

# Unusual magnetic excitations in a cuprate high- $T_c$ superconductor

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# Collaborators

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## Institut Laue-Langevin, Grenoble, France

P. Steffens



## FRM II, Garching, Germany

R. A. Mole, K. Hradil

# Outline

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## 1. Introduction

- ▶ The pseudogap phase in high- $T_c$  cuprates
- ▶ Magnetic excitations measured by neutron scattering

## 2. Results

- ▶ Discovery of unusual magnetic excitations
- ▶ First branch:  $\sim 53$  meV
- ▶ Second branch: 30 – 40 meV
- ▶ Relation to antiferromagnetic fluctuations

## 3. Discussion

# The pseudogap phase in high- $T_c$ cuprates

➤ Superconducting fluctuations do not seem to persist up to  $T^*$  (but only up to  $\sim 20$  K above  $T_c$  and varying with the measurement technique):

Corson et al., Nature (1999)

Dagan et al., PRB (2000)

Chang et al., PRB (2001)

Bergeal et al., Nat. Phys. (2008)

Lee et al., Science (2009)

Salem-Sugui et al., PRB (2009)

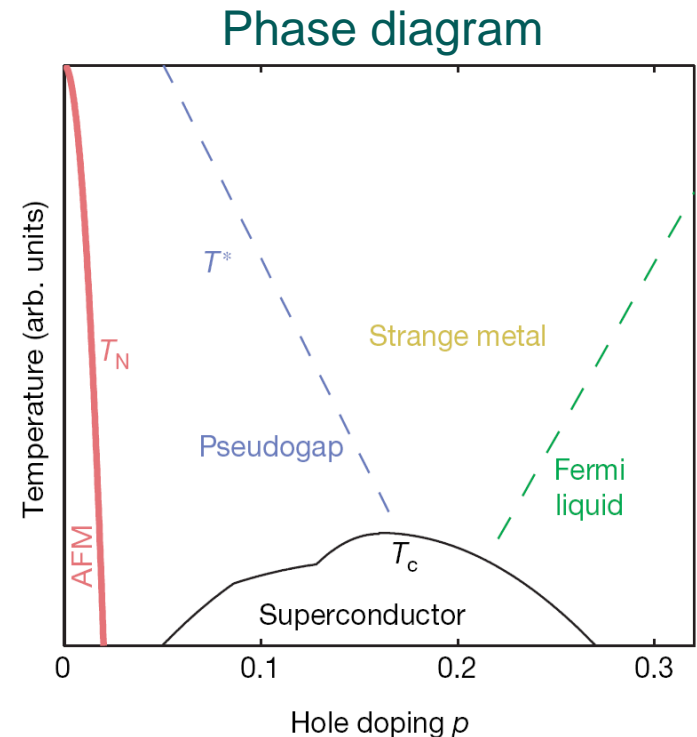
Grbić et al., PRB (2009)

Daou et al., Nature (2010)

Iye et al., J. Phys. Soc. Jap. (2010)

Bilbro et al., Nat. Phys. (2011)

G. Yu et al., unpublished (poster session)



# The pseudogap phase in high- $T_c$ cuprates

➤ Various evidence for a genuine phase transition at  $T^*$ :

Kaminski et al., Nature (2002)

Fauqué et al., PRL (2006)

Xia et al., PRL (2008)

Mook et al., PRB (2008)

Li et al., Nature (2008)

Leridon et al., EPL (2009)

Daou et al., Nature (2010)

Hashimoto et al., Nat. Phys. (2010)

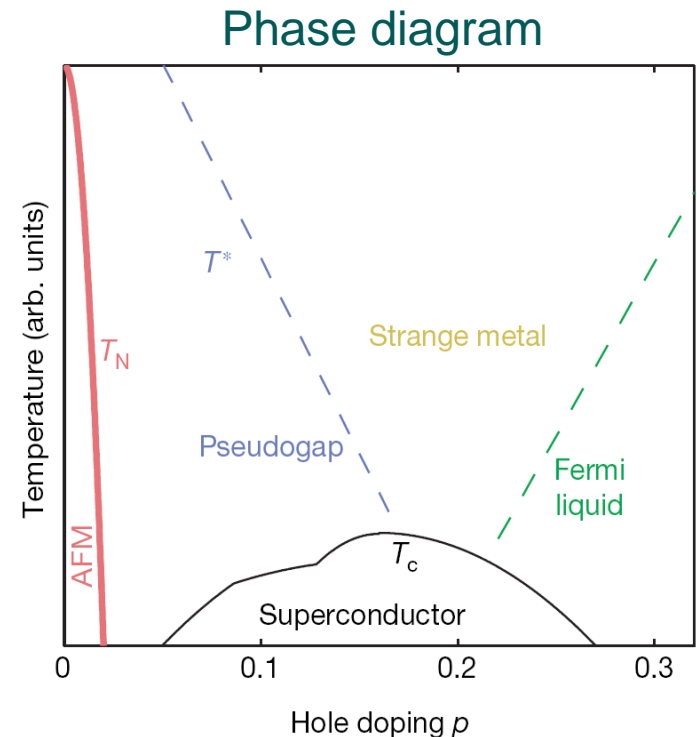
Balédent et al., PRL (2010)

Lawler et al., Nature (2010)

Parker et al., Nature (2010)

He et al., Science (2011)

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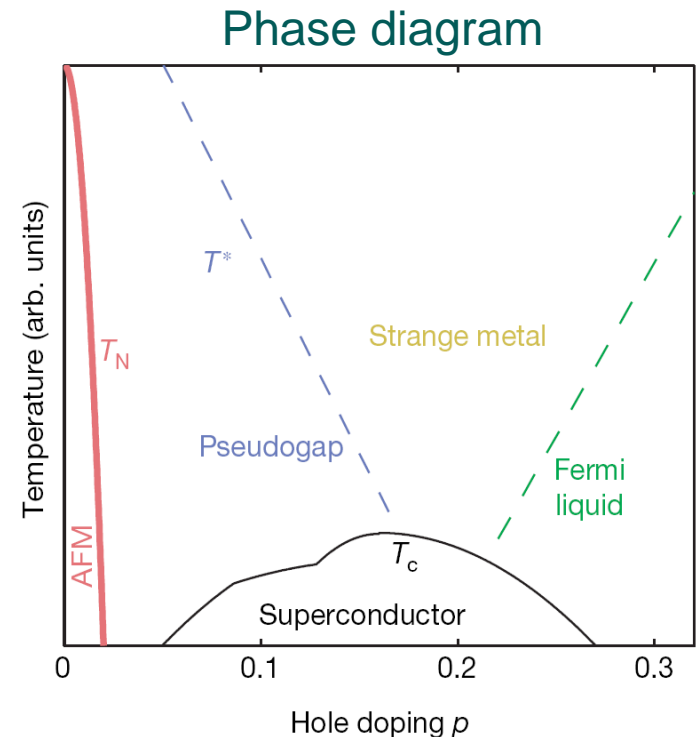
Balédent et al., PRL (2010)

Lawler et al., Nature (2010)

Parker et al., Nature (2010)

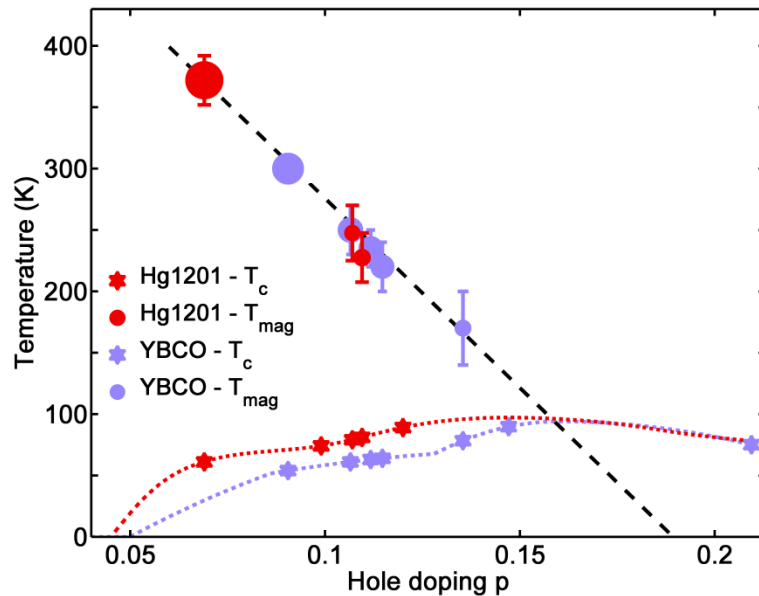
He et al., Science (2011)

Shekhter et al., unpublished (poster session)

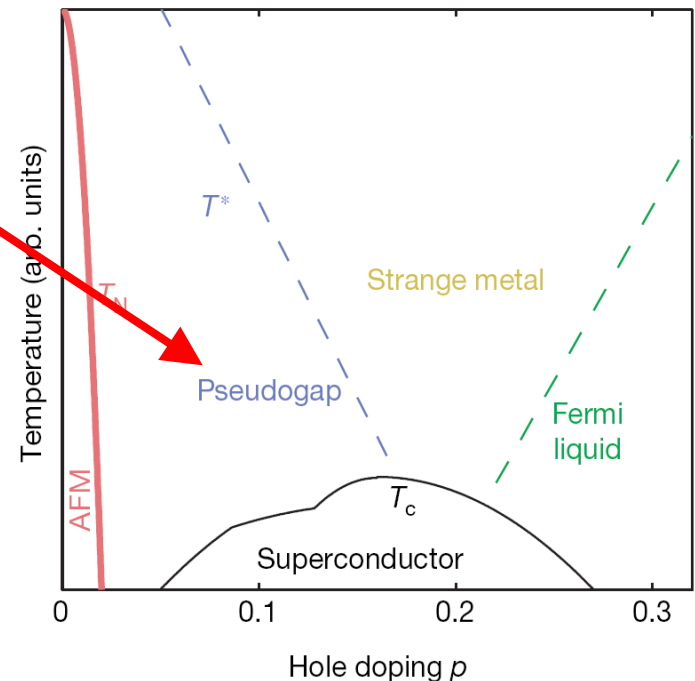


# Magnetic excitations from the $q = 0$ order

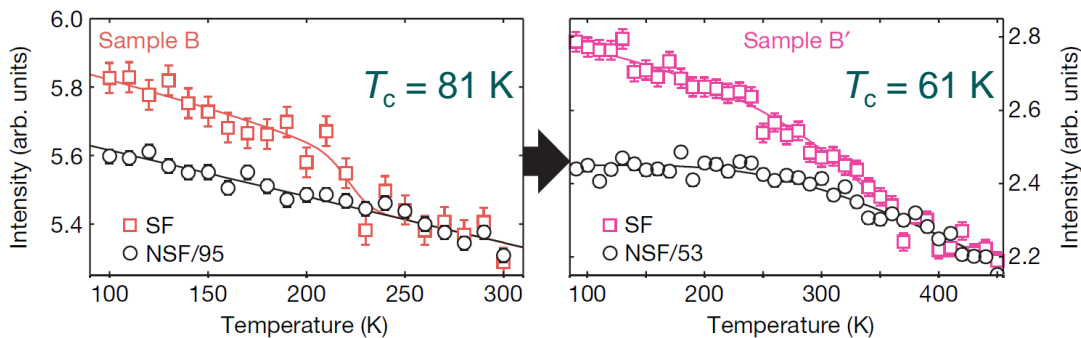
HgBa<sub>2</sub>CuO<sub>4+δ</sub> (Hg1201)



Phase diagram



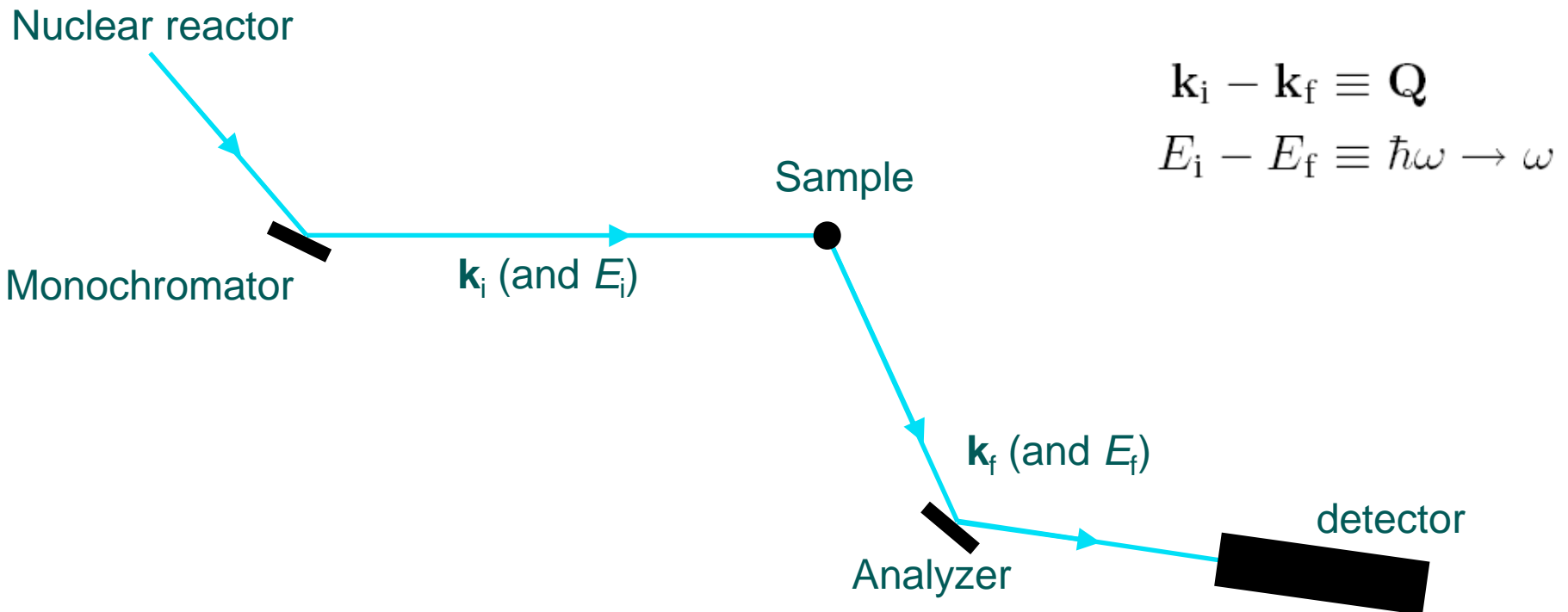
Li et al., Nature **455**, 372 (2008)



# The INS technique

Inelastic neutron scattering (INS) measures:

$$I(\mathbf{Q}, \omega) \propto \mathcal{F}_{r,t} \int d\mathbf{r}' \langle b(\mathbf{r}' - \mathbf{r}, 0) b(\mathbf{r}', t) \rangle$$

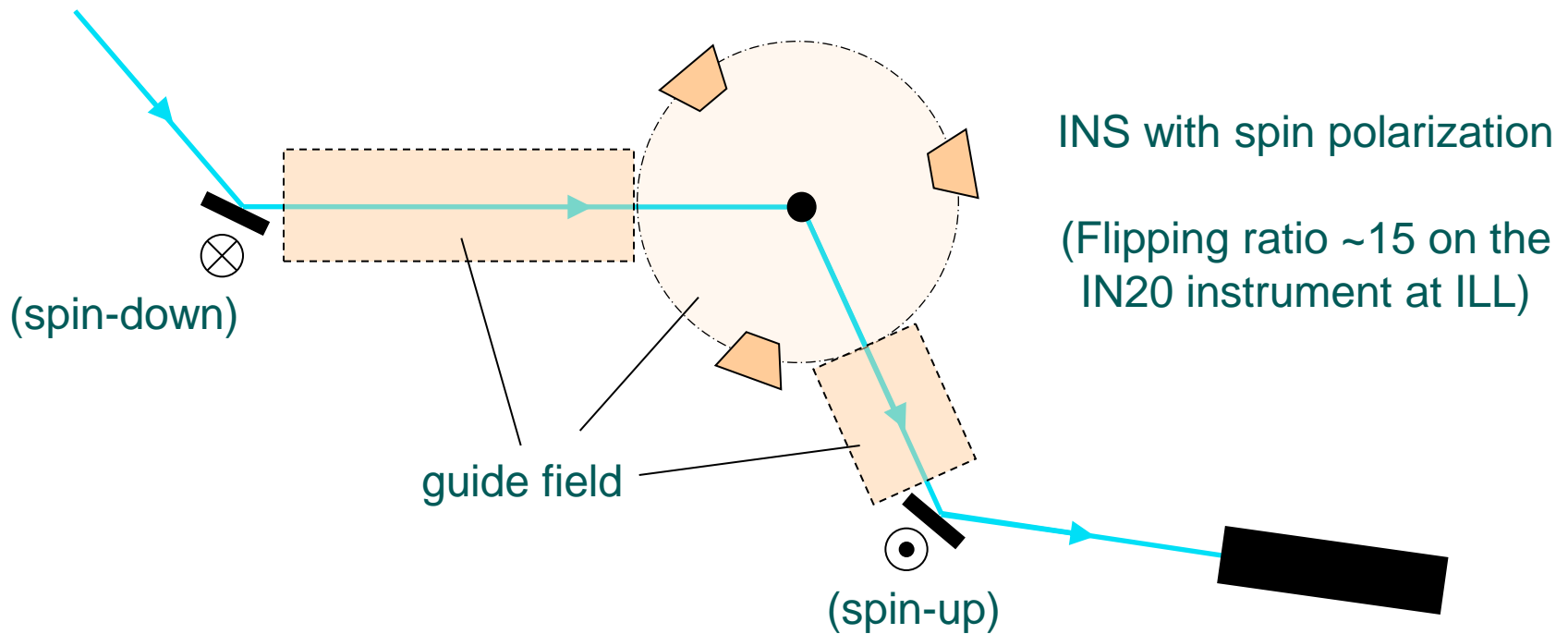




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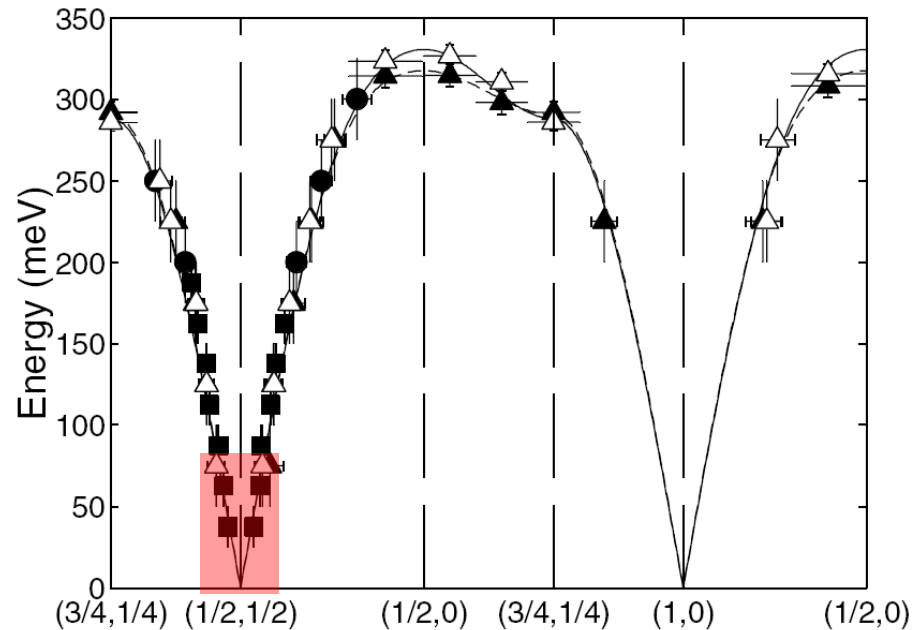
# An overview

Magnetic excitations in the cuprates...

$(\pi, \pi)$  “resonance”

$(\pi, \pi)$  normal-state excitations

$(\pi, \pi)$  “hourglass” and “nematicity”

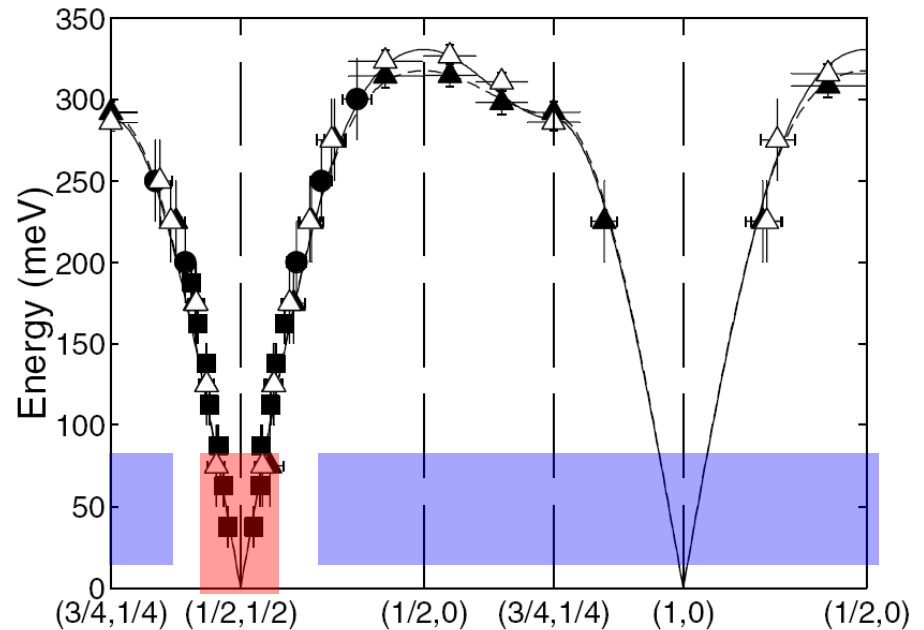


Spin waves in  $\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$   
Coldea et al., PRL (2001)

# An overview

Magnetic excitations in this talk:

Not limited to  $(\pi, \pi)$ !



Spin waves in  $\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$   
Coldea et al., PRL (2001)

# Outline

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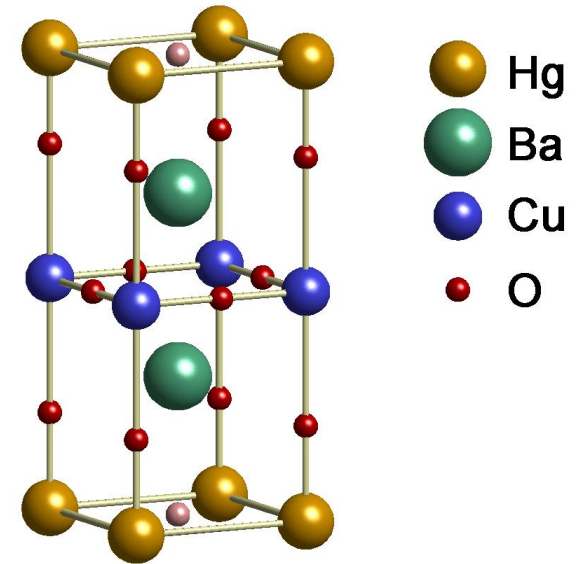
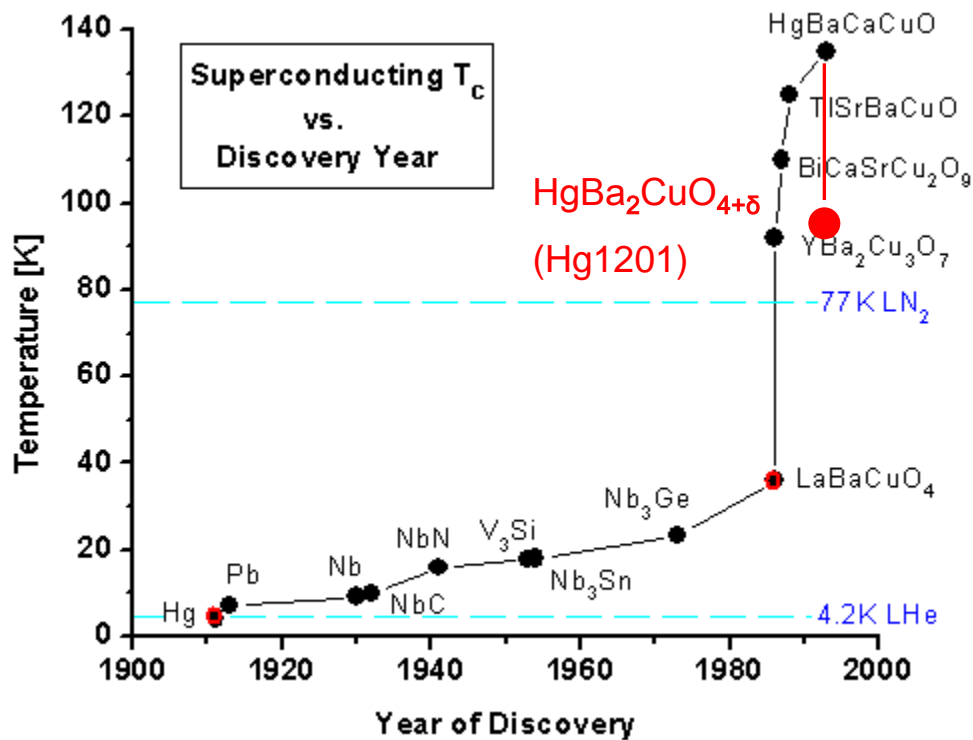
- ▶ The pseudogap phase in high- $T_c$  cuprates
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## 2. Results

- ▶ Discovery of unusual magnetic excitations
- ▶ First branch:  $\sim 53$  meV
- ▶ Second branch: 30 – 40 meV
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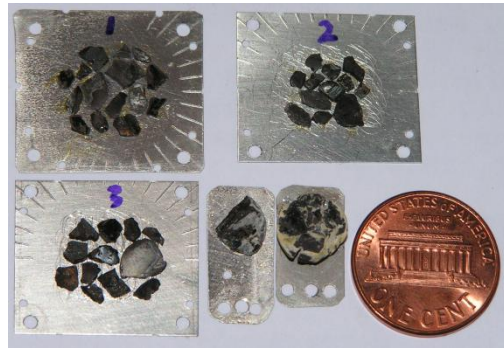
## 3. Discussion

# Model cuprate $\text{HgBa}_2\text{CuO}_{4+\delta}$ (Hg1201)



- Highest  $T_c$  (max. 97 K) among all single-layer cuprates
- Simple tetragonal structure (space group  $P4/mmm$ )

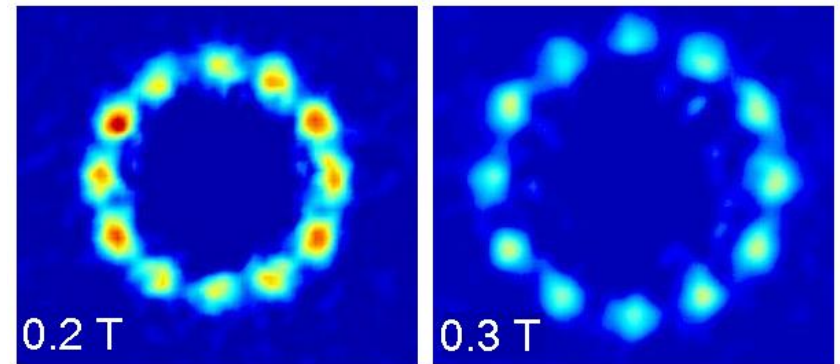
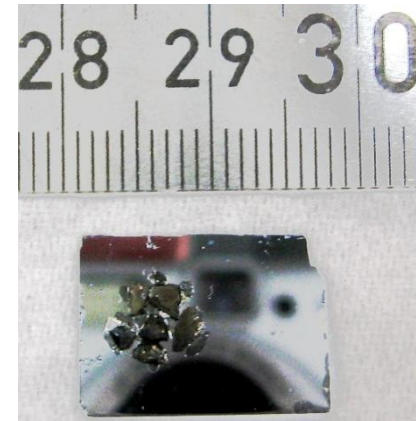
# Sample information



Zhao et al., Adv. Mater. **18**, 3243 (2006)

Barišić et al., PRB **78**, 054518 (2008)

High sample quality shown by F.L.L.



With N. Egetenmeyer and J. L. Gavilano, PSI, Switzerland

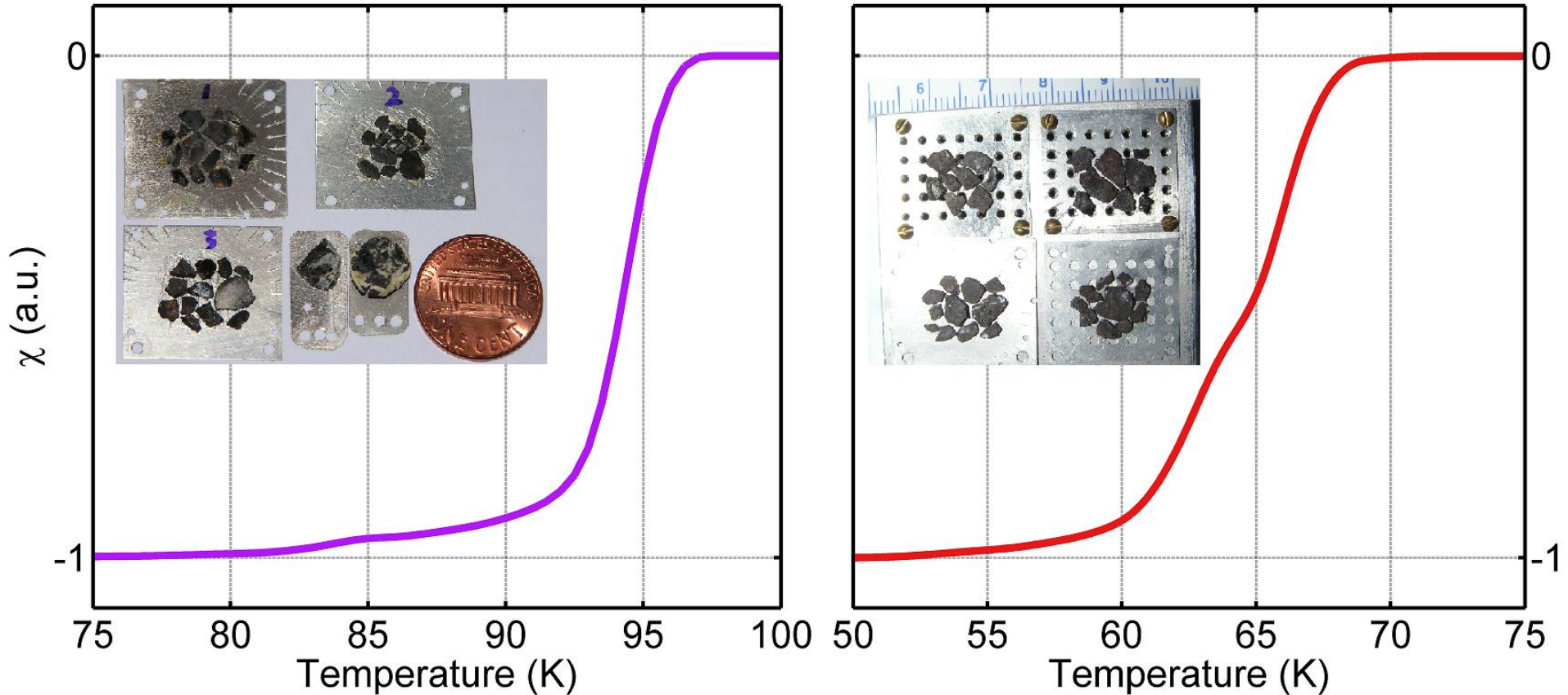
Li et al., PRB **83**, 054507 (2011)

# Sample information

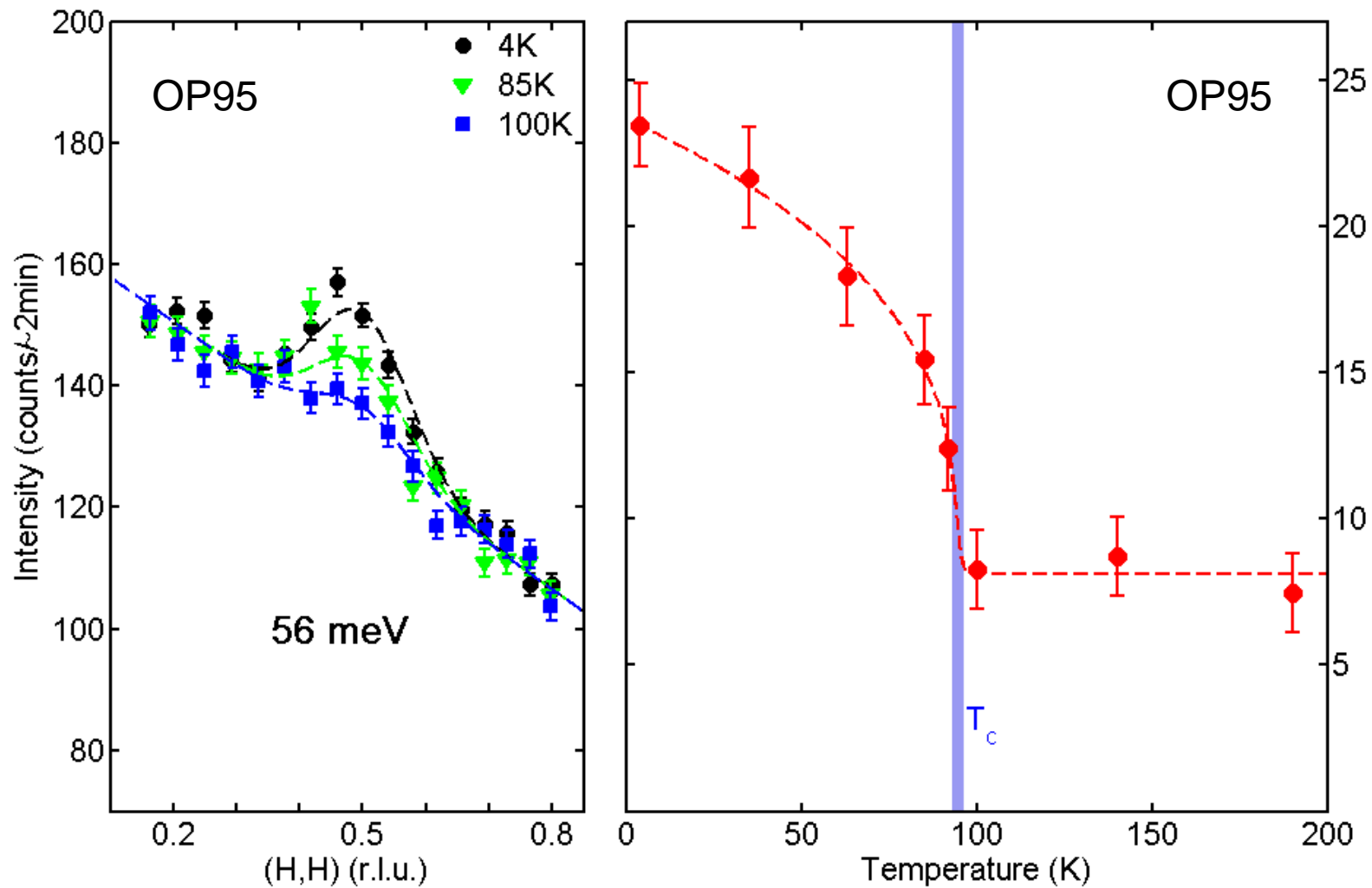
Two samples for INS study:

“OP95”

“UD65”



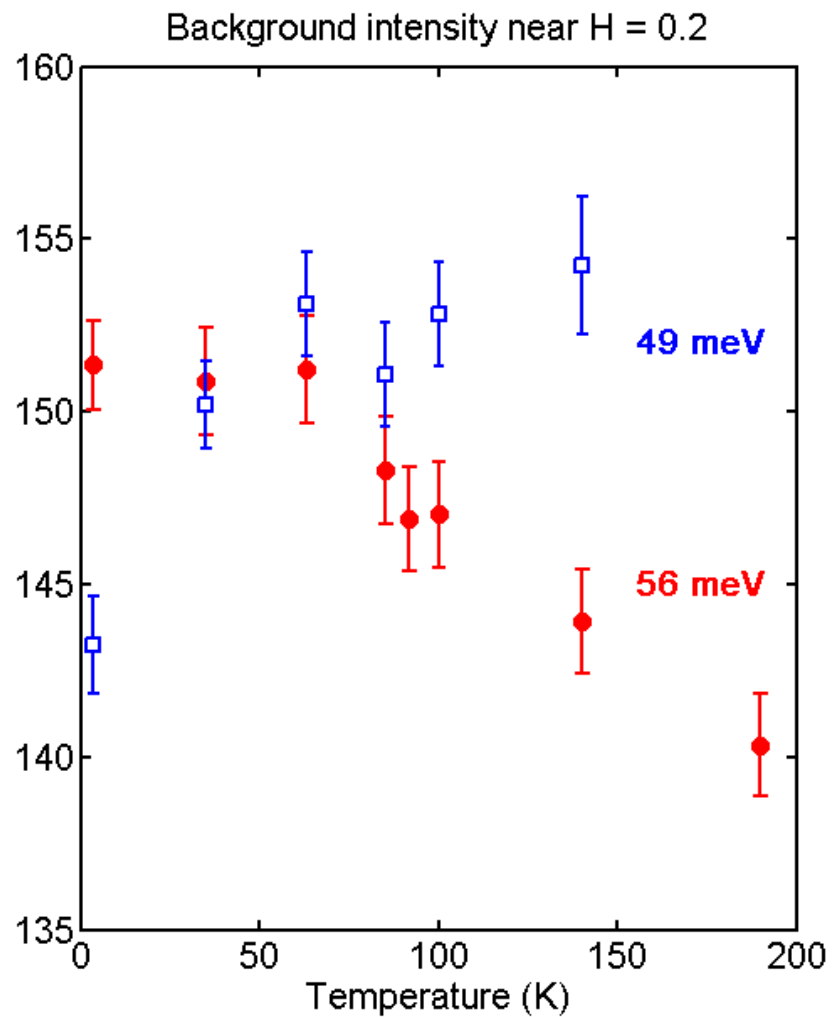
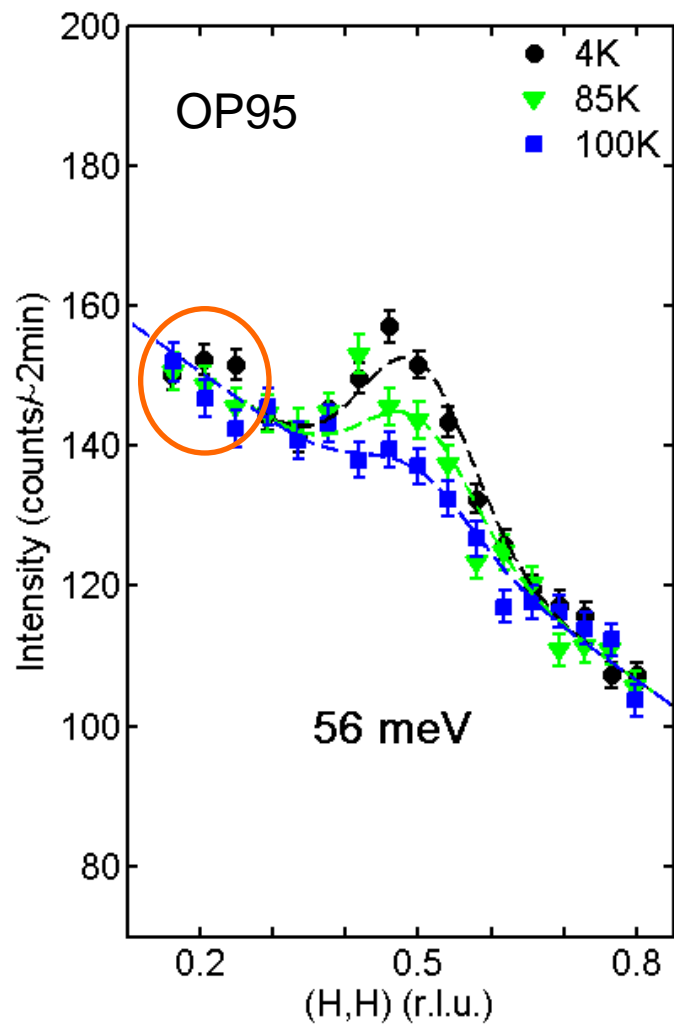
# Conventional ( $\pi, \pi$ ) “resonance”



Yu et al., PRB **81**, 064518 (2010)

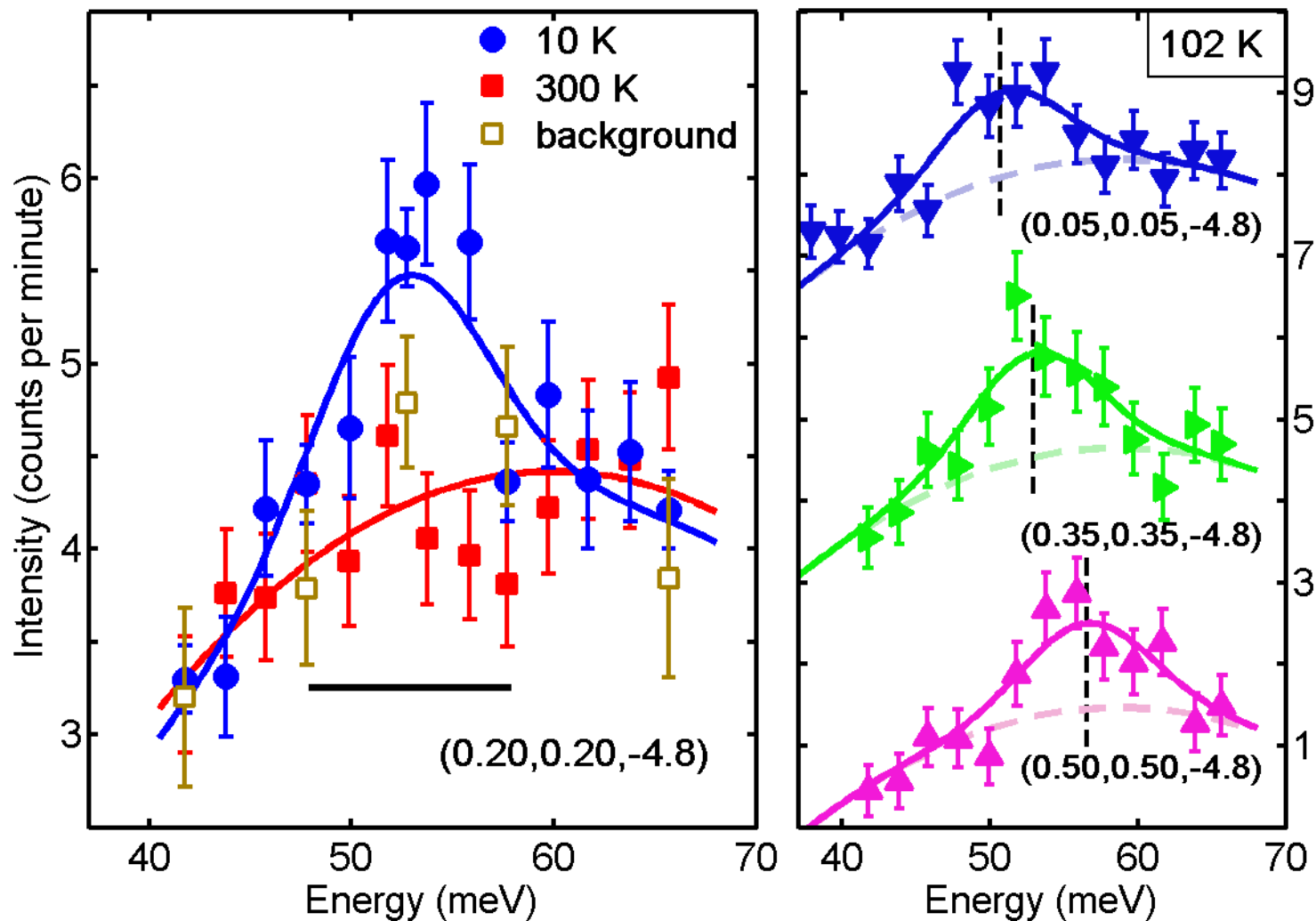


# Unusual "background" behavior



# Spin-polarized measurement

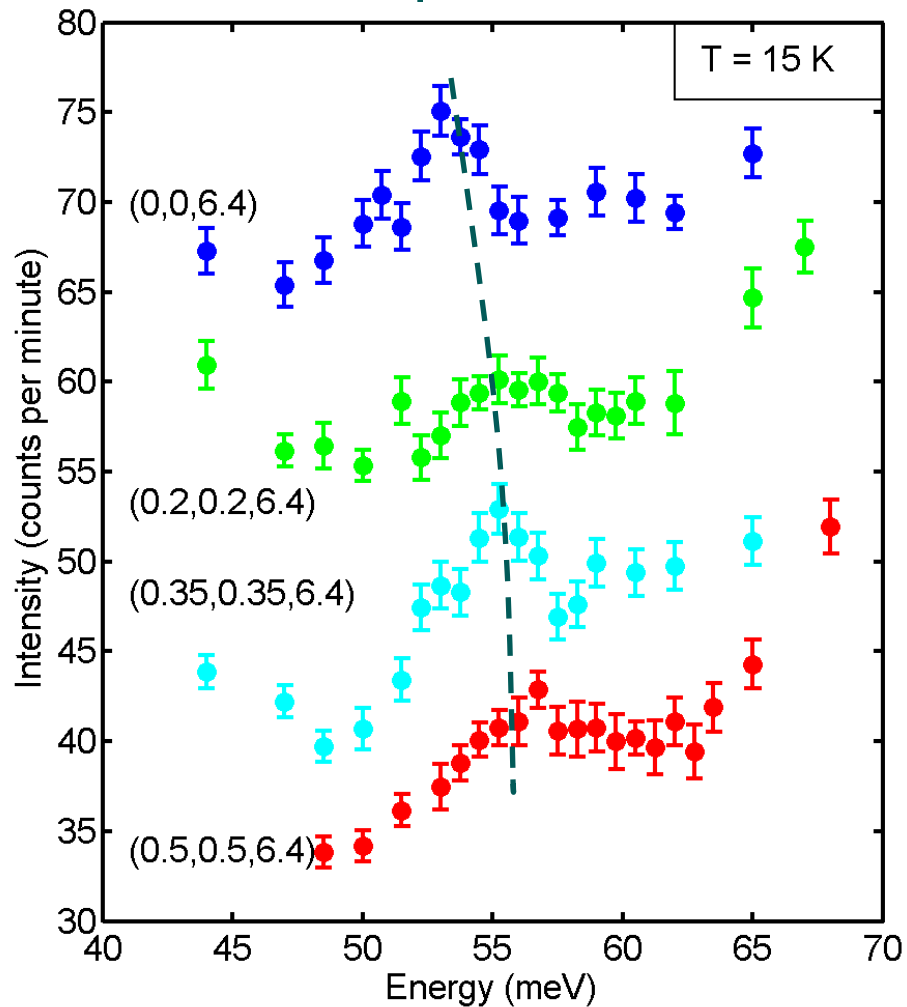
Sample: OP95



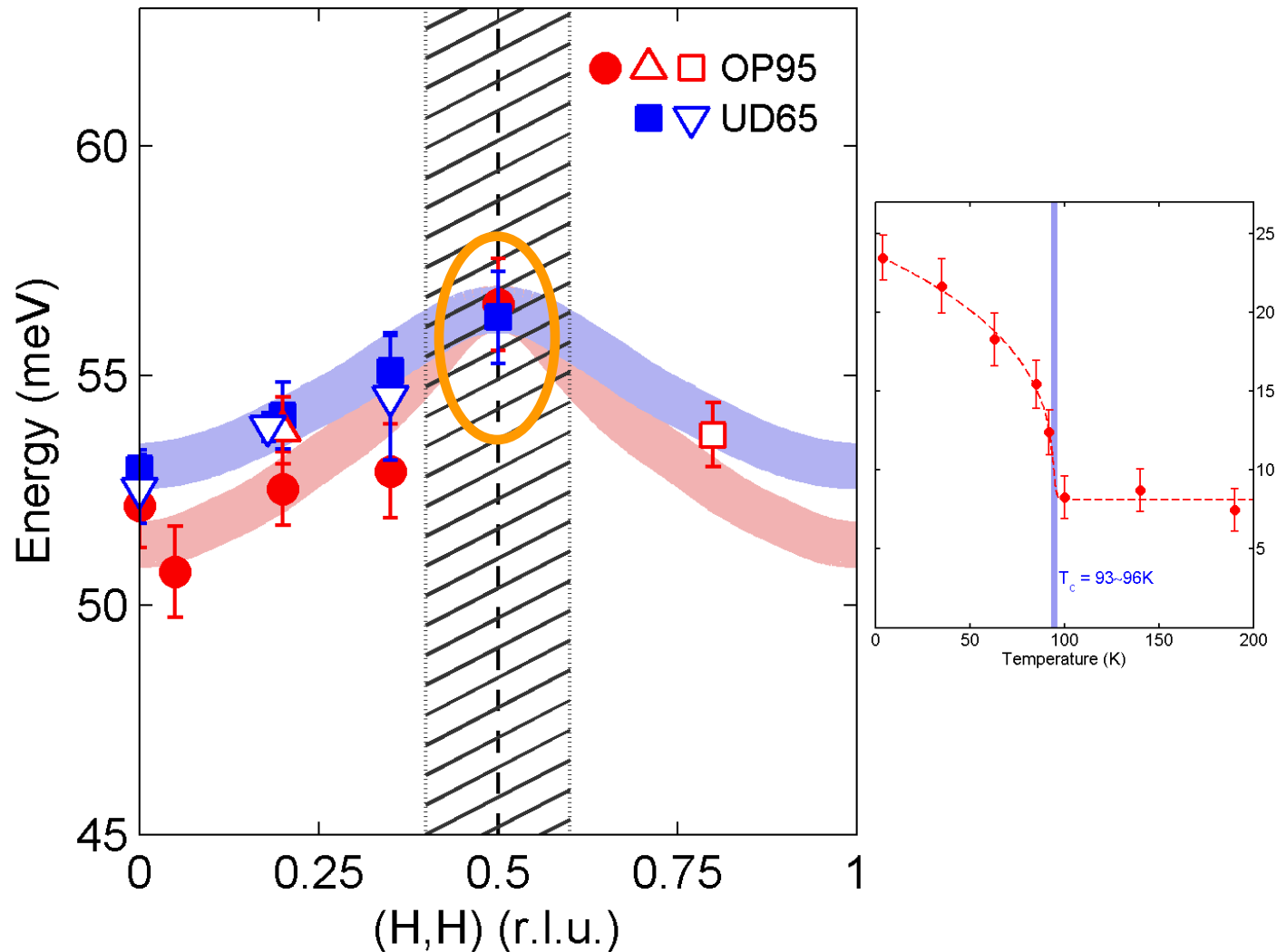
Li et al., Nature **468**, 283 (2010)

# Unpolarized measurement

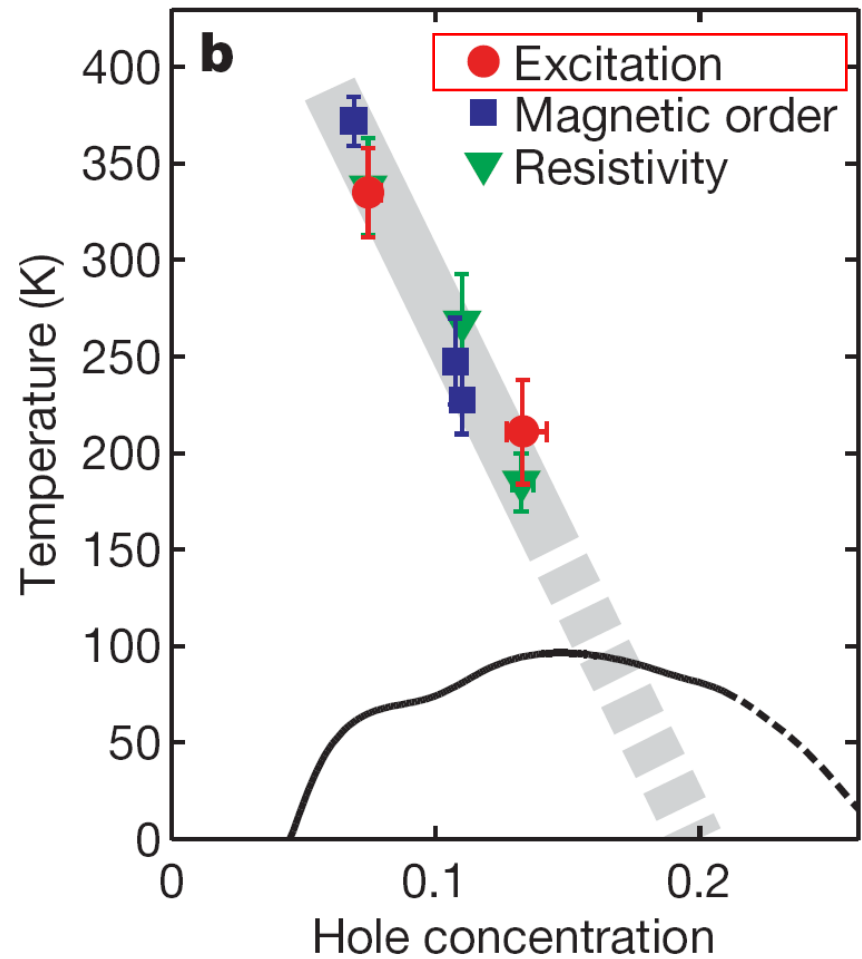
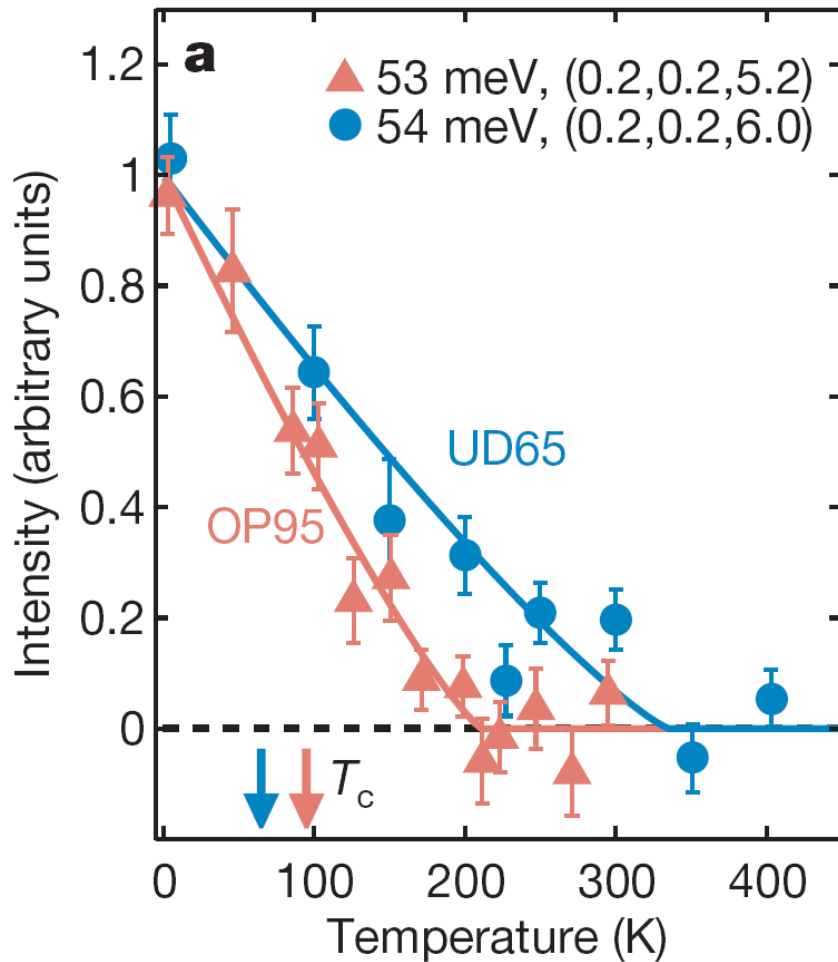
Sample: UD65



# Dispersion along the (1,1,0) direction

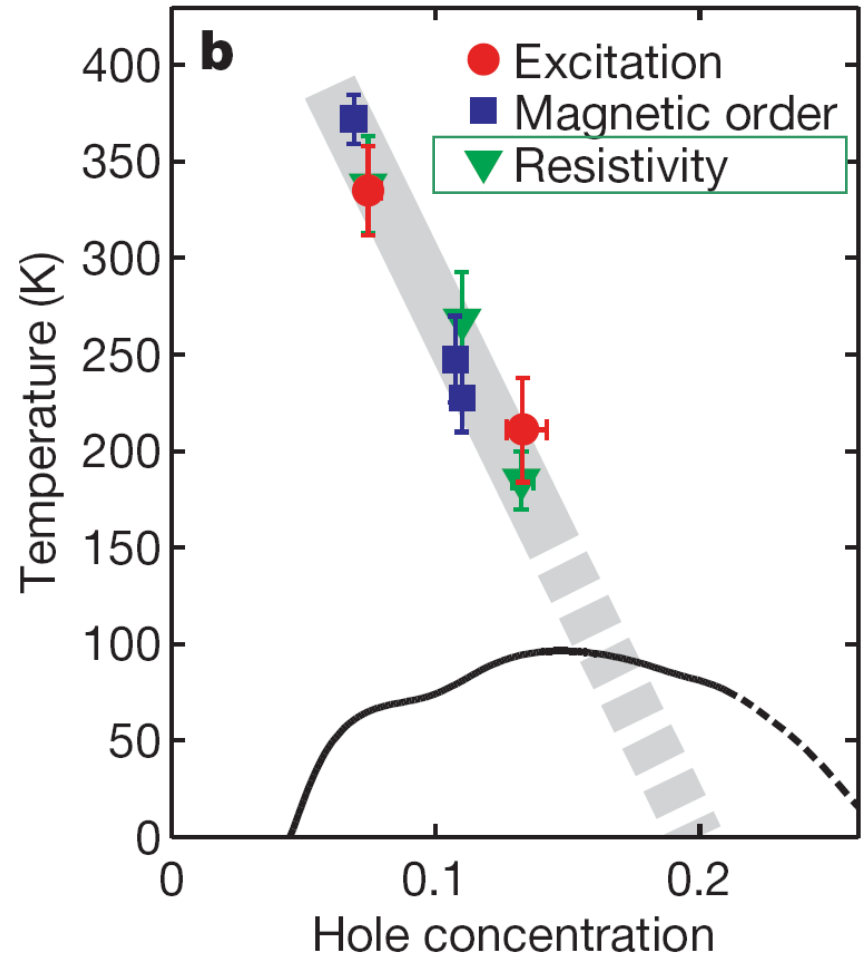
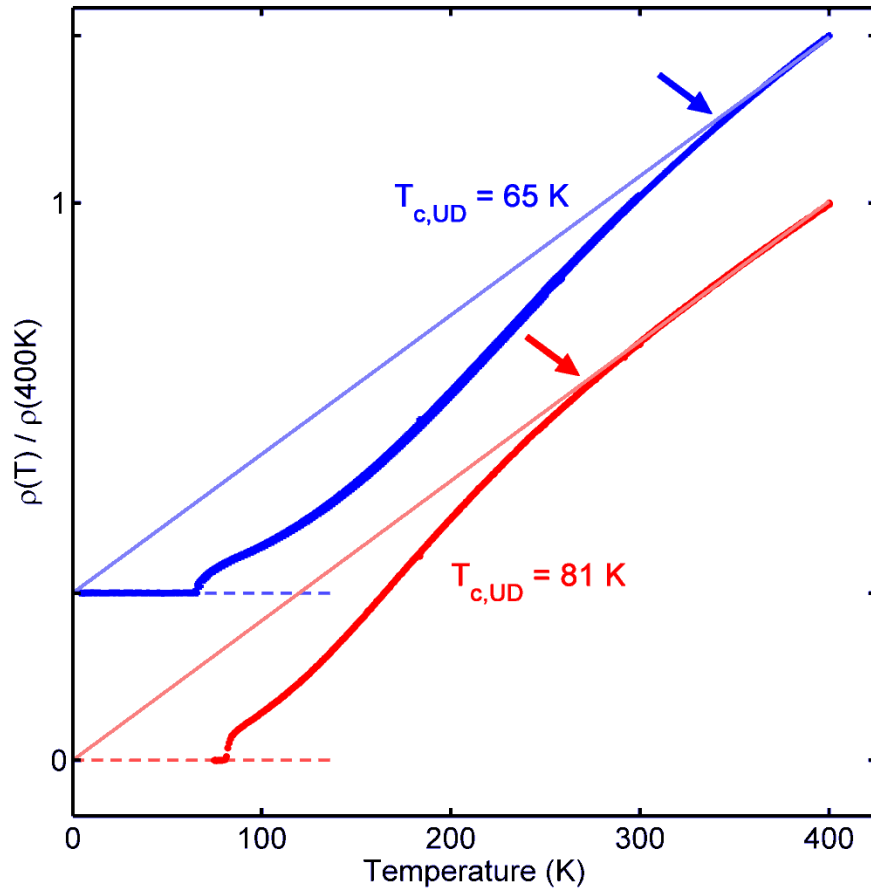


# Temperature dependence of intensity



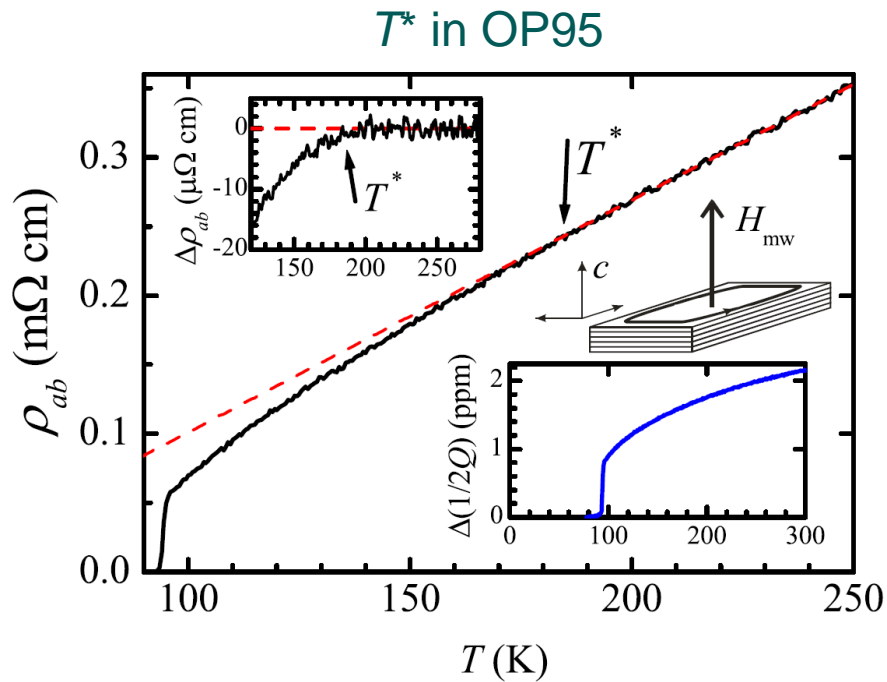
Li et al., Nature **468**, 283 (2010)

# Temperature dependence of intensity

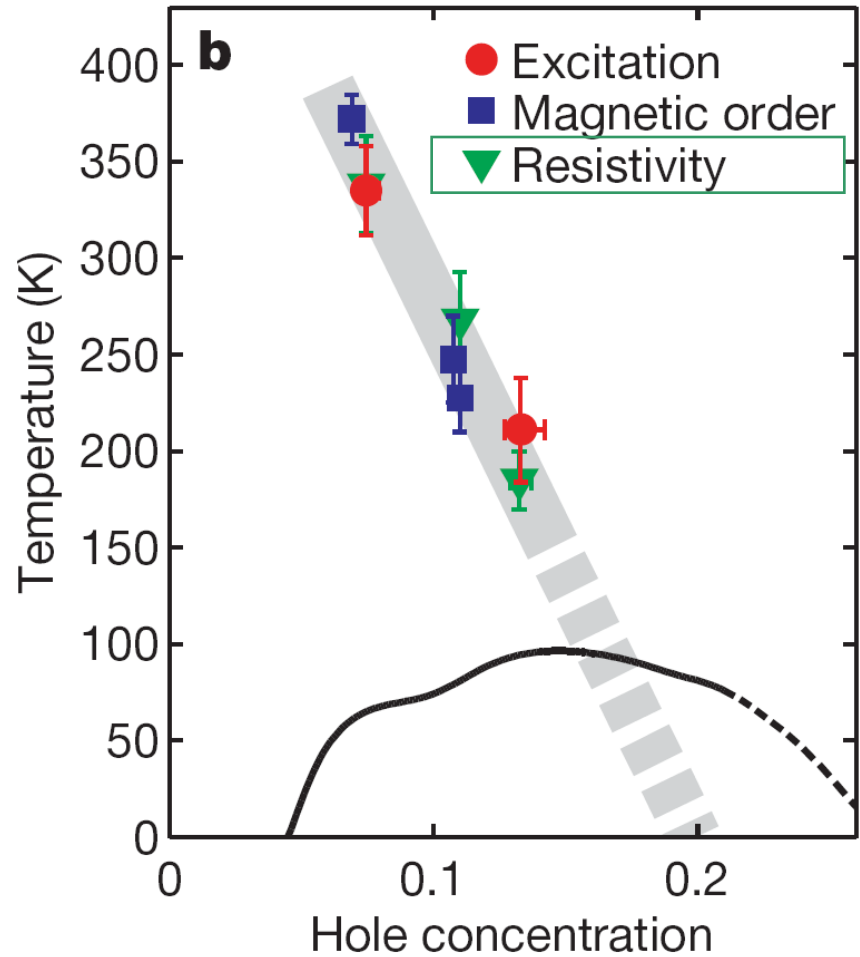


Li et al., Nature **468**, 283 (2010)

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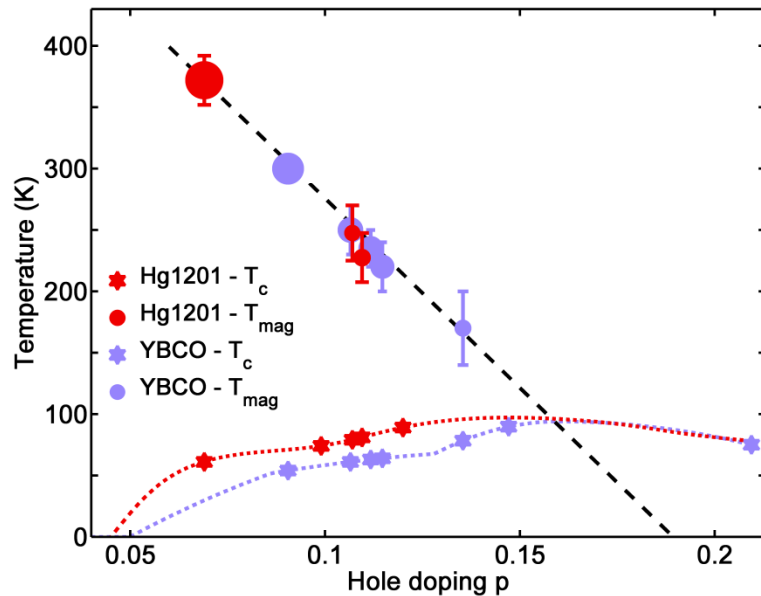


Grić et al., PRB **80**, 094511 (2009)

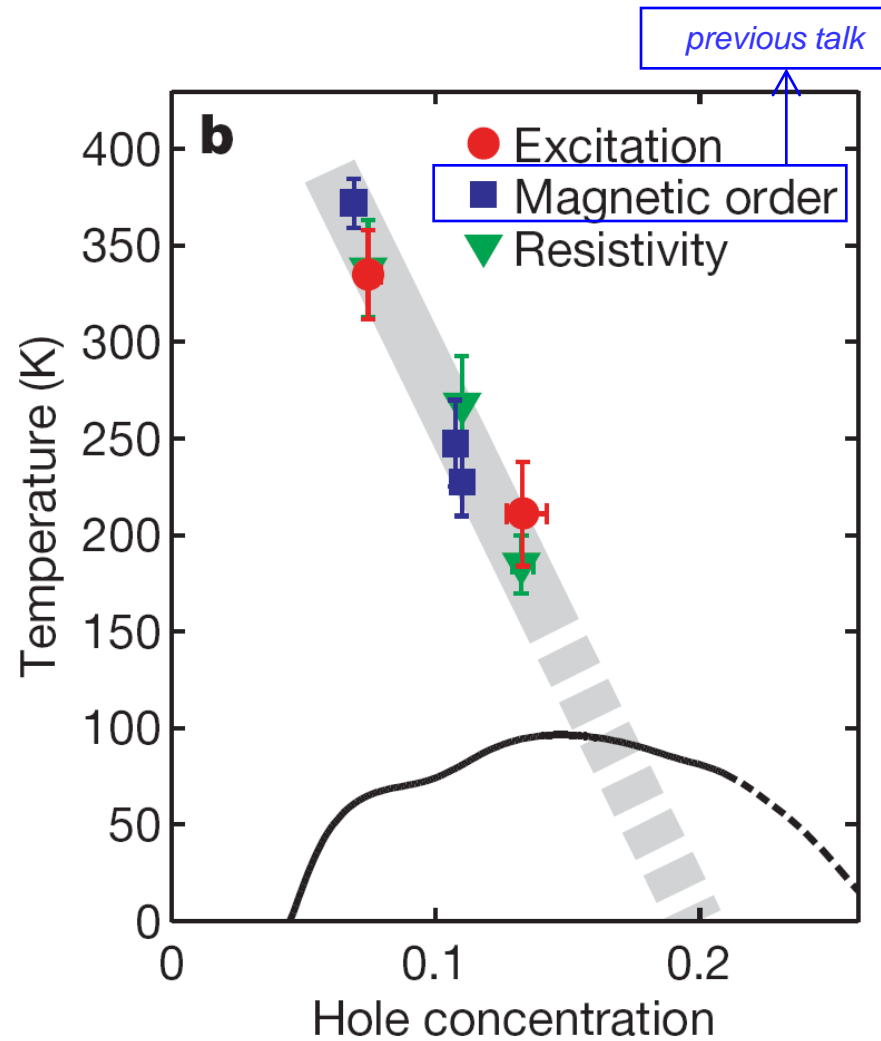


Li et al., Nature **468**, 283 (2010)

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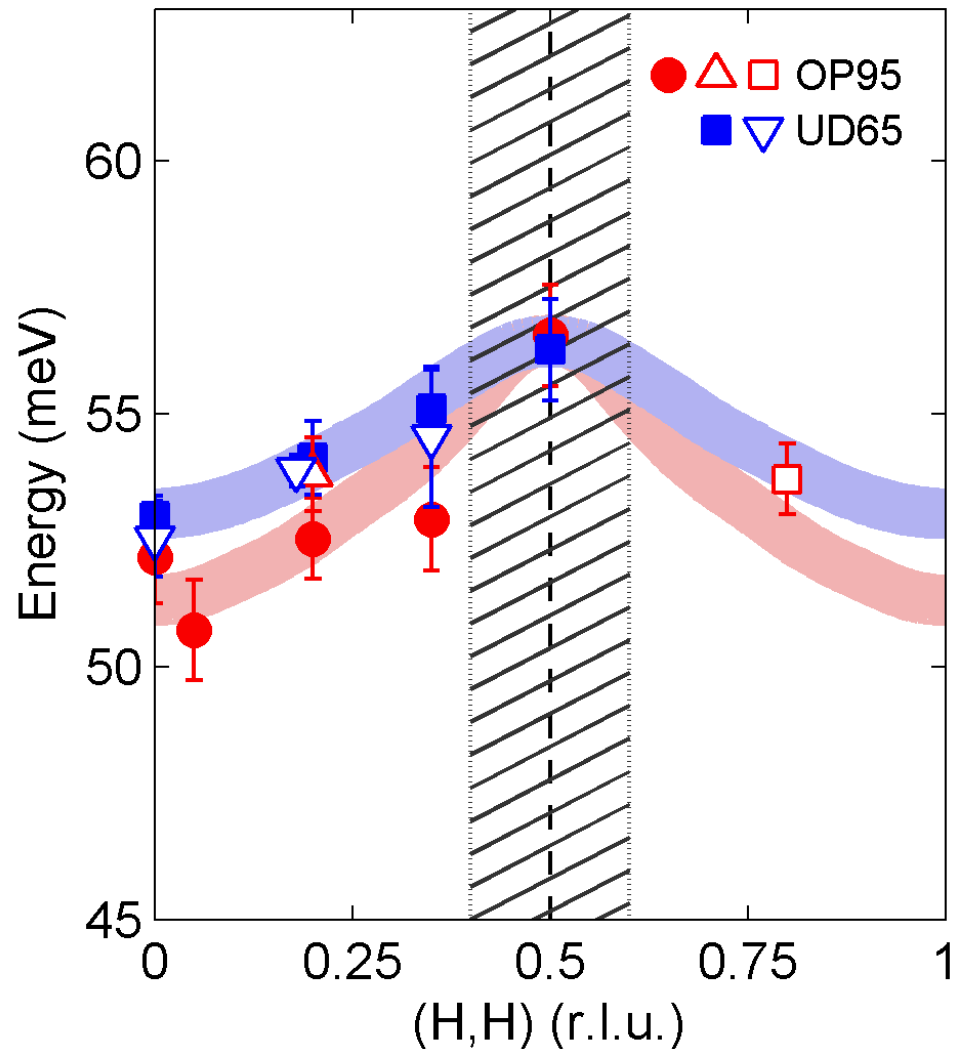
Li et al., Nature **455**, 372 (2008)



Li et al., Nature **468**, 283 (2010)

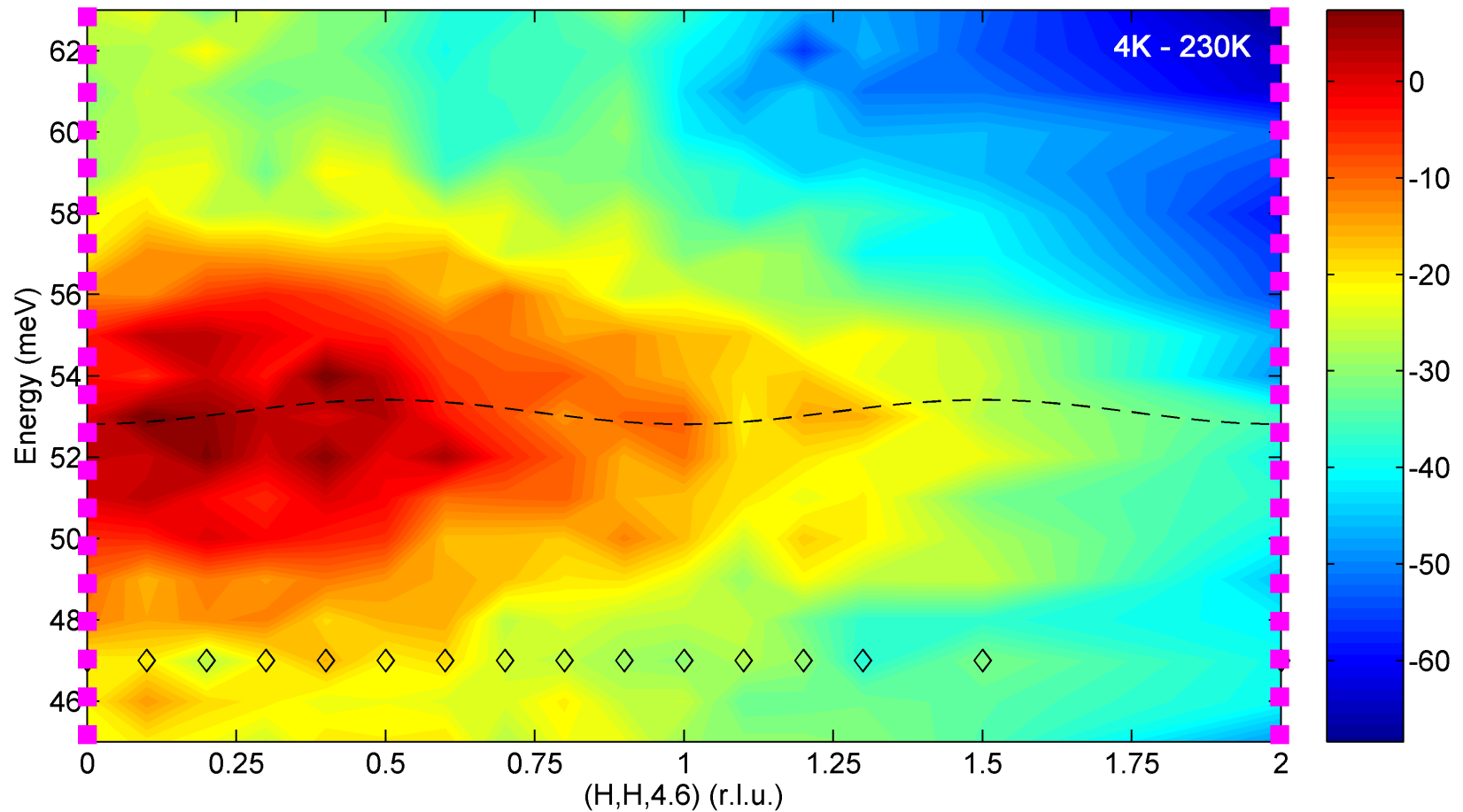


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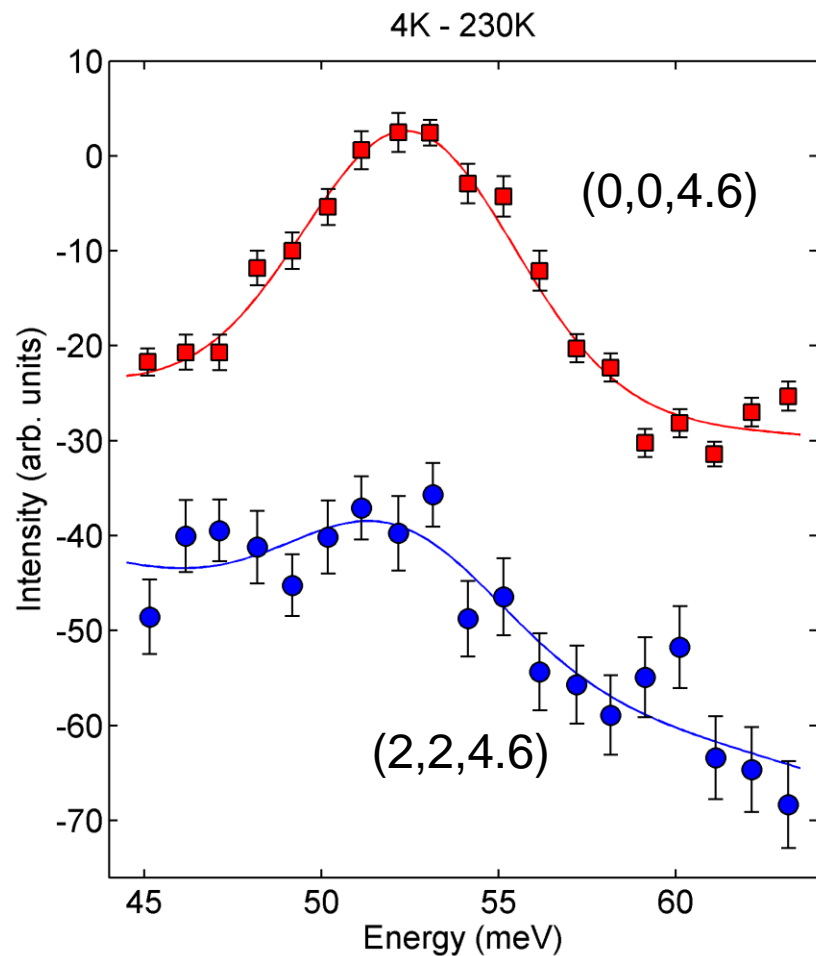
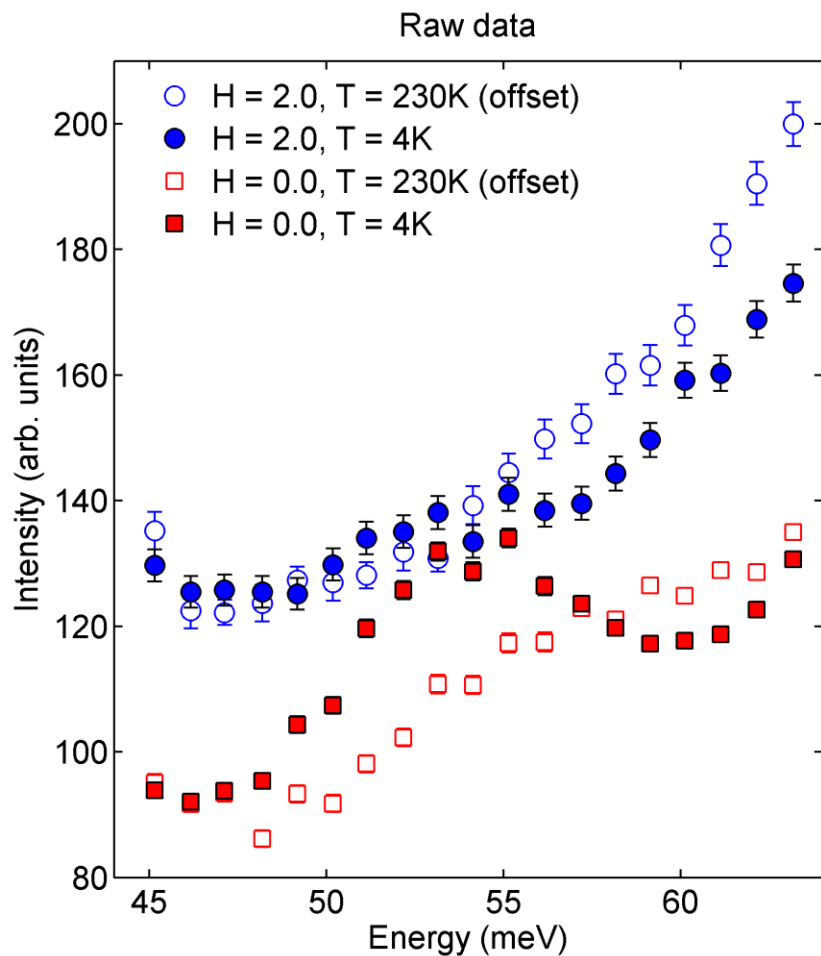
# Intensity map

Sample: OP95

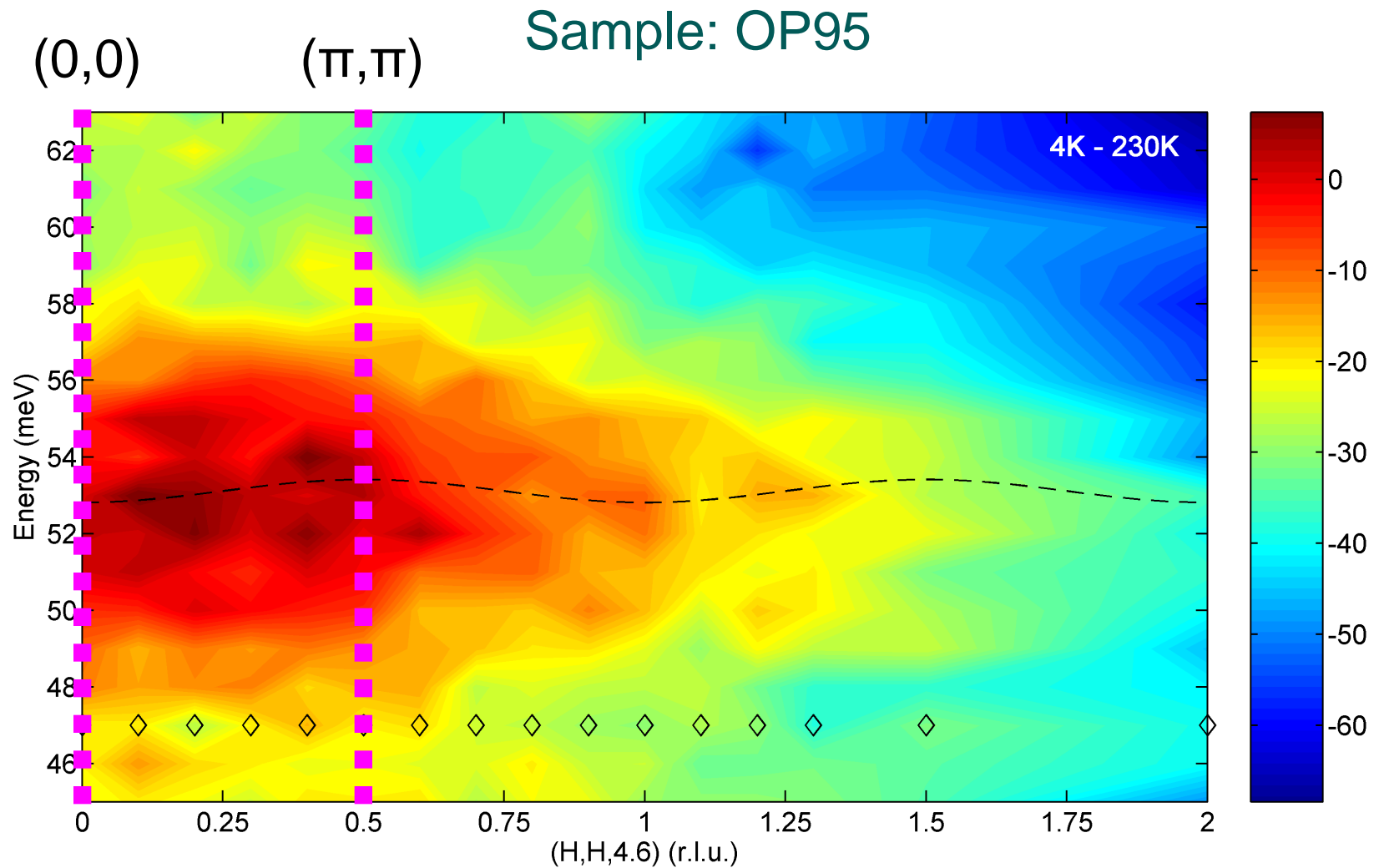


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## Sample: OP95

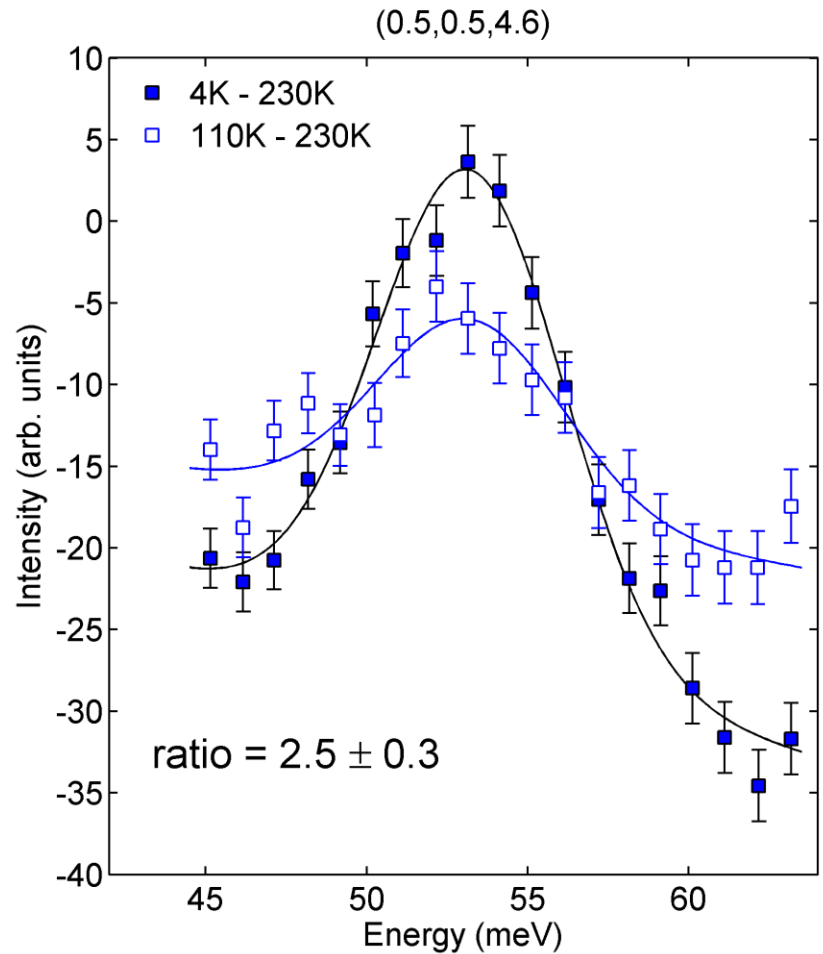
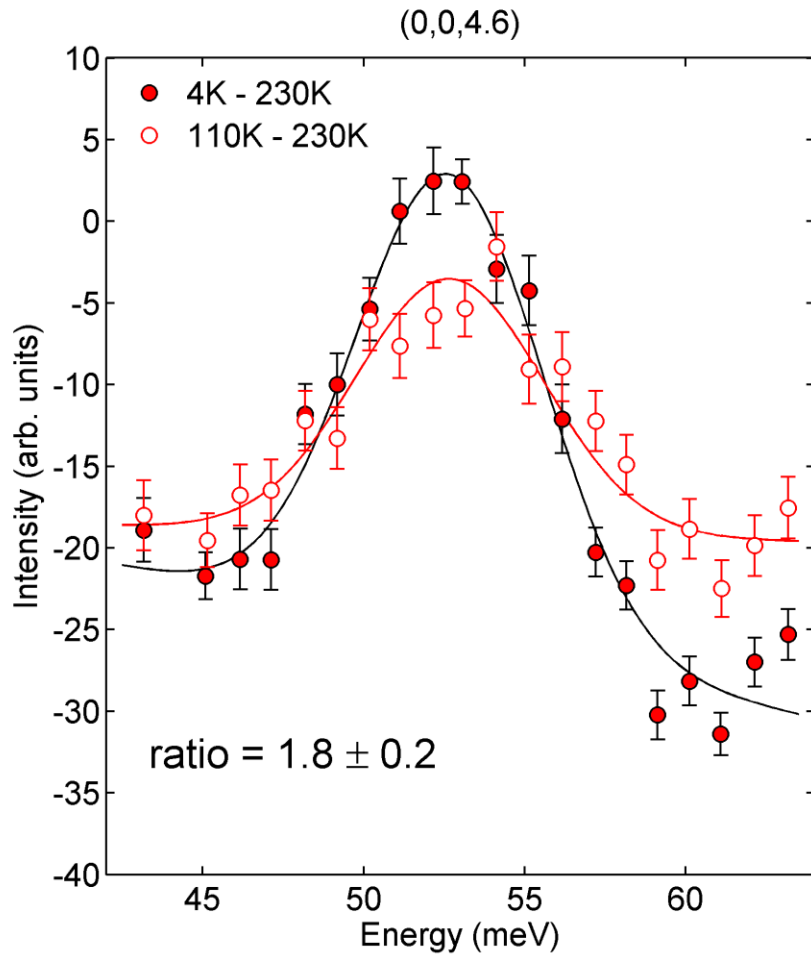


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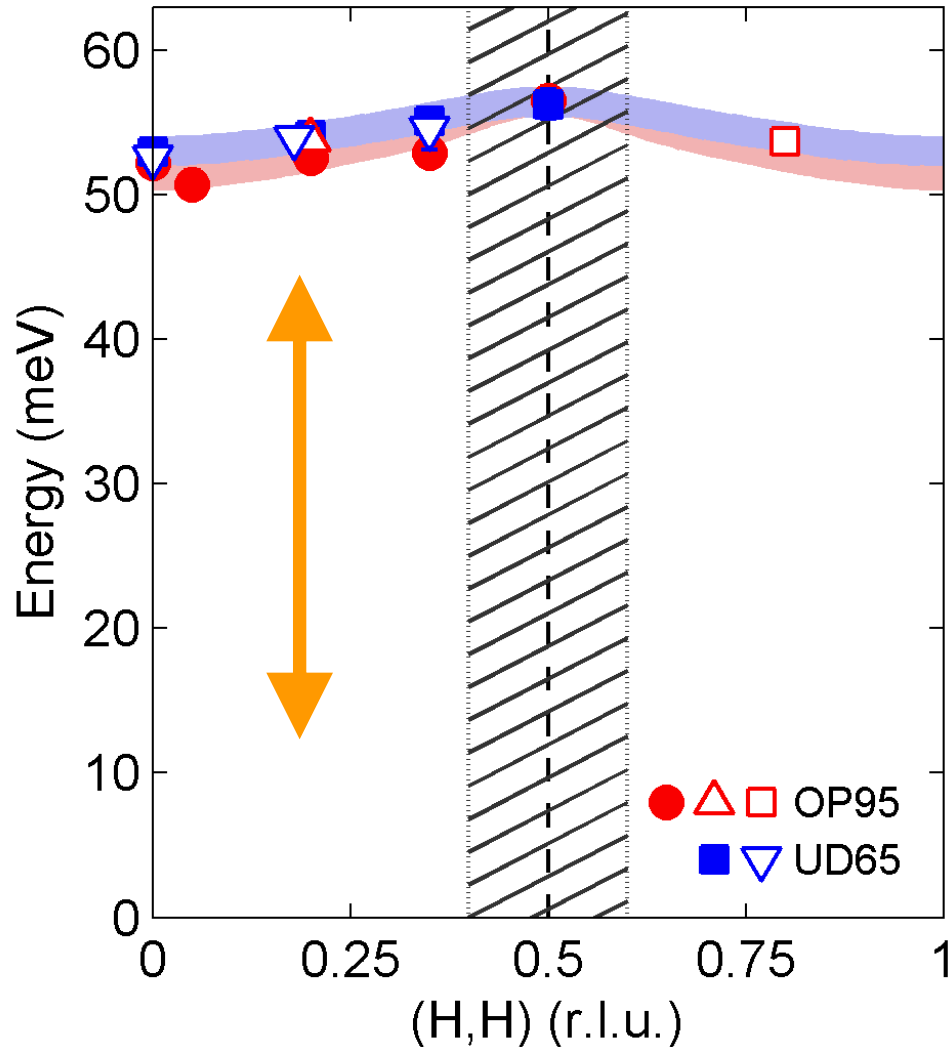


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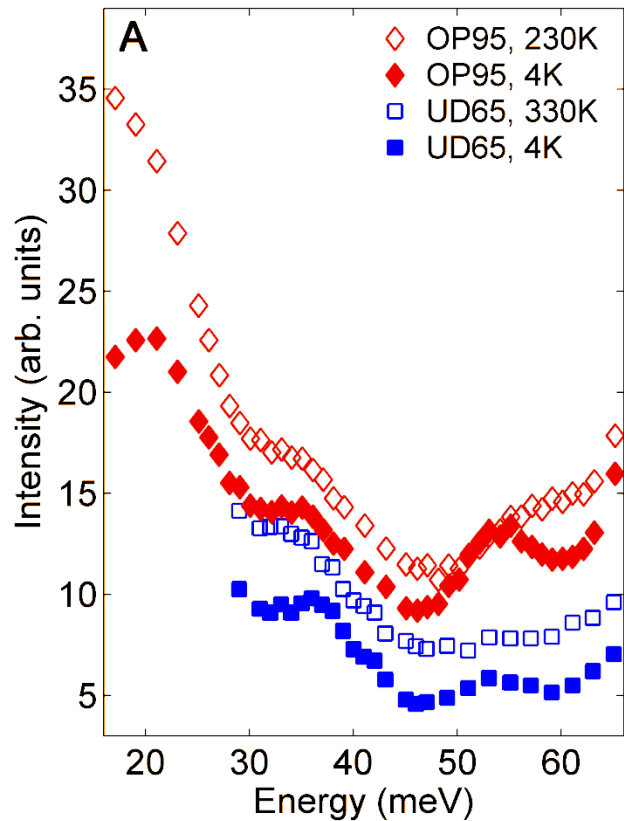


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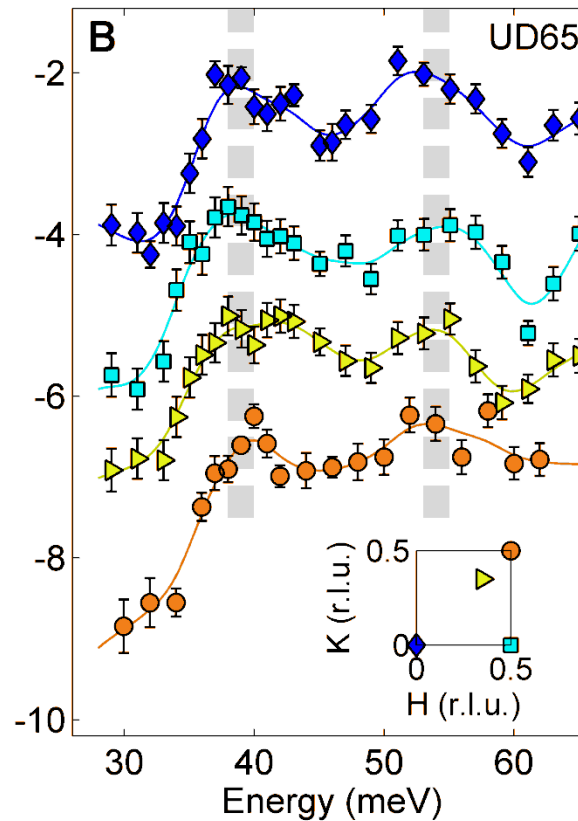


# A second mode at lower energy

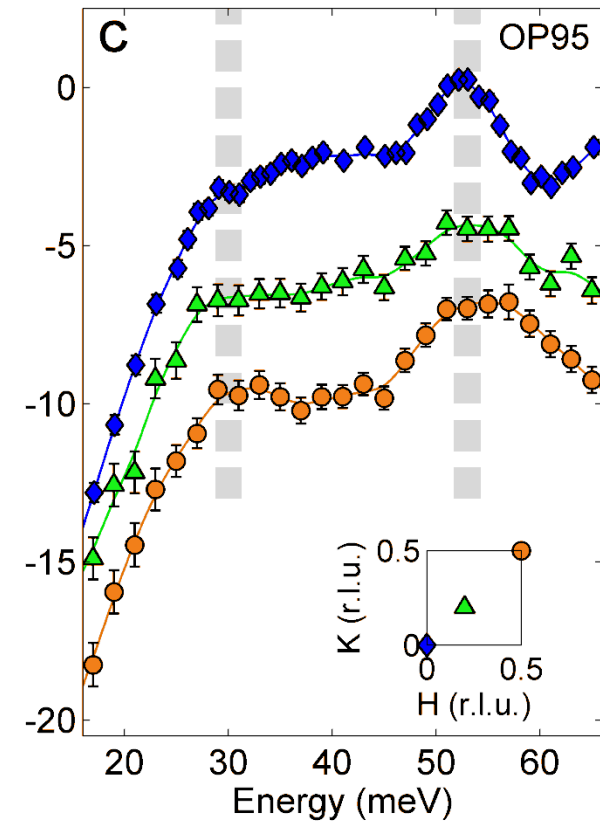
Raw data  
 $Q = (0, 0, 4.6)$



UD65, 4K – 330K

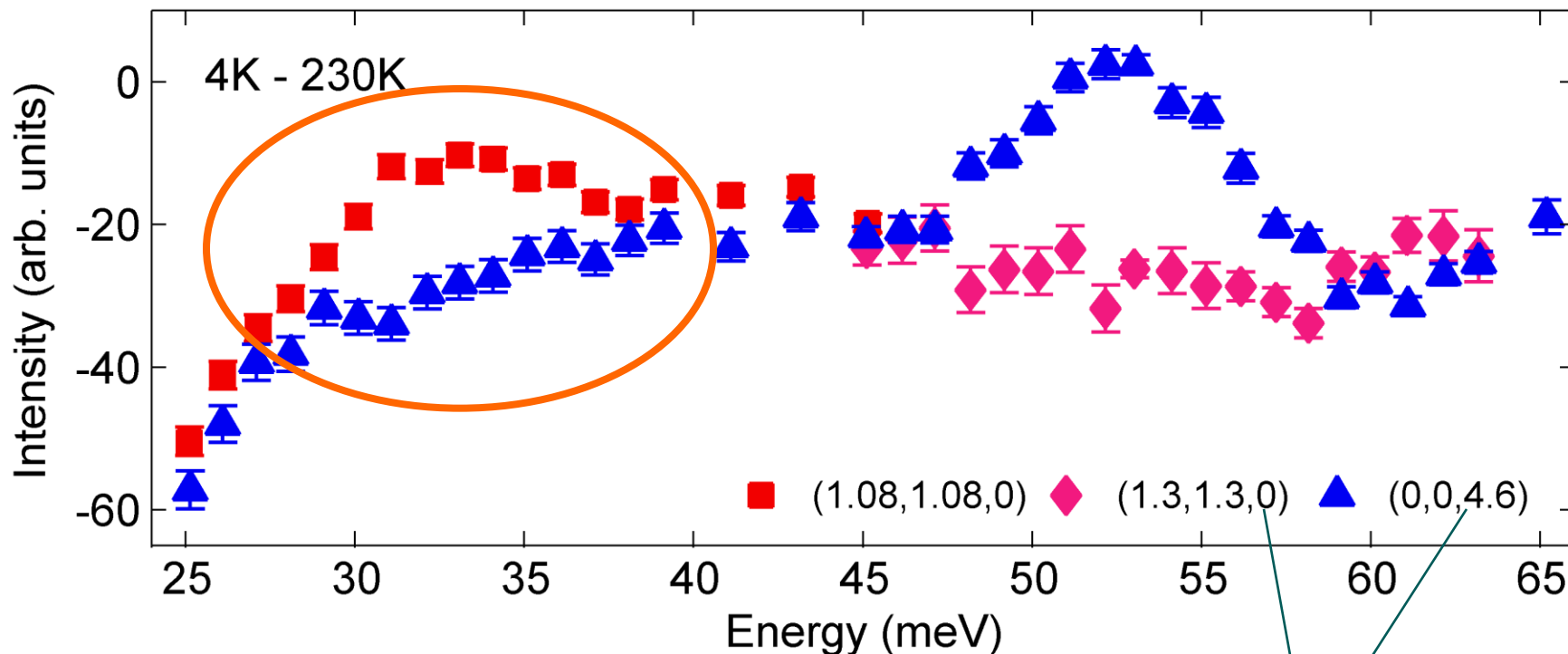


OP95, 4K – 230K



# Intriguing momentum “selection rule”

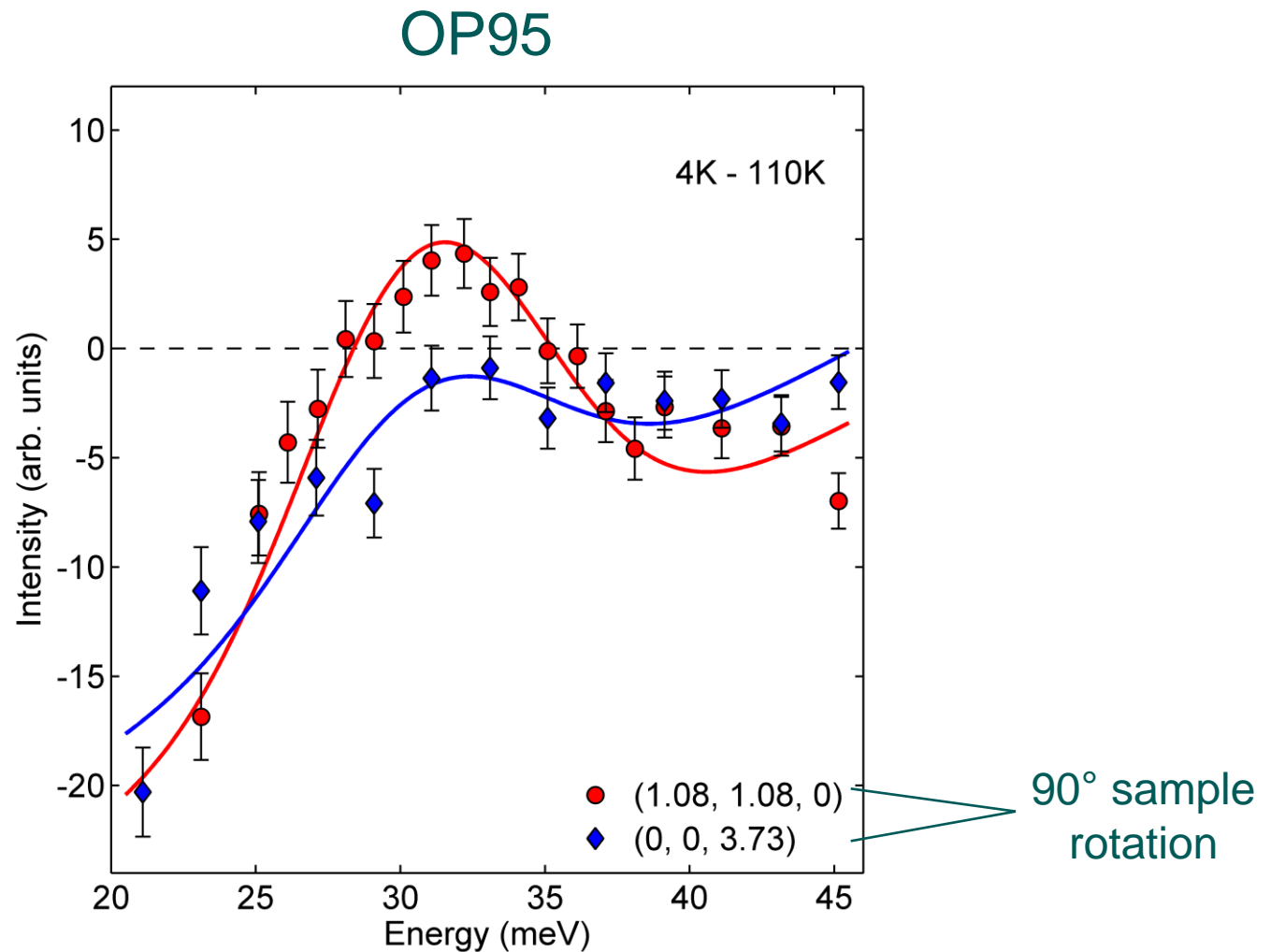
OP95



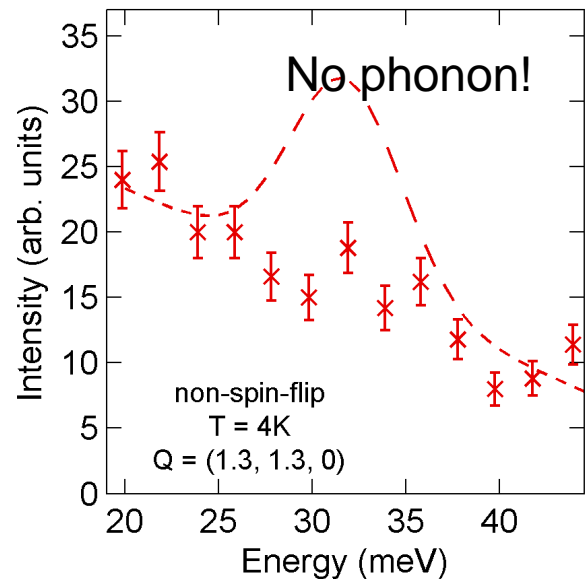
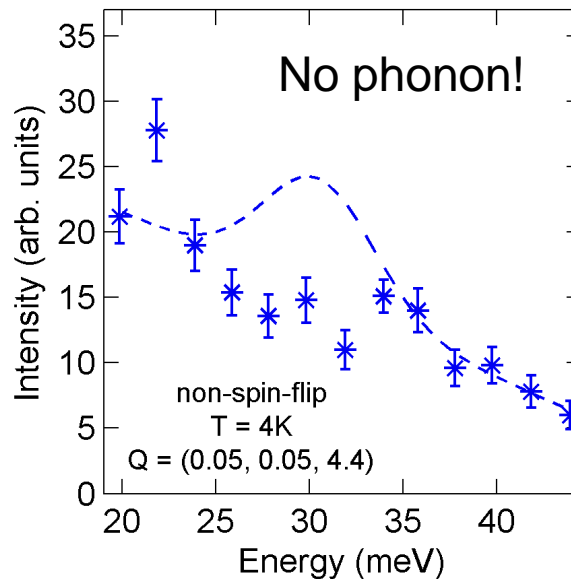
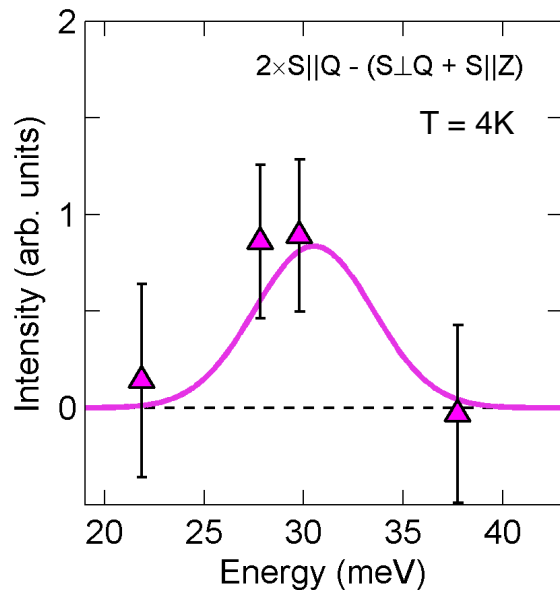
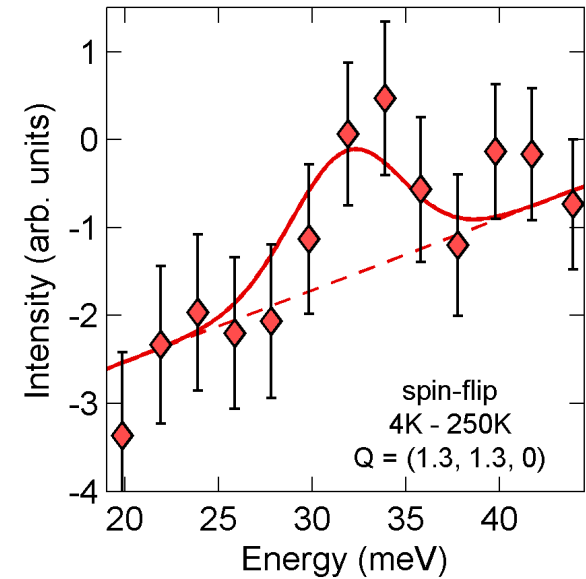
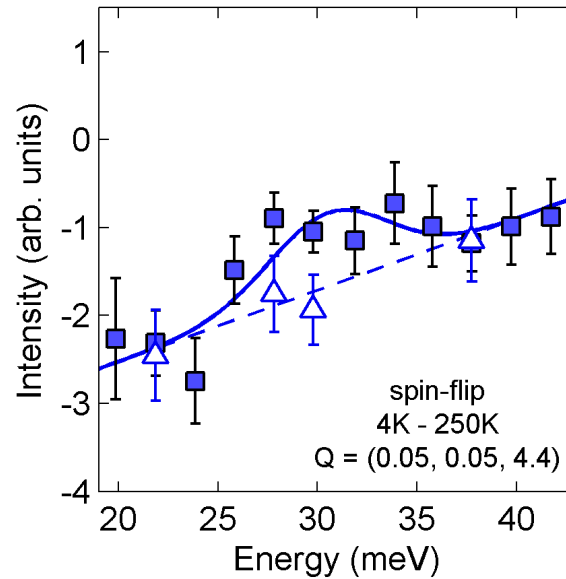
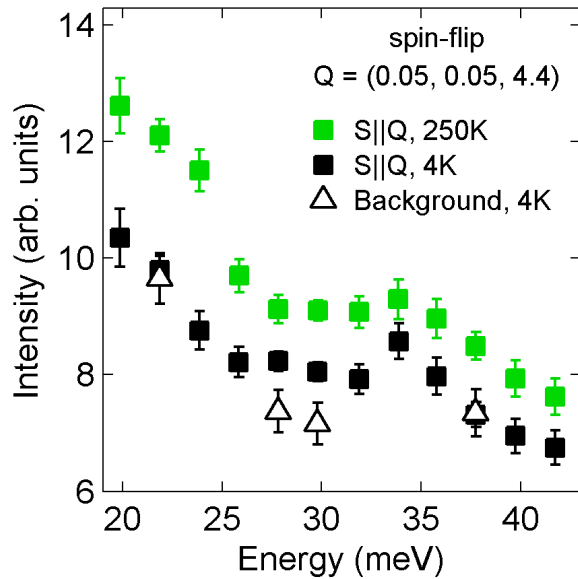
90° sample rotation



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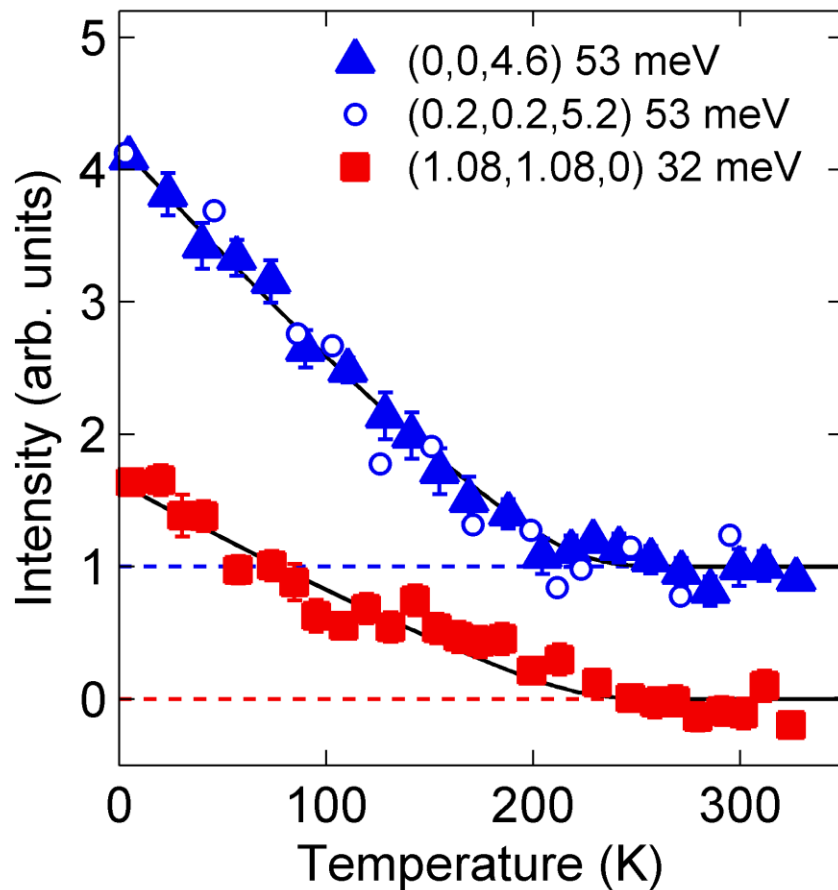


# Spin-polarized measurements

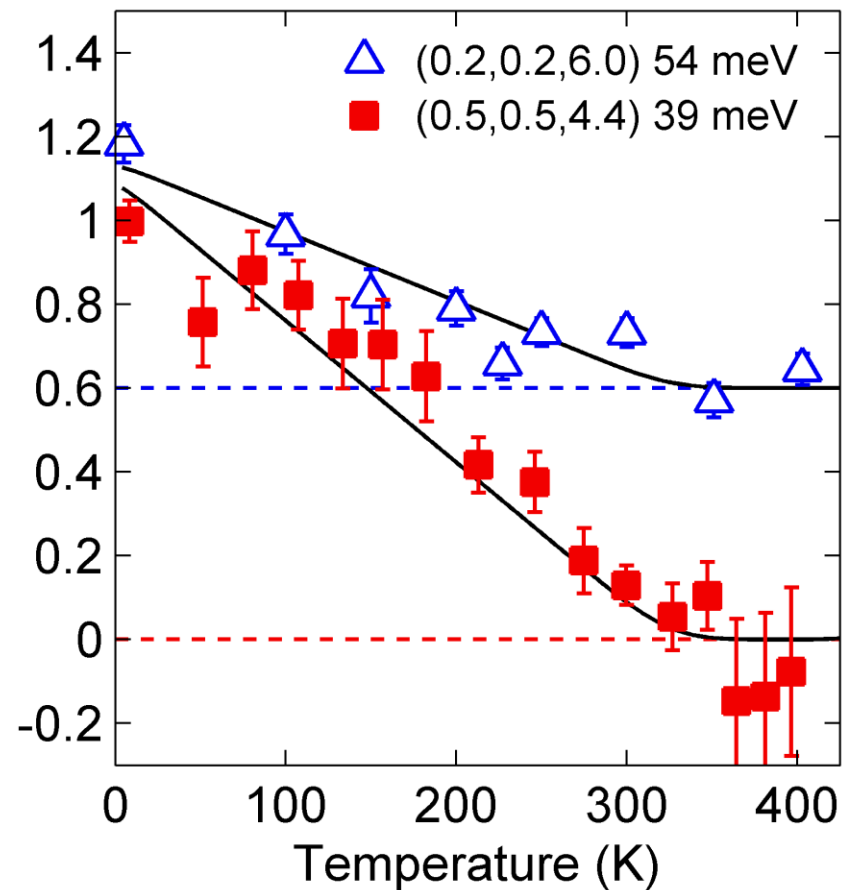


# Temperature dependence

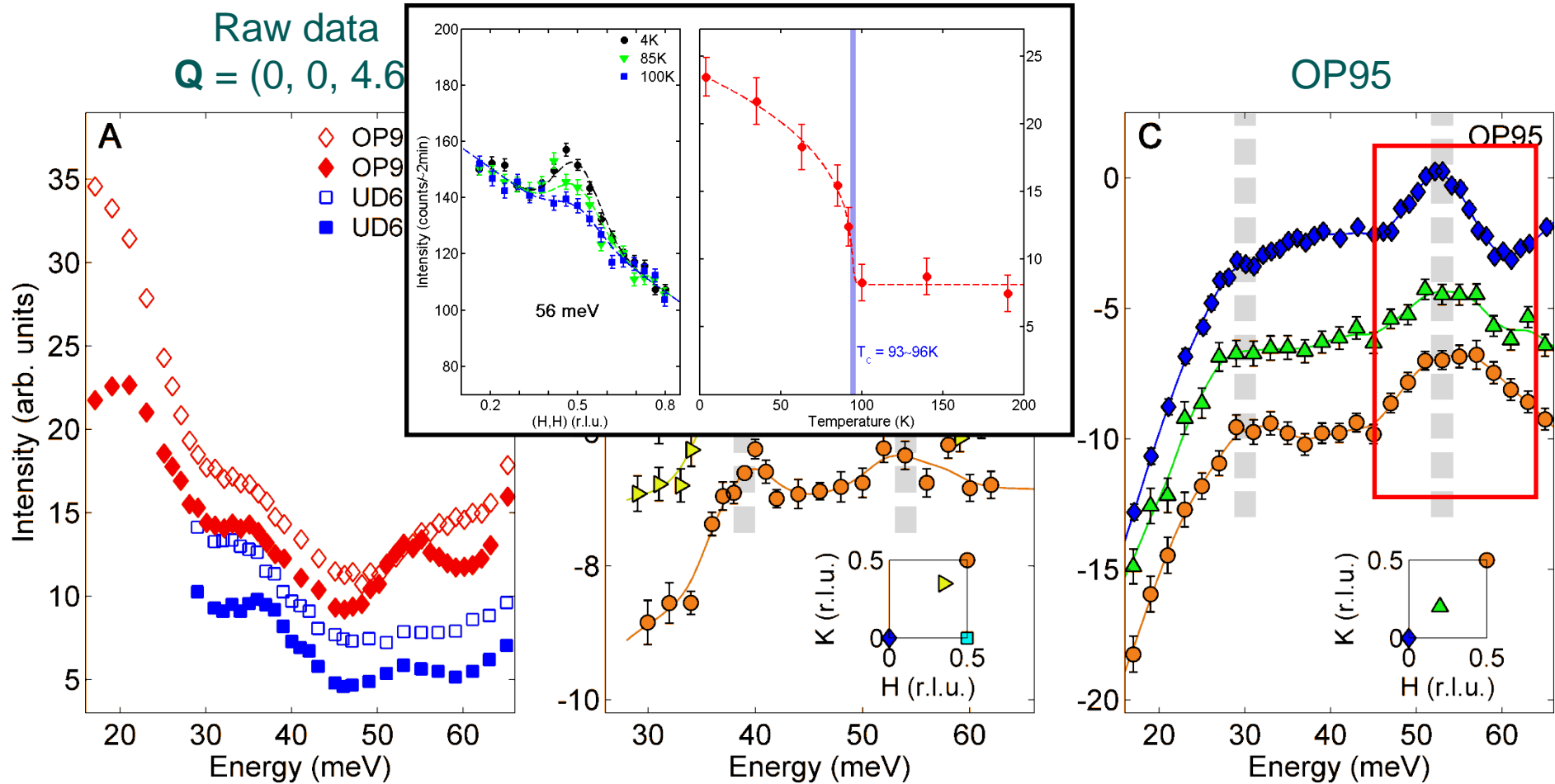
## OP95



## UD65

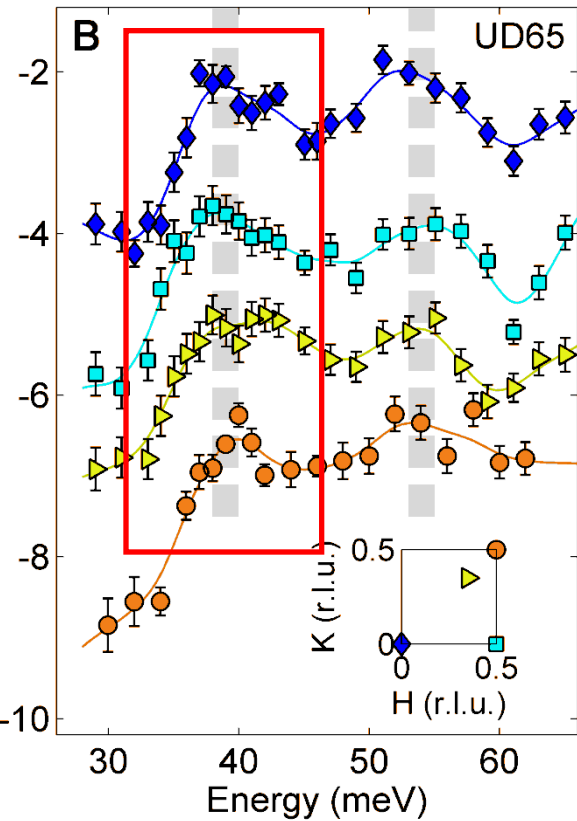


# Connection to ( $\pi, \pi$ )

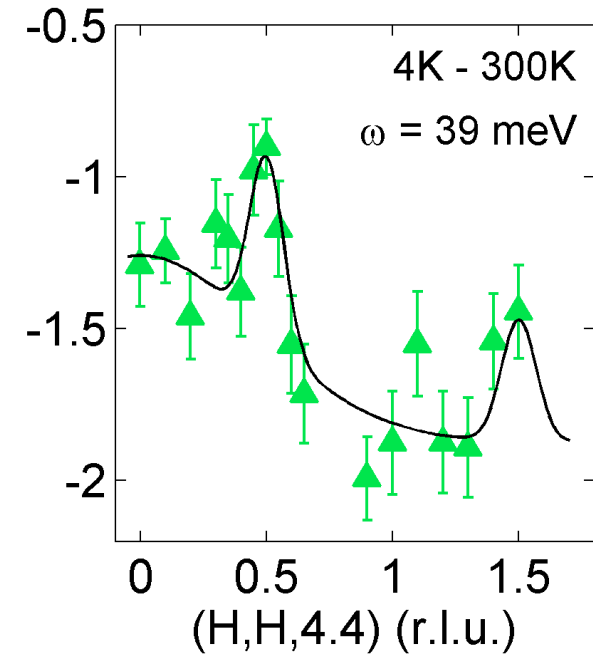
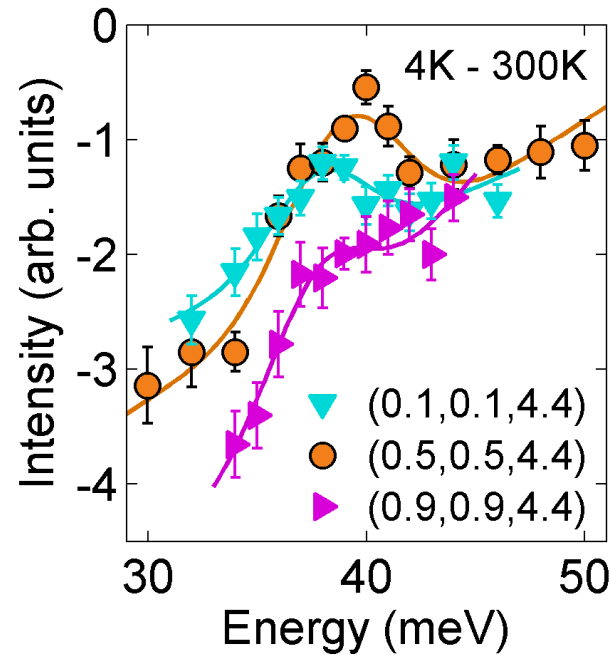


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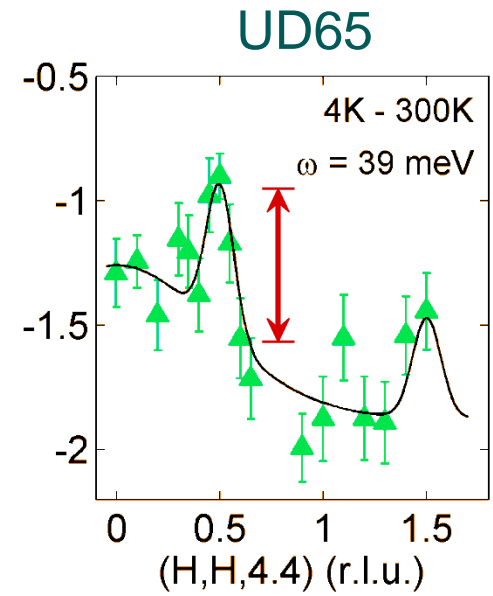
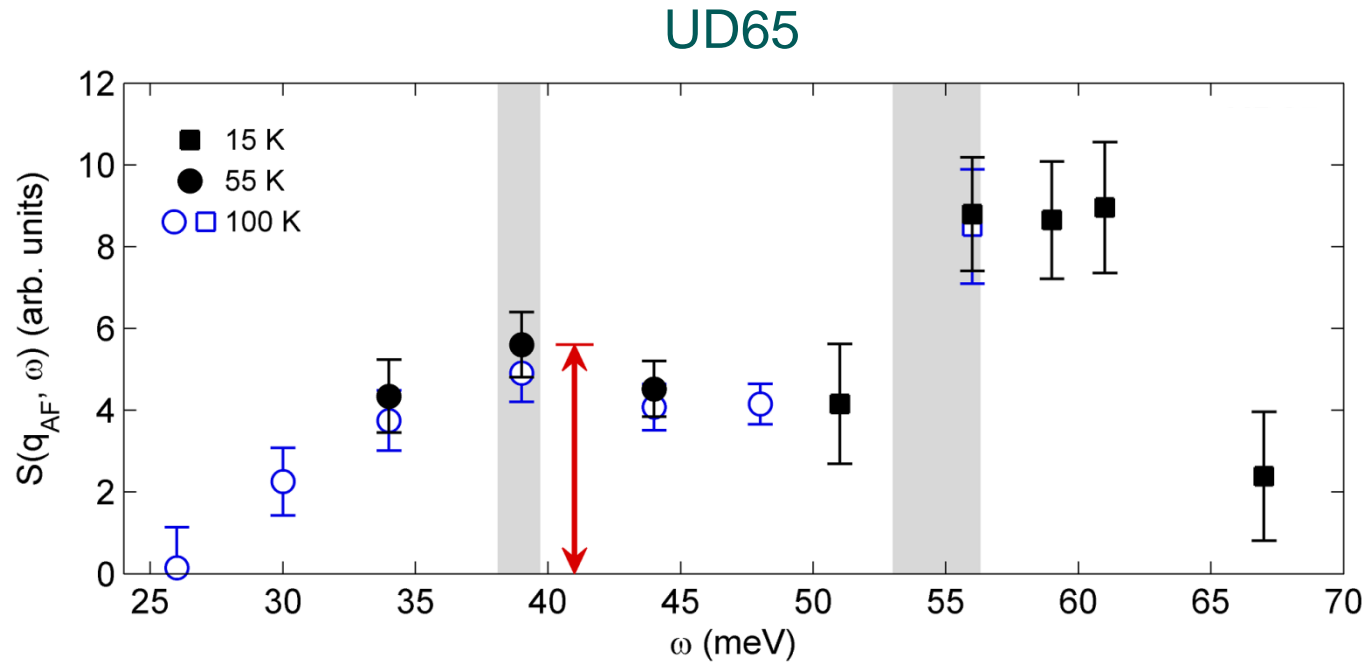
UD65



UD65

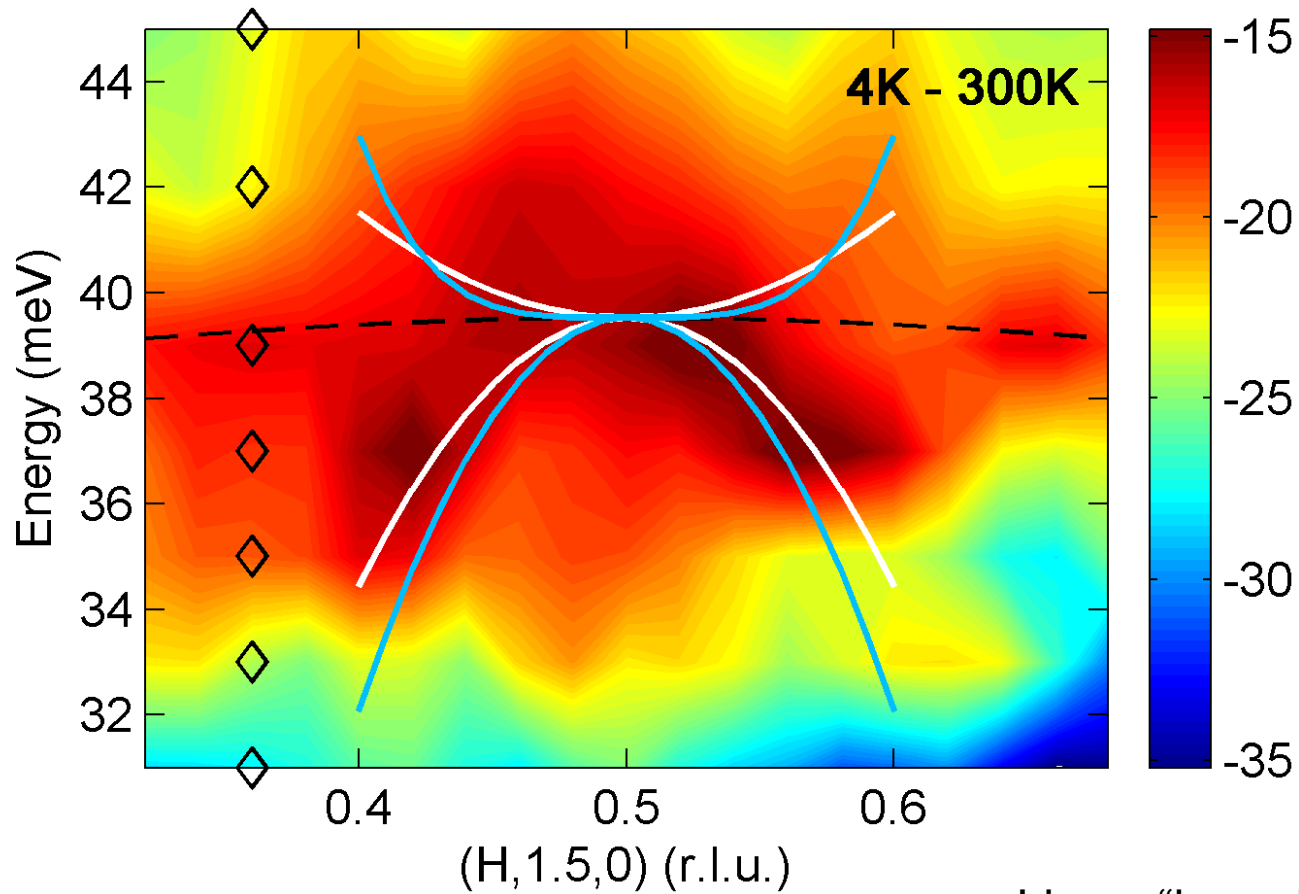


# Connection to $(\pi, \pi)$



# Connection to $(\pi, \pi)$

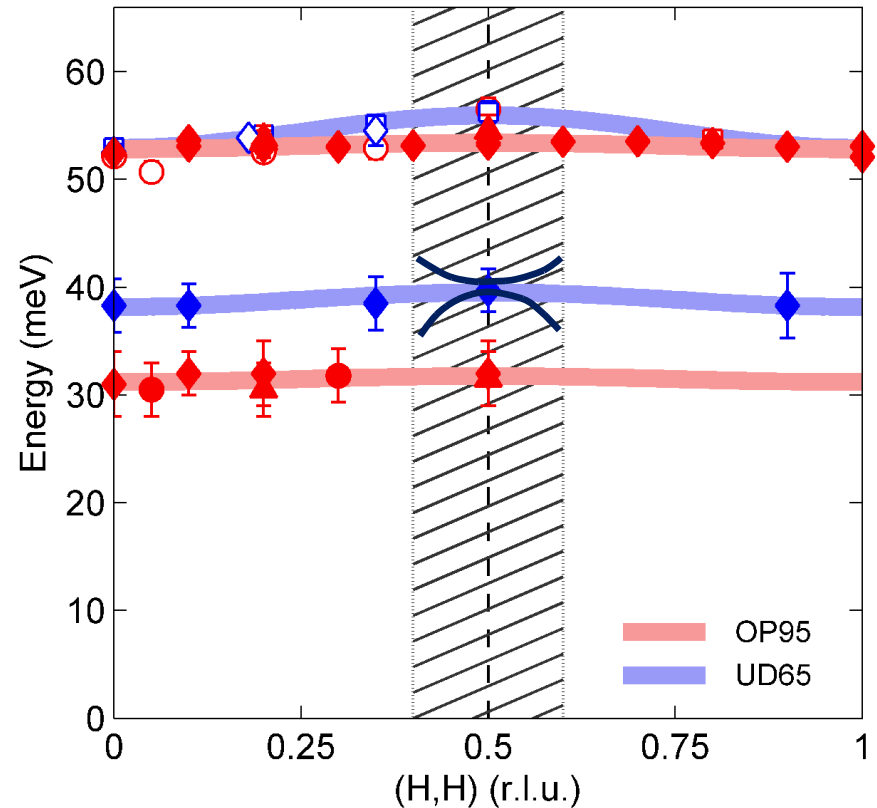
Sample: UD65



Lines: “hourglass” in YBCO

# INS summary

- Two weakly dispersing modes
- Confirmed to be magnetic
- Appear below  $T^*$
- One mode softens with doping
- “Connected” to signal maxima at  $(\pi, \pi)$



Y. Li et al., Nature **468**, 283 (2010)

Y. Li et al., unpublished



# Outline

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- ▶ The pseudogap phase in high- $T_c$  cuprates
- ▶ Magnetic excitations measured by neutron scattering

## 2. Results

- ▶ Discovery of unusual magnetic excitations
- ▶ First branch:  $\sim 53$  meV
- ▶ Second branch: 30 – 40 meV
- ▶ Relation to antiferromagnetic fluctuations

## 3. Discussion

# Relation with the pseudogap order

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Order



Excitation

Lattice with single-atom u.c.

Acoustic phonons

Lattice with multi-atom u.c.

Acoustic + optical phonons

Antiferromagnetic order  
at  $\mathbf{q}_{\text{AF}} = (1/2, 1/2)$

From  $\mathbf{q}_{\text{AF}}$  and  $\omega = 0$   
( $\omega_{\text{max}} \sim 2J$ )

“Hidden” magnetic order  
at  $q = 0$

From  $q = 0$  and **finite**  $\omega$   
**Two** modes with **one**  $\text{CuO}_2$ -layer

# Theoretical model

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Multi-band models which allow for  $n > 1$  magnetic centers in the unit cell

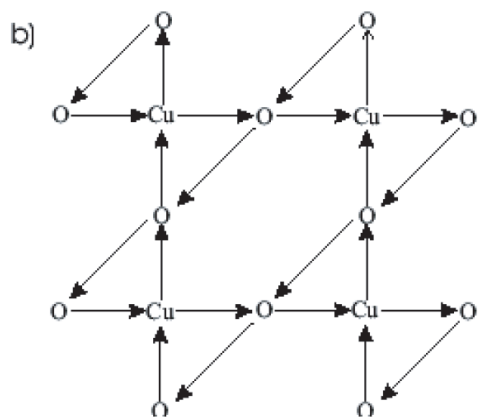
Intra-unit-cell decorated magnetic ground state

Excitations from finite  $\omega$   
(analogue to optical phonons)

“Hidden” magnetic order  
at  $q = 0$

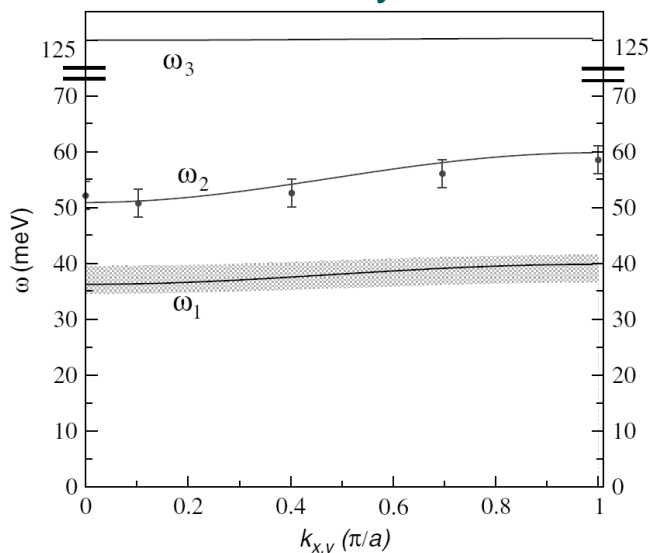
From  $q = 0$  and **finite**  $\omega$   
**Two** modes with **one**  $\text{CuO}_2$ -layer

# Orbital-current-loop theory

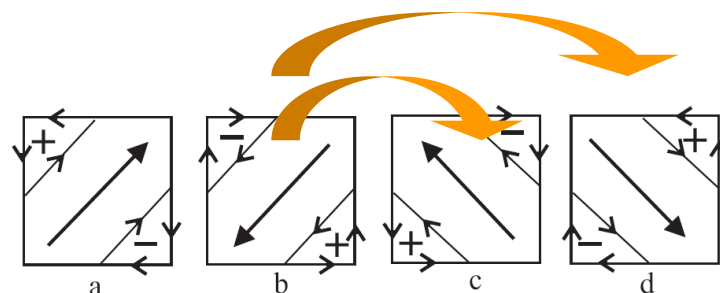


C.M. Varma, PRB (1997, 2006)

theory

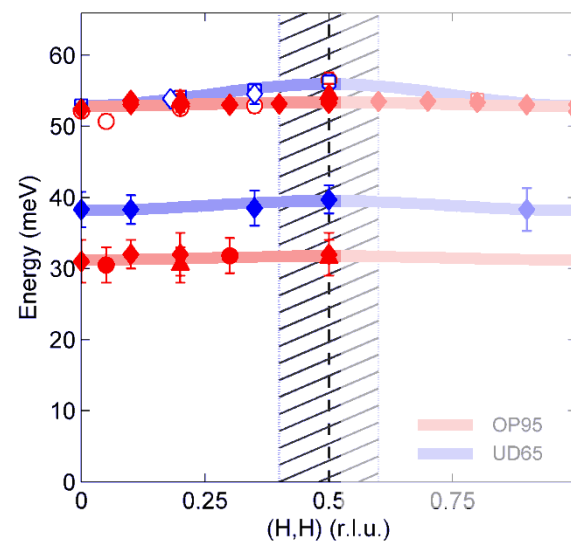


Y. He and C.M. Varma, PRL **106**, 147001 (2011)

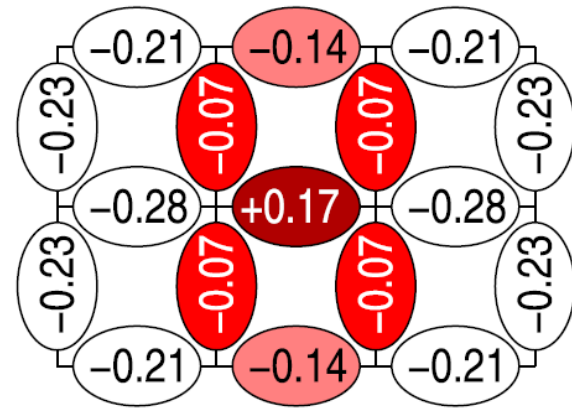
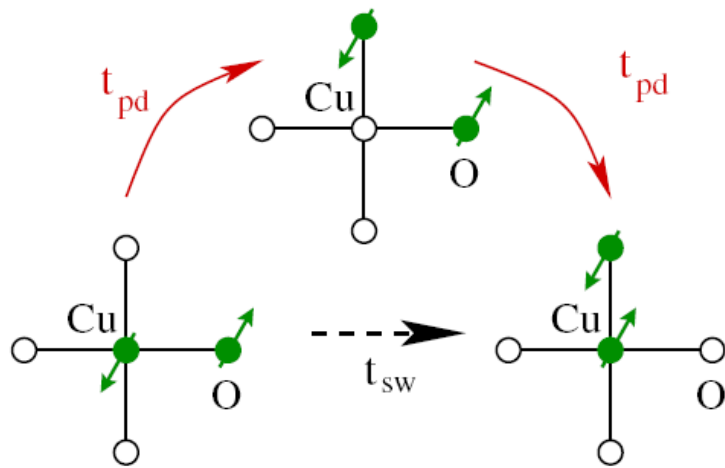


Classical ground states with Ising-like symmetry

experiment



# Multi-band spin model



Numbers indicate Cu-Cu spin correlation via O bonds in the  $q=0$  lowest-energy state: singlet= -0.75, AFM= -0.33, triplet= +0.25

B. Lau, M. Berciu & G.A. Sawatzky, PRL **106**, 036401 (2011)

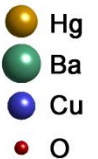
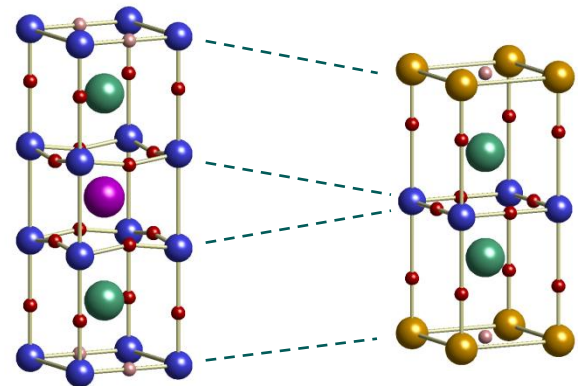
poster session

# Summary

- Demonstration of universality of  $q = 0$  pseudogap order in Hg1201
- Observation of two weakly dispersing magnetic modes in the pseudogap phase of a single-layer system
- Experimental results consistent with orbital-current-loop theory
- General need for a multi-band description of the high- $T_c$  cuprates

## Ongoing effort

- Test of universality in  $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_{6+x}$



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