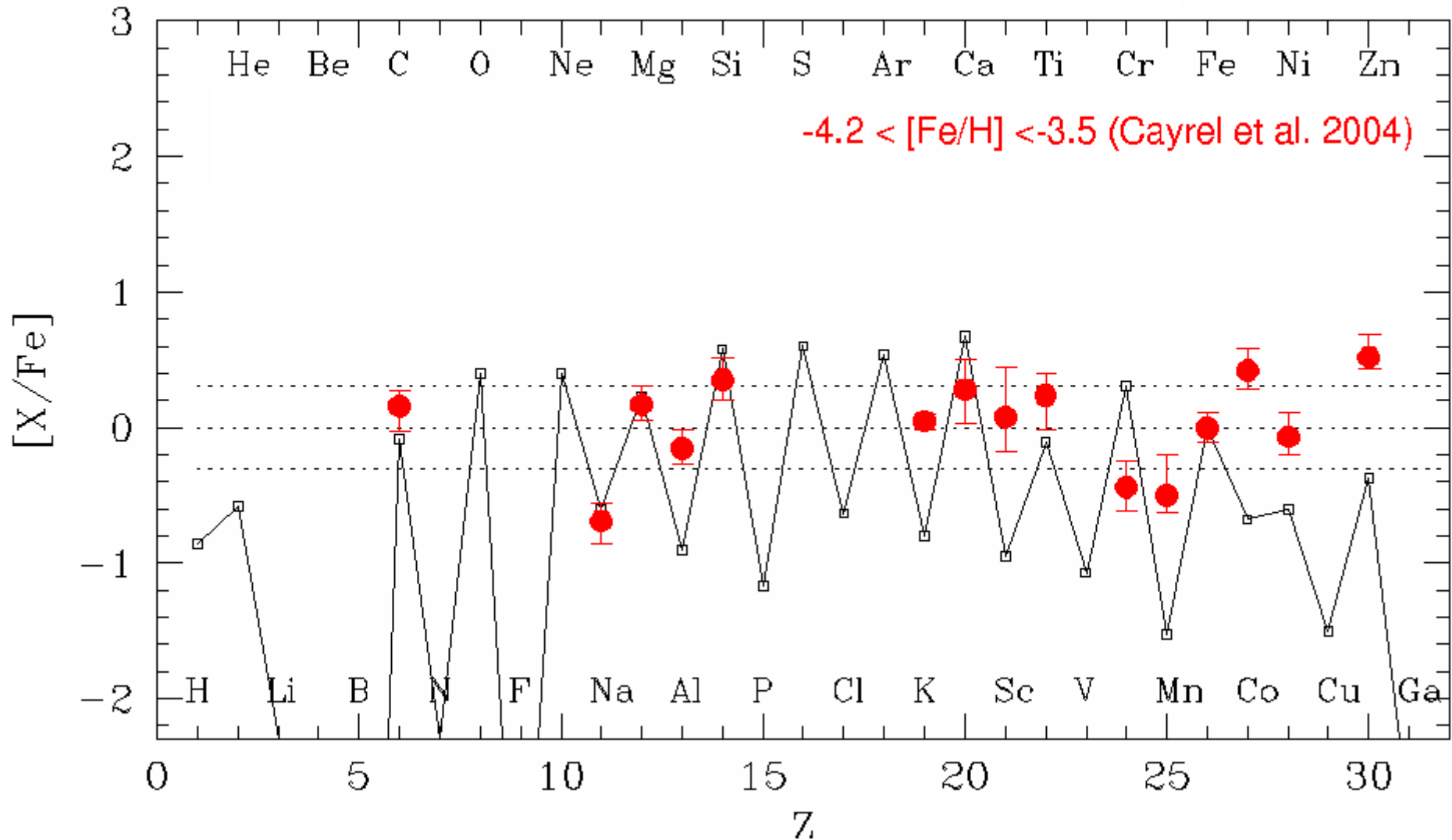


# [Zn/Fe]: Cayrel et al. (2003)



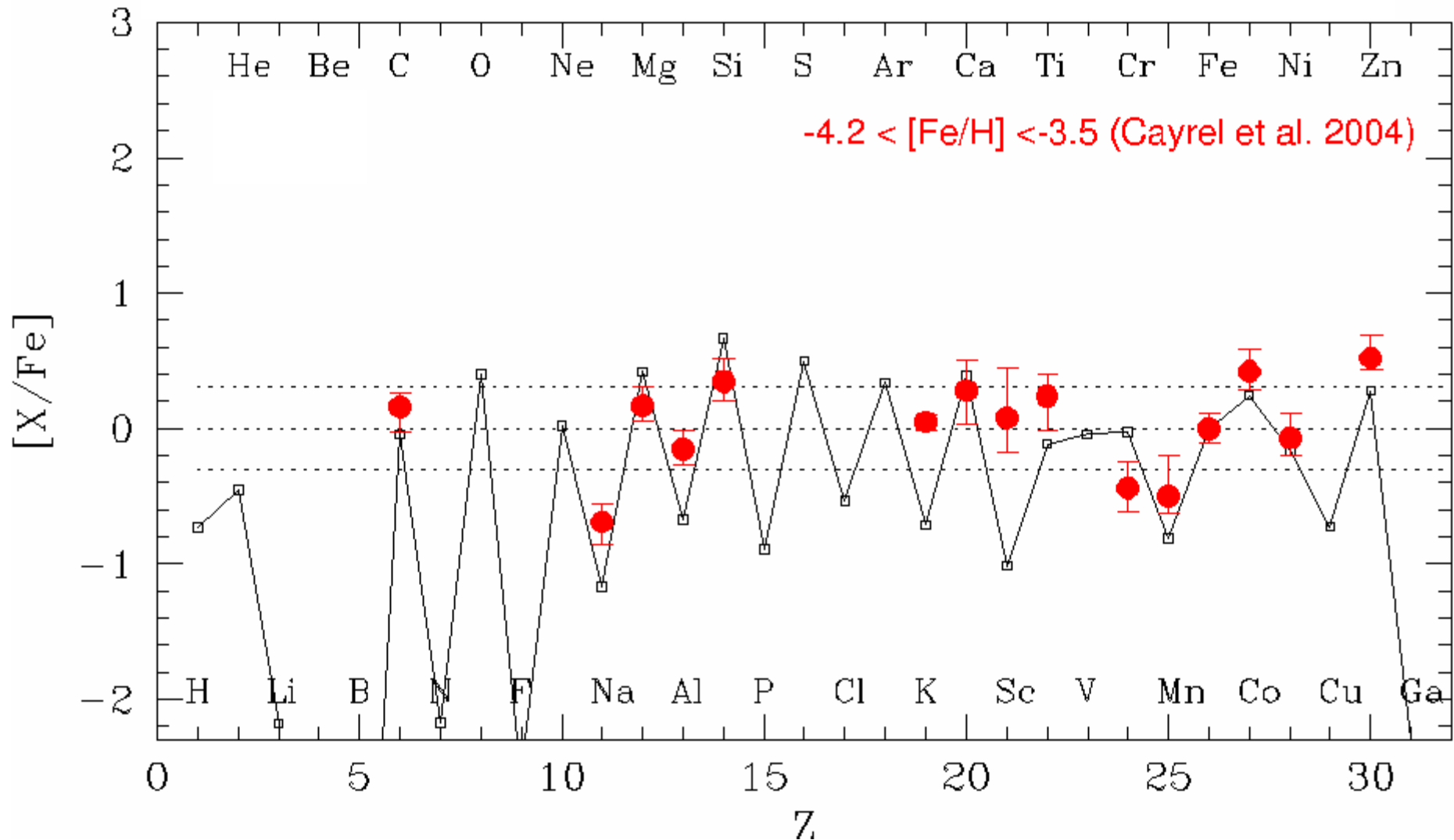


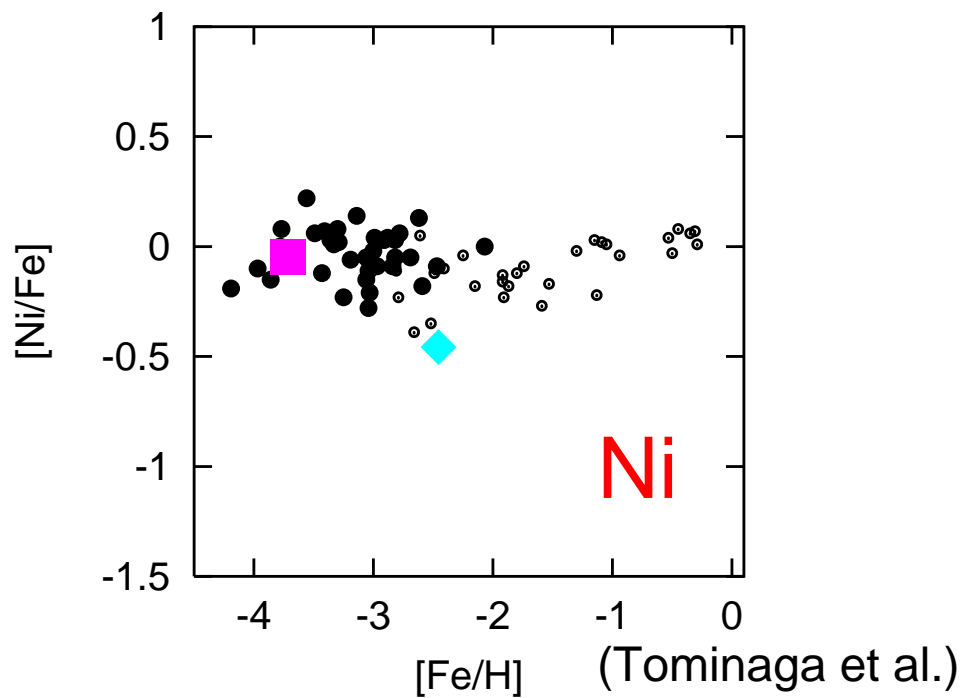
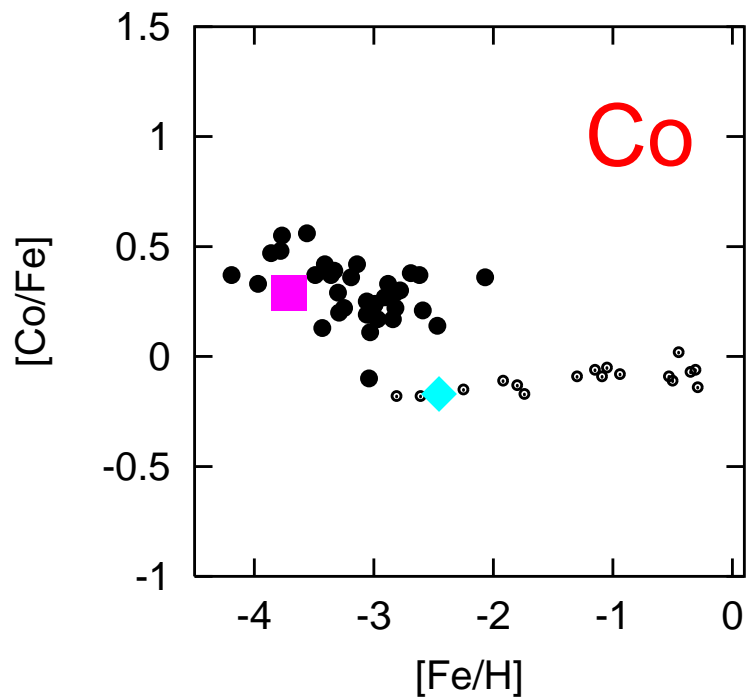
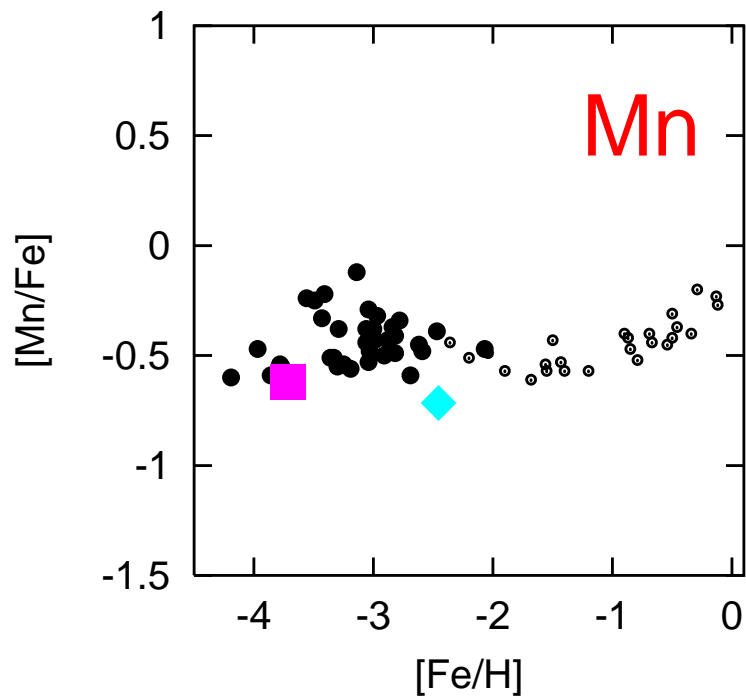
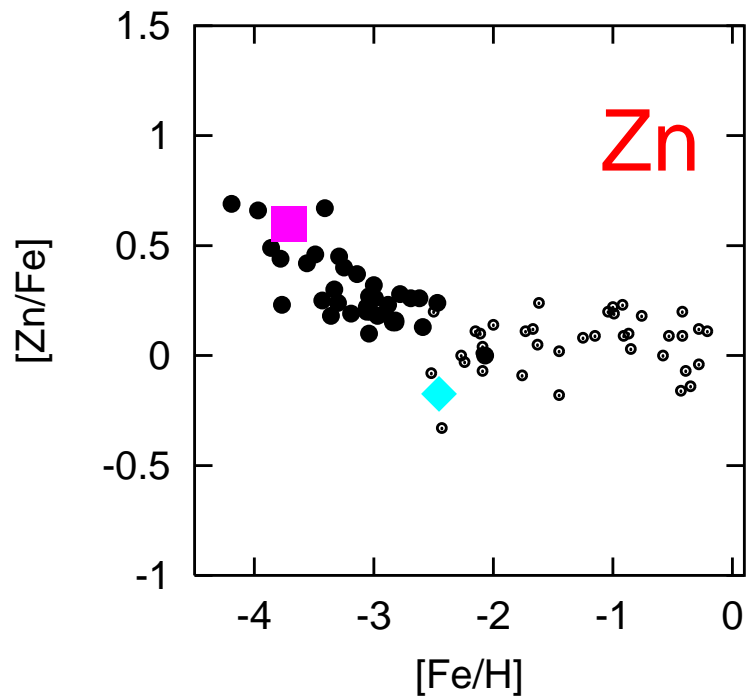
# EMP stars $25M_{\odot}$ , $E_{51}=1.5$ , $M(\text{Fe})=0.14M_{\odot}$



# EMP stars

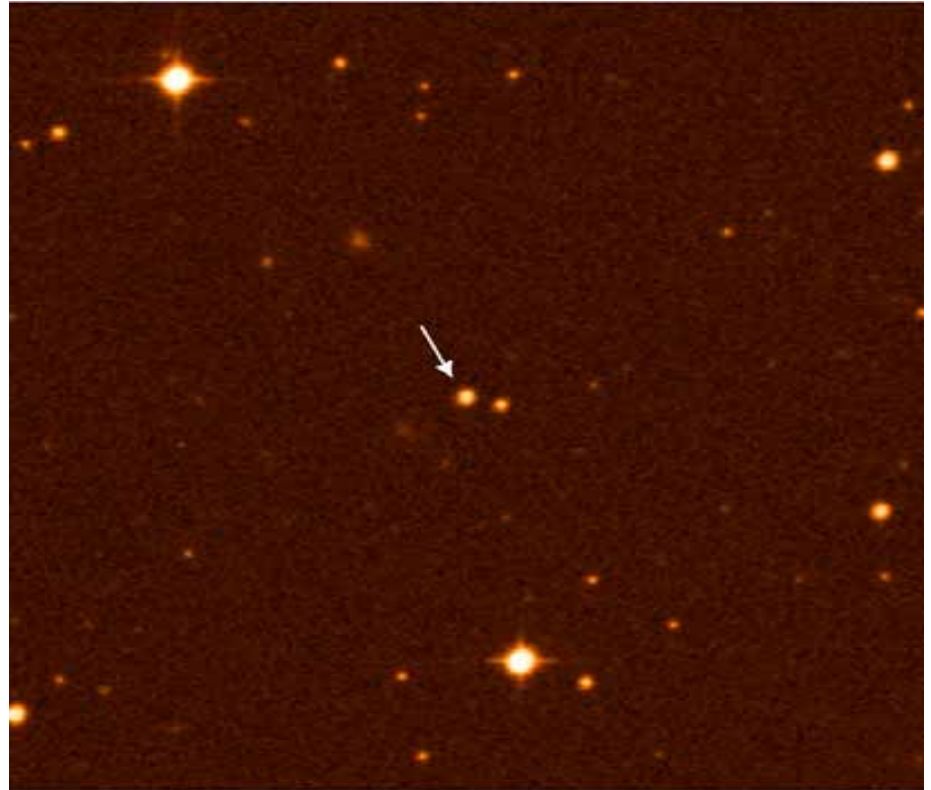
Mixing-Fallback Model  
 $25M_{\odot}$ ,  $E_{51}=20$ ,  $M(\text{Fe})=0.10M_{\odot}$





# Hyper Metal Poor star: HE0107-5240

- Discovery:  
(Christlieb et al. 2002)
- Red-giant  $\sim 0.8 M_{\odot}$
- **[Fe/H]  $\sim -5.2$**   
**[C/Fe]  $\sim +4$**
- Pop III (first generation) or  
Second generation?
- Formation of Pop III  
low mass star?



The Very Metal-Deficient Star HE 0107-5240

ESO PR Photo 25a/02 (30 October 2002)

© European Southern Observatory

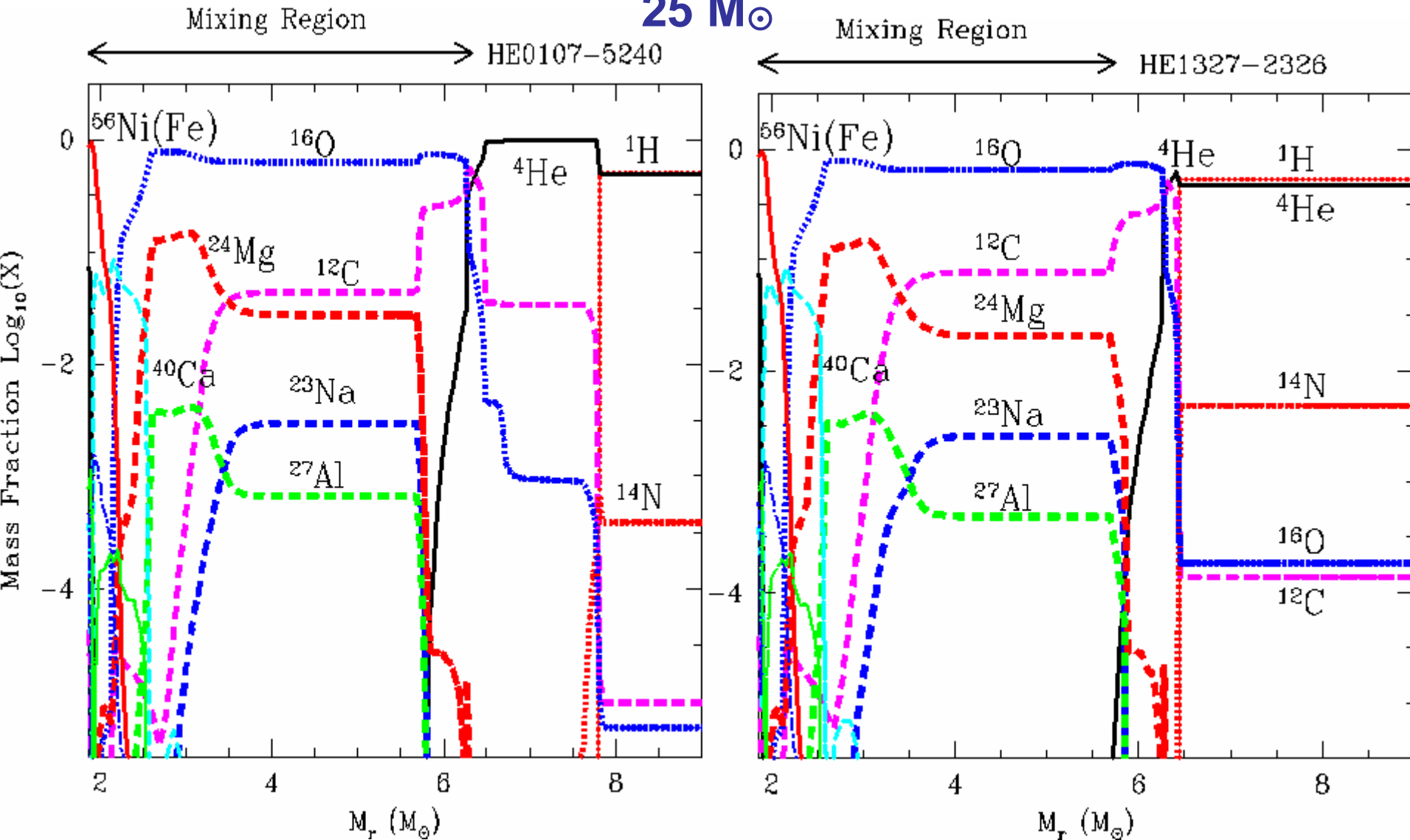


# Abundance distribution

**HE01075240 ( $E_{51}=0.71$ )**

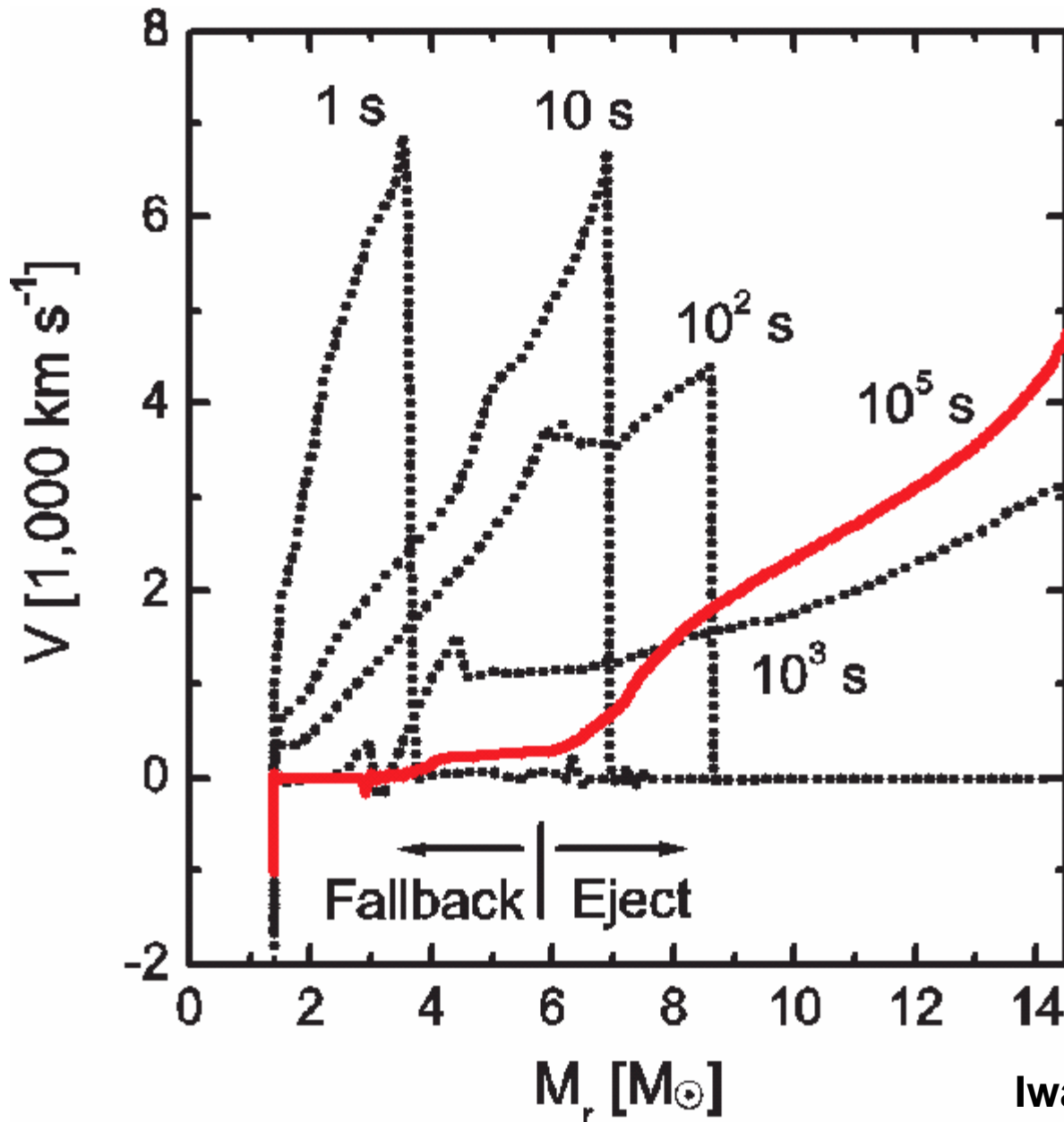
**25  $M_{\odot}$**

**HE1327-2328 ( $E_{51}=0.74$ )**



Iwamoto et al. (Science 2005)

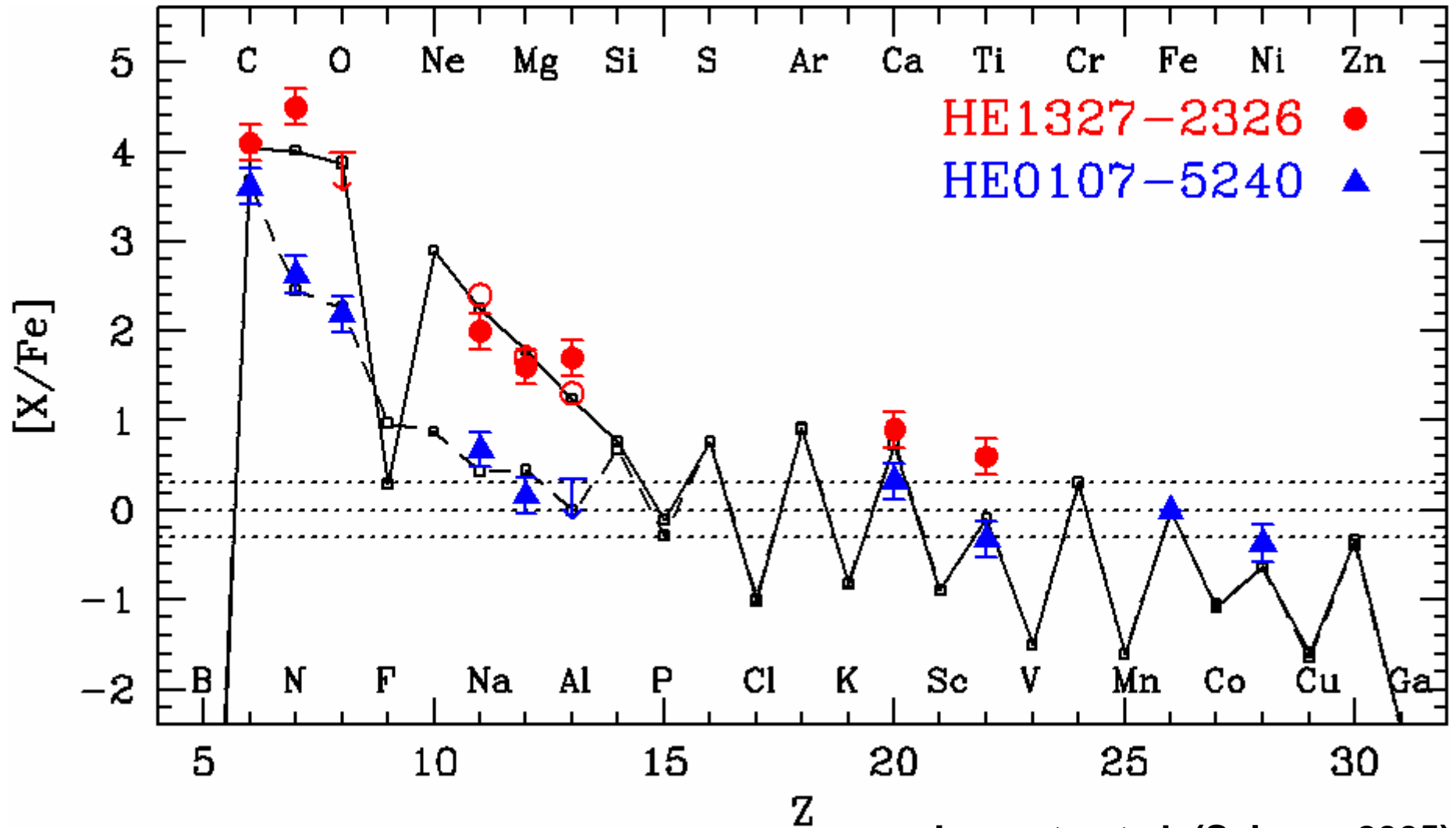
# Fallback & BH formation



$M=25 M_\odot$

$E_{51} = 0.74$

# Hyper Metal Poor (HMP) stars



# The First Star Candidates

$M > 10^5 M_{\odot}$ : SMS (Super Massive Stars)

→ GR instability → Collapse

$M \sim 300 - 10^5 M_{\odot}$ : CVMS

→ Collapse (& Explosion)

→ IMBH → ICM, IGM ○

$M \sim 130 - 300 M_{\odot}$ :

→ Pair Instability → Nuclear Explosion

$[Zn/Fe] < -0.8$

$[C/Fe] < 0$  too much Fe

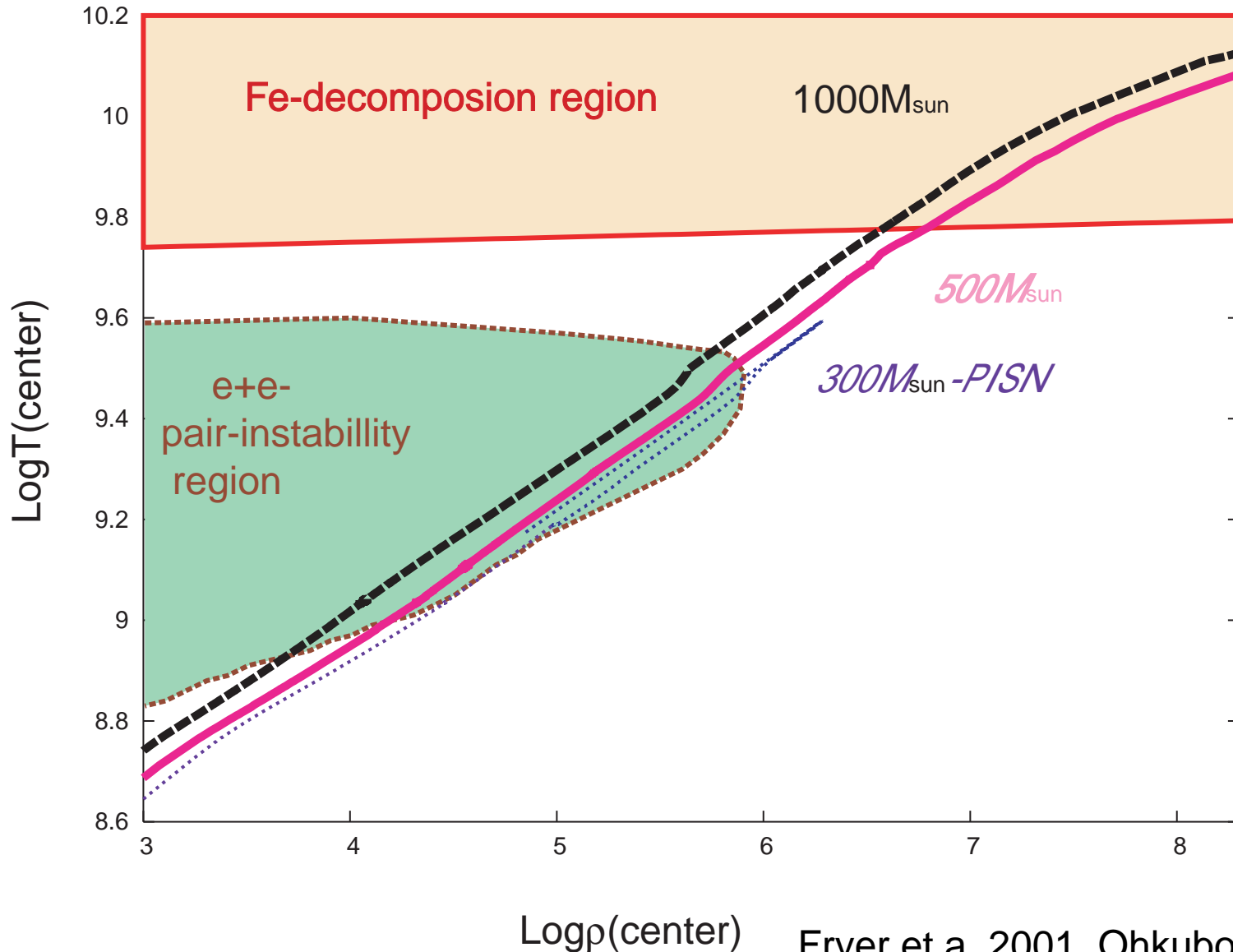
$M \sim 8 - 130 M_{\odot}$ :

→ Core Collapse

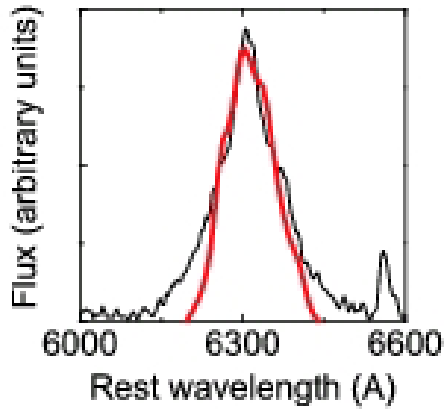
→ Hypernovae  
→ SNe II



# Very Massive Stars: Collapse $\rightarrow$ Jet-induced explosion ?



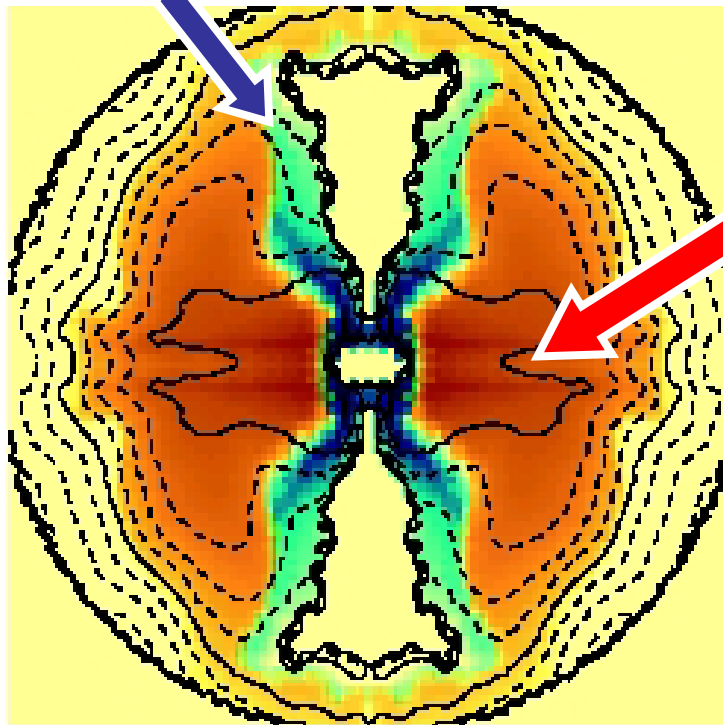
# Hypernova: Bipolar Explosion



$^{56}\text{Fe}$

↑

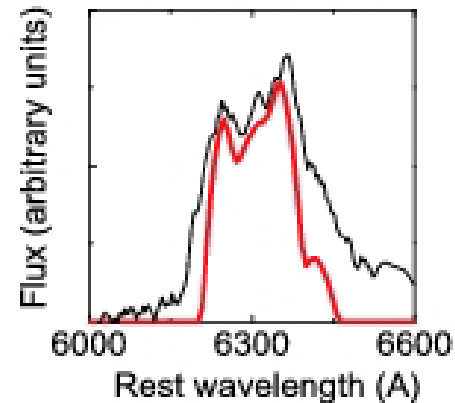
**1998bw**



→

**2003jd**

[OI] 6300Å (SUBARU)

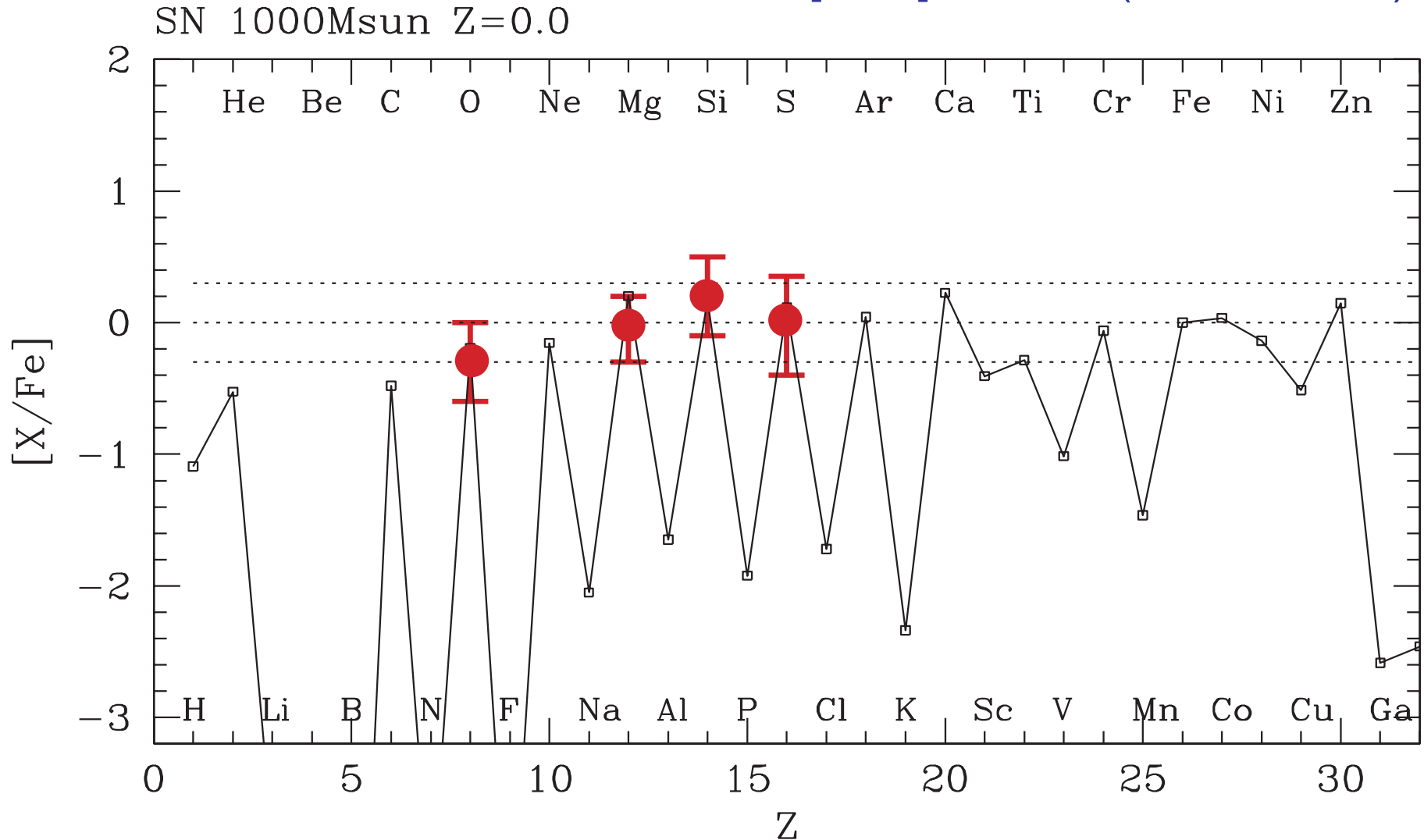


Maeda et al. (2002, 2005)  
Mazzali et al. (Science 2005)

# Core Collapse VMS vs. ICM, IGM

$E \sim 2e54$  erg;  $M(\text{Fe}) \sim 5 M_{\odot}$

$[\text{C}/\text{Si}] \sim -0.7$  (-0.2 in IGM)



# First Supernovae

[Fe/H] : -5                      -4                      -3                      -2.5

Faint SNe

Hypernovae

Normal SNe

**Black-Hole Forming Supernovae (20-130M<sub>⊙</sub>)**

**First Black Hole > 2~6M<sub>⊙</sub>**

**Faint SNe** (High and Low energy)                      **C,O-rich ejecta**

**Efficient Cooling of ISM**

**Formation of Low Mass C,O-rich  
2nd Generation Stars**